

Supplementary materials

Rational Design of Polyamine-Based Cryogels for Metal Ions Sorption

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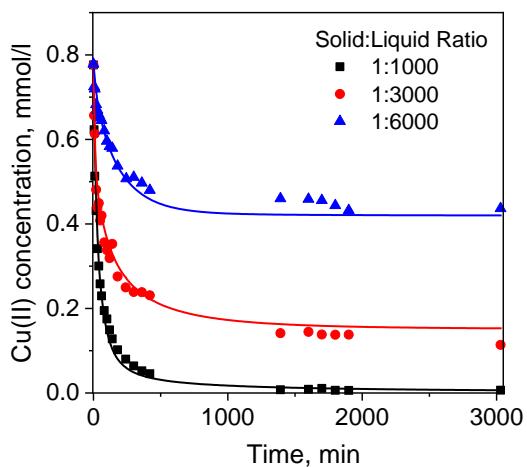


Figure 1S. Kinetic curves of Cu(II) ions sorption on fines of PEI cryogel cross-linked with DGEBD at molar ratio DGEEB:PEI 1:4, pH=5, T=25°C, initial Cu(II) concentration 0.78 mmol/l.

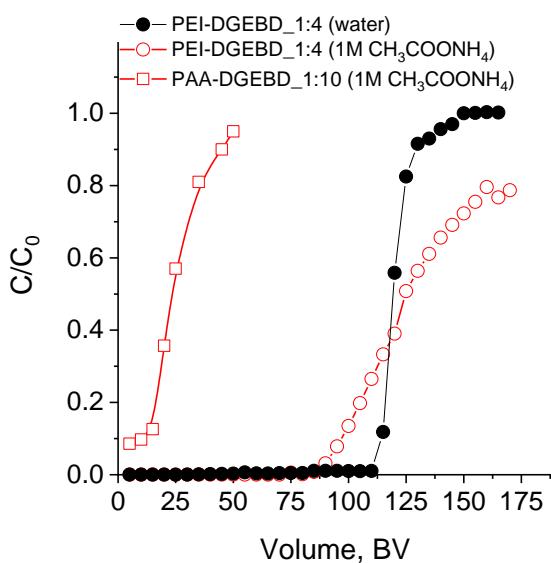


Figure 2S. Breakthrough curves of Cu(II) ions sorption on PEI and PAA monolith cryogels from water and 1M CH₃COONH₄ solution, initial Cu(II) concentration (C₀) is 100 mg/l, pH=5, flow rate is 84 BV/h, monolith volume is 1 ml

