

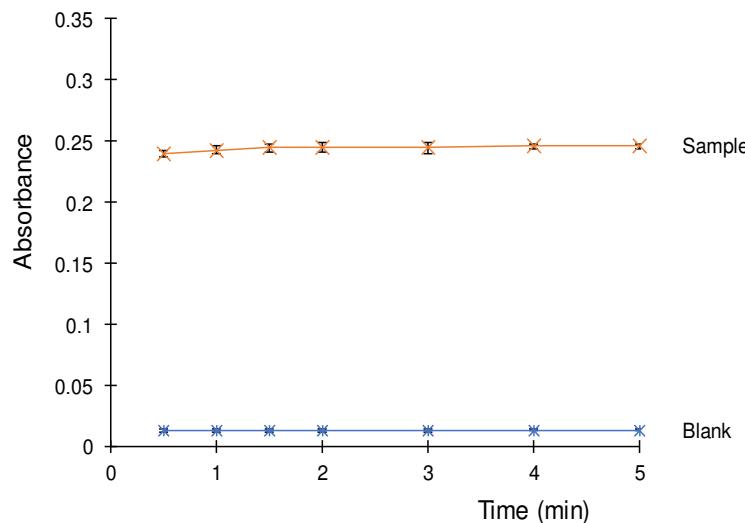
## Supplementary content

### A colorimetric method for the rapid estimation of the total cannabinoids content in cannabis samples

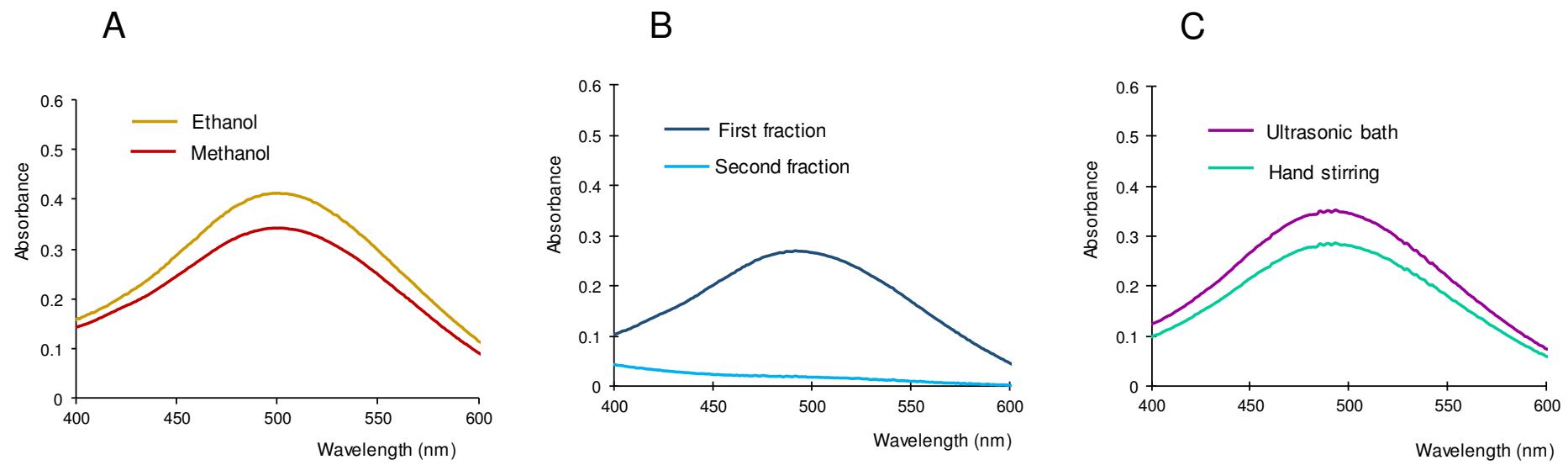
Neus Jornet-Martínez,<sup>1</sup>, Josep Biosca-Micó, Pilar Campíns-Falcó,<sup>1</sup>, Rosa Herráez-Hernández<sup>1</sup>

