

# Natural silkworm cocoon derived separator with Na-ion de-solvated function for sodium-metal batteries

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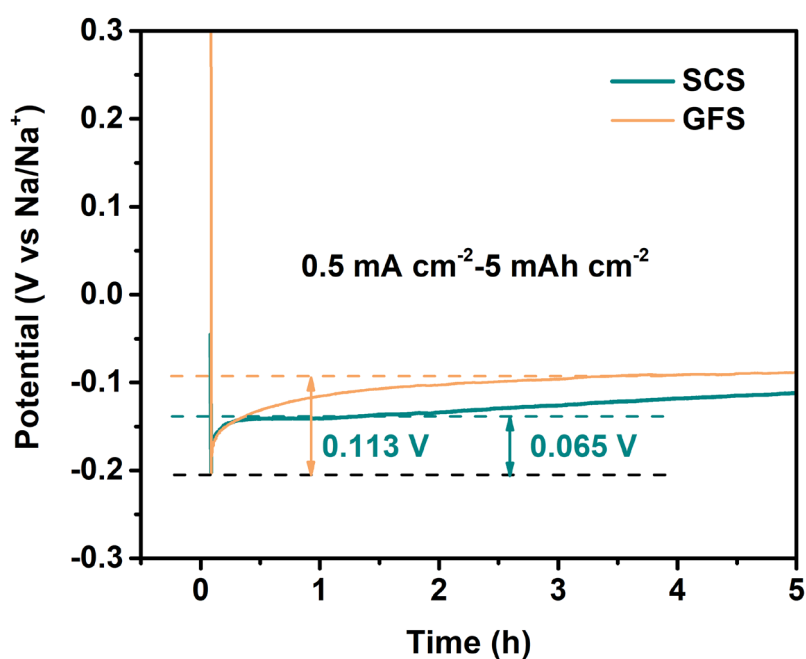
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**Figure S1.** Voltage-capacity curves of Cu | SCS | Na and Cu | GFS | Na asymmetric cell at a current density of 0.5 mA cm<sup>-2</sup>.

**Table S1.** Comparative table of electrochemical properties of cocoon based separators.

Silk cocoon treatment methods	Treatment effect	Battery type	Cathode material	Electrolyte composition	High rate performance (mAh g <sup>-1</sup> /C)	Cycle performance (mAh g <sup>-1</sup> /C/cycle number)	Ref.
-	-	LIBs	LiFePO <sub>4</sub>	[Emim]TFSI	~15/1	8/1/50	17
-	-	LIBs	LiFePO <sub>4</sub>	1 M LiPF <sub>6</sub> in EC:DMC (1:1 vol.)	~106.2/1	86/1/50	17
Stacking layers	Constructing gradient layers	LIBs	LiFePO <sub>4</sub>	1 M LiPF <sub>6</sub> in EC:EMC: DMC (1:1:1 vol.)	~130/1	116/1/100	18
Salt leaching	Manufacturing pore structure	LIBs	LiFePO <sub>4</sub>	1 M LiPF <sub>6</sub> in EC:DMC (1:1 vol.)	~66.9/2	56.9/2/55	19
Salt leaching	Manufacturing pore structure	LIBs	LiFePO <sub>4</sub>	1 M LiPF <sub>6</sub> in EC:DMC (1:1 vol.)	148/2	85/2/100	20
Lyophilization	Manufacturing into sponges	LIBs	LiFePO <sub>4</sub>	1 M LiPF <sub>6</sub> in EC:DMC (1:1 vol.)	99/2	~76/2/50	21
O <sub>2</sub> plasma	Increasing fiber roughness and oxygenated functional groups	LIBs	LiFePO <sub>4</sub>	1 M LiPF <sub>6</sub> in EC:DMC (1:1 vol.)	96.7/5	44.4/5/55	22
Boiling	Removing sericin	SMBs	Na <sub>3</sub> V <sub>2</sub> (PO <sub>4</sub> ) <sub>3</sub>	1 M NaClO <sub>4</sub> in EC:DEC (1:1 vol.)	79.3/10	74.2/10/1000	This work

**Footnote:** [Emim]TFSI: 1-ethyl-3-methylimidazolium bis(trifluoromethylsulfonyl)imide; EC: ethylene carbonate; DMC: dimethyl carbonate; EMC: ethyl methyl carbonate; DEC: diethyl carbonate.