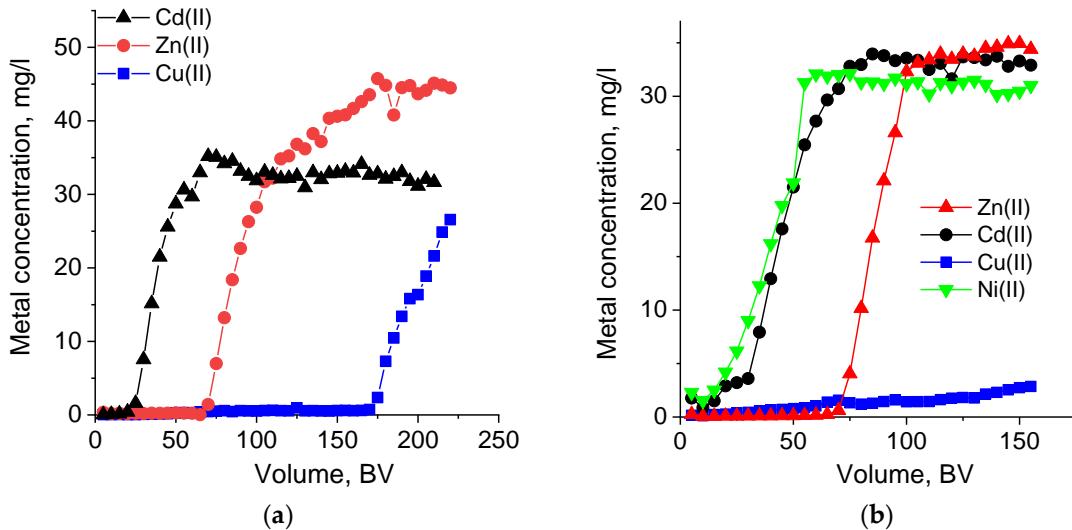
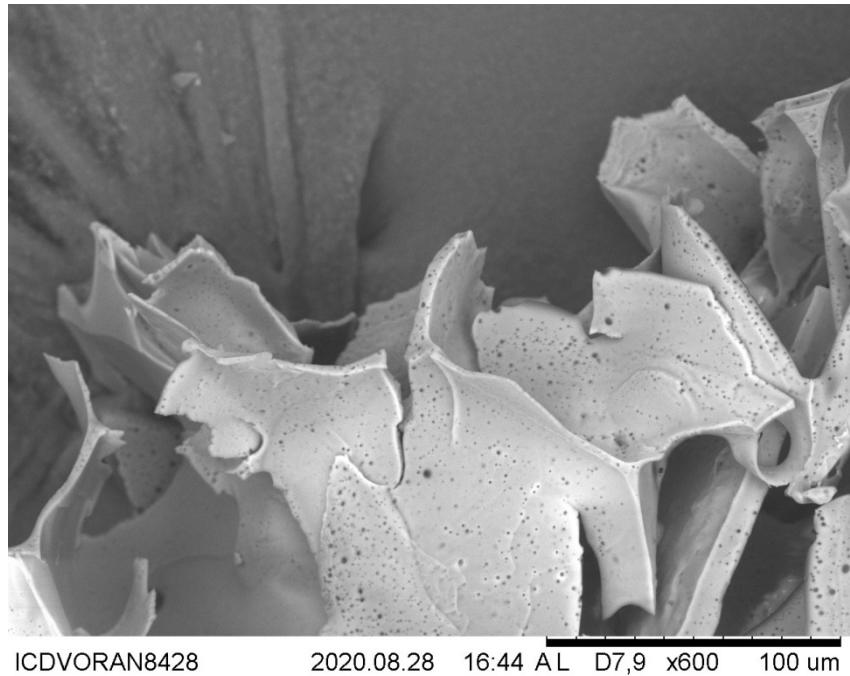


Figure 3S. Breakthrough curves of Zn(II), Cd(II), and Cu(II) ions sorption on PEI-DGEBD 1:4 cryogel from three-component mixture in water, pH 5, initial metal concentrations were 51 mg/l, 39 mg/l and 30 mg/l, respectively (a). Breakthrough curves of Zn(II), Cd(II), Cu(II), and Ni(II) ions on PAA-DGEBD 1:8 cryogel from four-component mixture in water, pH 5, initial metal concentrations were 35 mg/l, 34 mg/l, 29 mg/l, and 32 mg/l, respectively (b). Column parameters for (a) and (b): diameter is 0.48 cm, bed length is 6 cm, flow rate is 84 BV/h.



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2020.08.28 16:44 AL D7,9 x600 100 µm

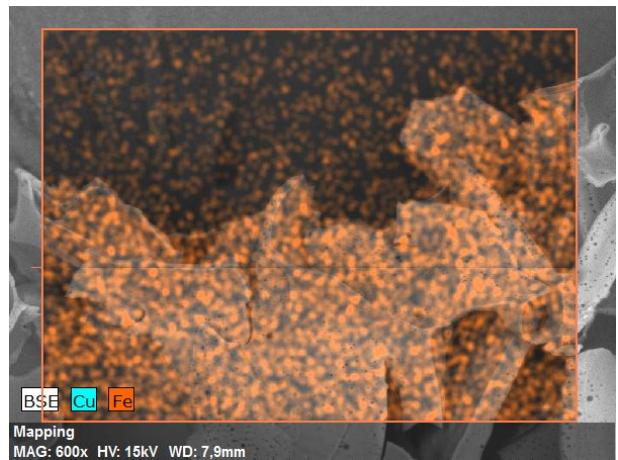
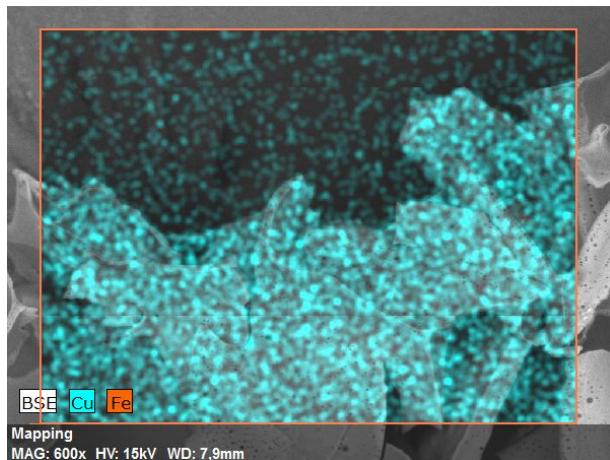