<sup>1</sup> MINTOTA Research Group, Departament de Química Analítica, Facultat de Química, Universitat de València, Dr. Moliner 50, 46100-Burjassot, Spain

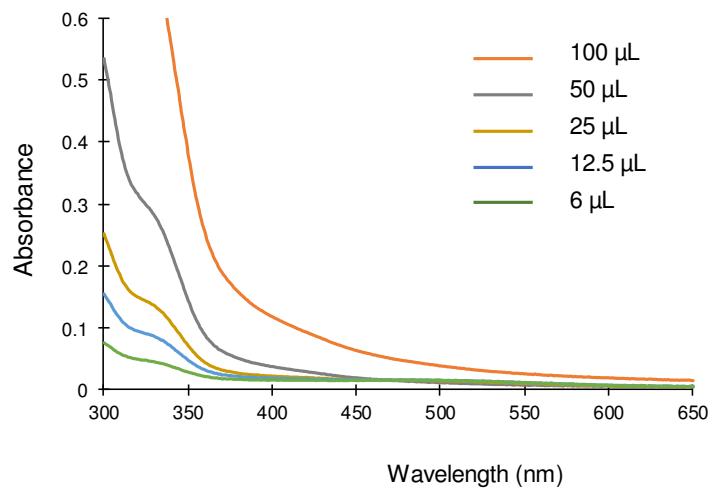
\* Correspondence: rosa.herraez@uv.es (R. H.-H.); Tel.: +34-96-3544978



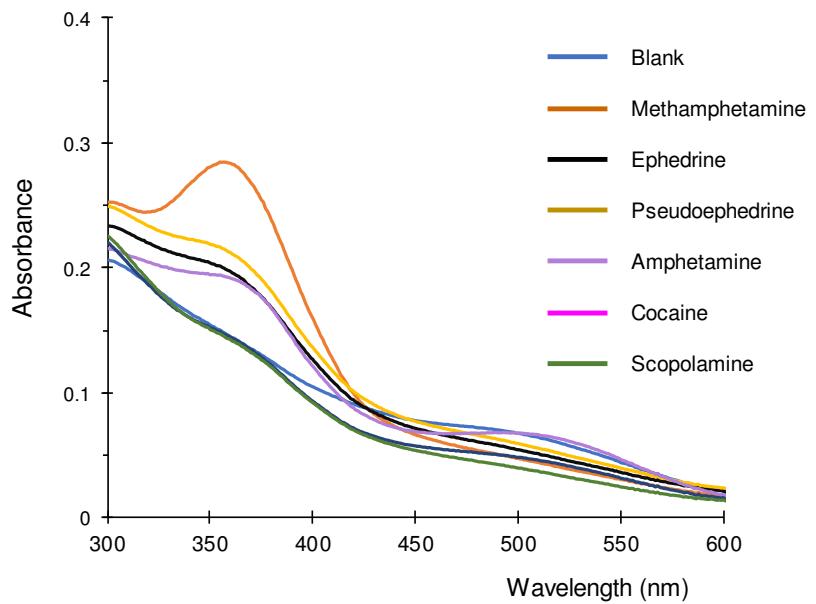
**Figure S1.** Variation of the absorbance at 500 nm with the time of reaction in the solution reaction approach for a sample (25 µL of methanolic extract of a cannabis plant sample + 175 µL of water) and for a blank (200 µL of water). For other experimental details, see text.



**Figure S2.** Spectra obtained for cannabinoids present in a cannabis sample: (A) extracts obtained with methanol and ethanol; (B) extracts obtained with two successive extractions with; (C) extracts obtained with ethanol by using ultrasonication and hand stirring for 10 min. For other experimental details, see text.



**Figure S3.** Spectra obtained in absence of FBB for different volumes of sample extract. Reaction media, sample extract + water up to 200 µL and 200 µL of 0.025 M NaOH. For other experimental details, see text.



**Figure S4.** Spectra obtained for different drugs derivatized with FBB under the solution reaction conditions.