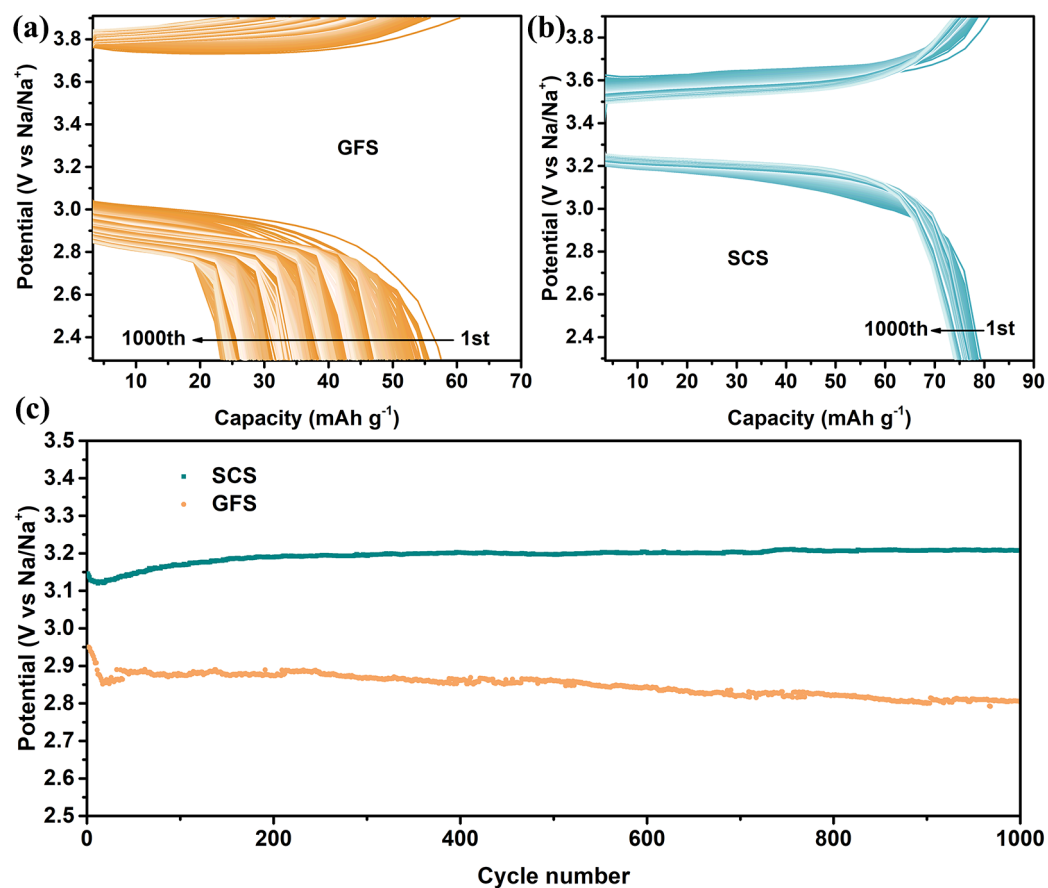
**Table S2.** Summary table of structural parameters of SCS sample.

