

Supplementary Material (SM)

Smartphone-assisted colorimetric detection of glutathione and glutathione reductase activity in human serum and mouse liver using hemin/G-quadruplex DNAzyme

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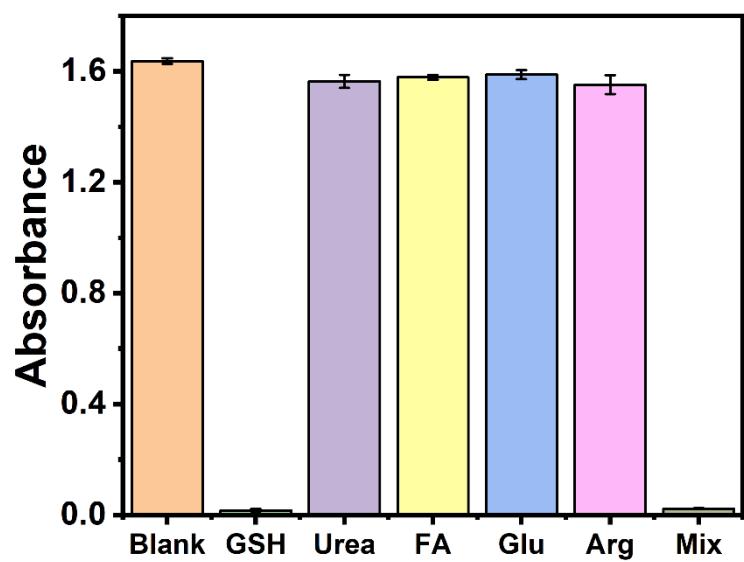


Figure S1. The absorbance at 420 nm of the sensing system in the presence of GSH and other potential interferences, including urea, folic acid (FA), glucose (Glu) and arginine (Arg). The error bars represent the standard deviations of three measurements.

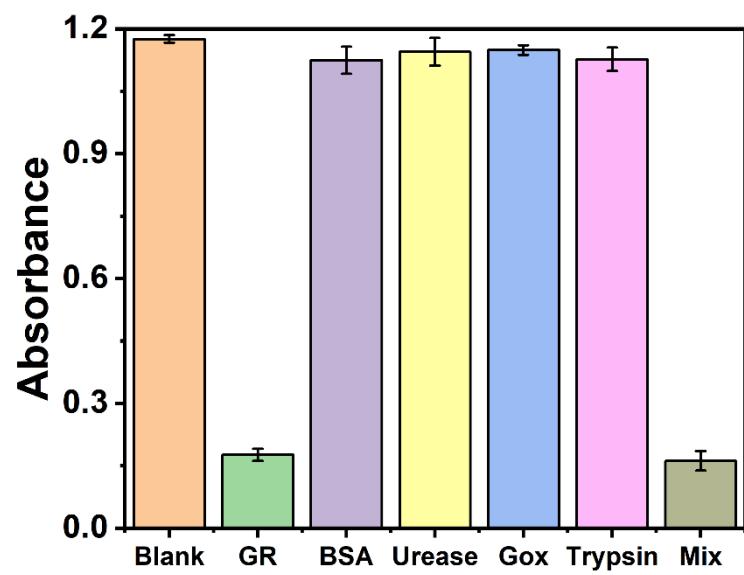


Figure S2. The absorbance at 420 nm of the sensing system in the presence of GR and other proteins/enzymes. The error bars indicate the standard deviations of three measurements.

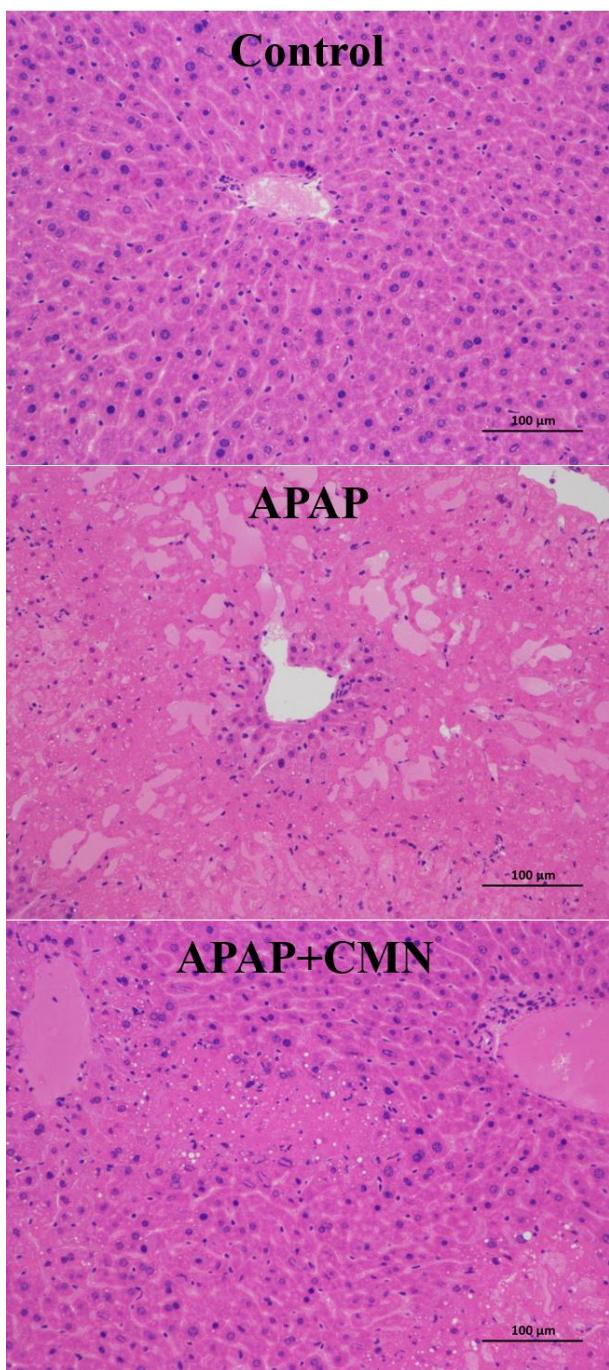


Figure S3. Histological changes of liver sections in different groups (HE stain $\times 200$).

Table S1. Comparison of the proposed sensing strategy with other GSH detection methods.

Detection methods	Linear range (μM)	LOD (μM)	Analysis time (min)	References
Fluorescence	0.1–20	0.05	30	1
Fluorescence	0–150	2.86	60	2
Luminescence	1–200	0.13	120	3
Fluorescence	1–10	0.3	3	4
Fluorescence	5–250	0.6	—	5
Fluorescence	0–10	0.434	90	6
Fluorescence	2–104	0.9	—	7
Fluorescence	0.5–6	0.38	30	8
Colorimetry	0.1–30	0.1	36	This work

Table S2. Comparison of the proposed sensing strategy with other GR detection methods.

Detection methods	Linear range (mU/mL)	LOD (mU/mL)	Analysis time (min)	References
Fluorescence	0.02–30	0.01	60	1
Fluorescence	0.05–2	–	1080	9
Fluorescence	0.2–2	0.2	1	10
Fluorescence	4–40	0.5	10	11
Fluorescence	0.1–2	0.05	18	12
Electrochemistry	5–100	5	12	13
Photoluminescence	0.34–17	0.34	–	14
Fluorescence	0.005–0.13	0.005	20	15
Colorimetry	0.05–100	0.01	36	This work

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