Figure 4S. SEM images and EDX mapping for CuFCN/PEI composite cryogel fabricated in situ

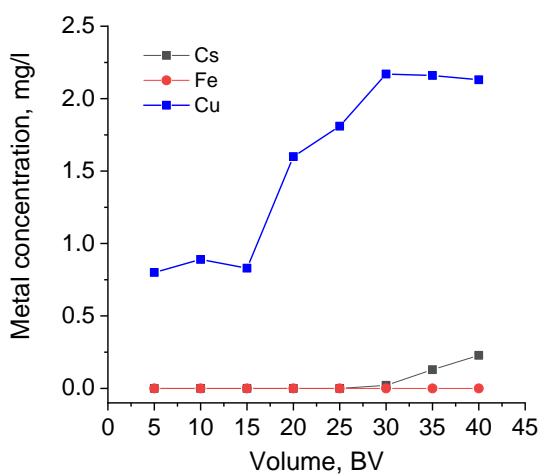


Figure 5S. Breakthrough curve of Cs^+ ions sorption on CuFCN/PAA (precipitation) cryogel from CsCl solution containing 20 mg Cs/l ($\text{pH}\sim 6$) and release of $\text{Cu}(\text{II})$ and $\text{Fe}(\text{III})$ species to outlet solution, monolith composite volume is 1 ml, flow rate is 84 BV/h.

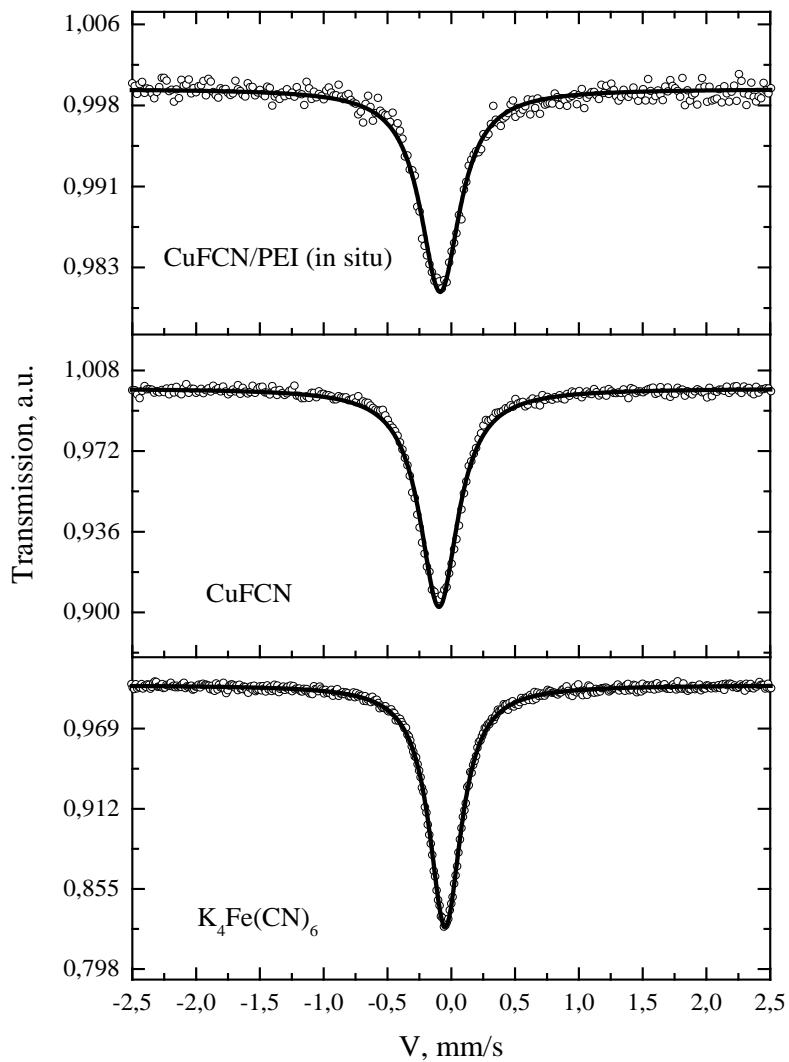


Figure 6S. Mössbauer spectra of CuFCN/PEI (in situ), CuFCN, $K_4Fe(CN)_6$ samples: dots are experimental data, lines are spectra fits obtained with the WinNormos program

The Mössbauer spectra were obtained at room temperature using a Wissel spectrometer in transmission geometry and a $^{57}\text{Co}(\text{Rh})$ source. The Mössbauer spectra were fitted using the WinNormos program in order to obtain the values of isomer shift (δ), quadrupole splitting (Δ), linewidth (Γ) and relative sub-spectrum area (see Table 4S). The velocity scale was calibrated using the spectrum of metallic iron ($\alpha\text{-Fe}$). The value of isomer shifts was determined relative to the center of gravity of the $\alpha\text{-Fe}$ spectrum.

Table 1S. Cross-linking conditions for PAA and PEI cryogels fabrication and cryogels characteristics

Molar ratio DGEBD:polymer	Weight of 5% polymer solution, g	Weight of DGEBD, g	Maximal flow rate, BV/h	Static sorption capacity for Cu(II) ions, mg/g
PEI				
1:1	10	1.3271	377	105
1:2	10	0.6635	443	121
1:4	10	0.3317	485	172
1:6	10	0.2211	9	221
PAA				
1:2	10	1.4784	307	63
1:4	10	0.7392	485	175
1:6	10	0.4928	485	162
1:8	10	0.3696	485	190
1:10	10	0.2956	485	198
1:12	10	0.2461	485	214

Table 2S. Speciation of Cu(II) ionic forms in 1M CH₃COONH₄ solution and water. Calculations were performed using chemical equilibrium model Visual MINTEQ ver.3.0.

1M CH ₃ COONH ₄ , pH=5,		Water,	
Cu 100 mg/L (0.00156 M)		pH=5, Cu 100 mg/L (0.00156 M)	
Cu(II) forms	%	Cu(II) forms	%
Cu ⁺²	0.101	Cu ⁺²	98.806
[Cu(Acetate) ₂] (aq)	23.328	[Cu(NO ₃)] ⁺	0.371
[Cu(Acetate) ₃] ⁻	72.282	[Cu(OH)] ⁺	0.513
[Cu(NH ₃)] ⁺²	0.047	[Cu ₂ (OH)] ⁺³	0.013
[Cu(Acetate)] ⁺	4.236	[Cu ₂ (OH) ₂] ⁺²	0.297

Table 3S. Elemental analysis of CuFCN-containing cryogels (SEM-EDX data)

Polymer matrix (method of preparation)	Cu, at%	Fe, at %	Cu/Fe	Average
			Atomic Ratio	Cu/Fe atomic ratio
PAA-DGEBD 1:6 cryogel (in situ)	71.98	28.02	2.57	2.5±0.2
	72.18	27.82	2.59	
	69.10	30.90	2.23	
 PEI-DGEBD 1:4 cryogel (in situ)	66.37	33.63	1.97	2.0±0.3
	60.80	39.20	1.55	
	65.34	34.66	1.88	
	69.41	30.59	2.27	
	64.10	35.90	1.78	
	71.26	28.74	2.48	
	66.31	33.69	1.974	
	65.58	34.42	1.90	
	69.35	30.65	2.26	
 PAA-DGEBD 1:8 cryogel (precipitation)	65.10	34.90	1.86533	2.0±0.3
	66.56	33.44	1.99043	
	70.28	29.72	2.36474	

Table4S. Mossbauer parameters for Cu(II) ferrocyanide and composite, T=298K*

Compound	δ (mm/s)	Δ (mm/s)	Γ (mm/s)	Assignment
CuFCN/PEI (in situ)	-0.09	–	0.38	Low spin Fe(II)
CuFCN	-0.10	–	0.36	Low spin Fe(II)
K ₄ Fe(CN) ₆	-0.05	–	0.31	Low spin Fe(II)

^a isomer shift (δ), quadrupole splitting (Δ), linewidth (Γ). Values of δ are reported relative to α -Fe metal.
Fitting error in the values of δ , Δ and Γ remained below 0.01 mm/s.