Index	2 $\theta$ (°)	FWHM	Area (%)	D (nm)
(100)	9.1	4.15	10.51	1.93
(210)	20.5	3.74	51.08	2.25
(002)	23.0	6.53	37.34	1.31
(300)	29.4	2.15	1.08	4.15

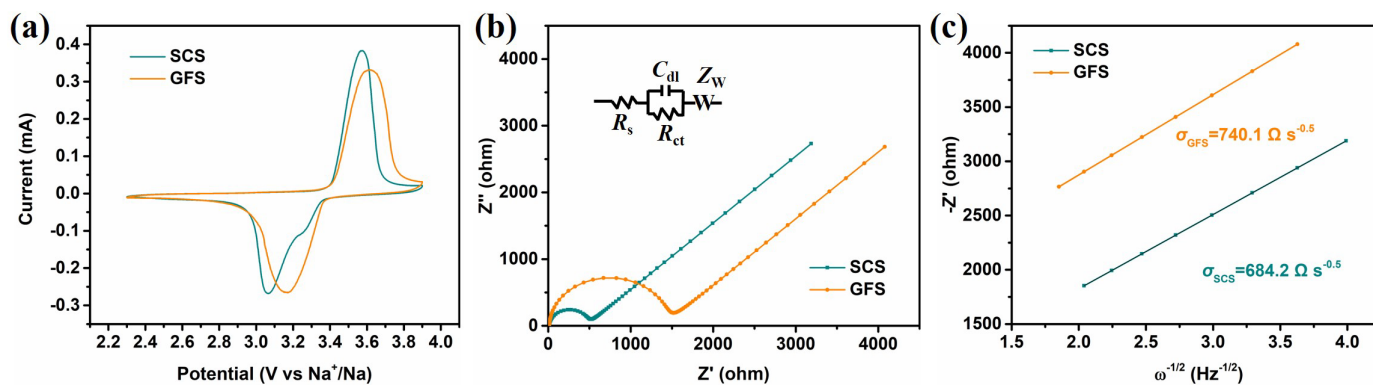
**Footnotes:** 2 $\theta$ : angle of diffraction; FWHM: half-peak width; D: Average thickness of grains in the direction perpendicular to the grain surface.

**Table S3.** Parameters reported for EIS curves fitted by equivalent circuits.

Sam- ple	$R_s$ ( $\Omega$ )	$CPE1$ (S sec <sup>n</sup> )	$R_{ct}$ ( $\Omega$ )	$CPE2$ (S sec <sup>n</sup> )	$R_{CPE}$ ( $\Omega$ )	$C_{dl}$ (F)	$R_{dl}$ ( $\Omega$ )	Meas- ure er- rors in Z	Chi- squared
GFS- Ini- tial	4.9	2.2×10 <sup>-6</sup>	205.7	1.7×10 <sup>-4</sup>	42.1	3.0×10 <sup>-6</sup>	0.8	<4.1%	1.7×10 <sup>-3</sup>
GFS- Final	4.9	2.2×10 <sup>-6</sup>	194.2	4.6×10 <sup>-5</sup>	55.0	8.9×10 <sup>-6</sup>	118 0	<3.8%	1.5×10 <sup>-3</sup>
SCS- Ini- tial	8.0	8.3×10 <sup>-6</sup>	134.6	4.6×10 <sup>-4</sup>	980	1.3×10 <sup>-5</sup>	975. 9	<2.1%	4.4×10 <sup>-4</sup>
SCS- Final	7.9	8.2×10 <sup>-6</sup>	129.8	3.0×10 <sup>-4</sup>	1107	1.2×10 <sup>-5</sup>	104 3	<2.1%	4.5×10 <sup>-4</sup>



**Figure S2.** Charge-discharge voltage profiles for Na||NVP full batteries using GFS (a) and SCS (b) separator. The discharge medium voltage at different cycles of Na||GFS||NVP and Na||SCS||NVP full batteries.



**Figure S3.** (a) CV curves at a scan rate of 0.1 mV s<sup>-1</sup>, (b) EIS curves (inset: equivalent circuit diagram) and (c) relationship plots of the impedance as a function of the inverse square root of angular frequency in a low-frequency region of Na||SCS||NVP and Na||GFS||NVP full cells.

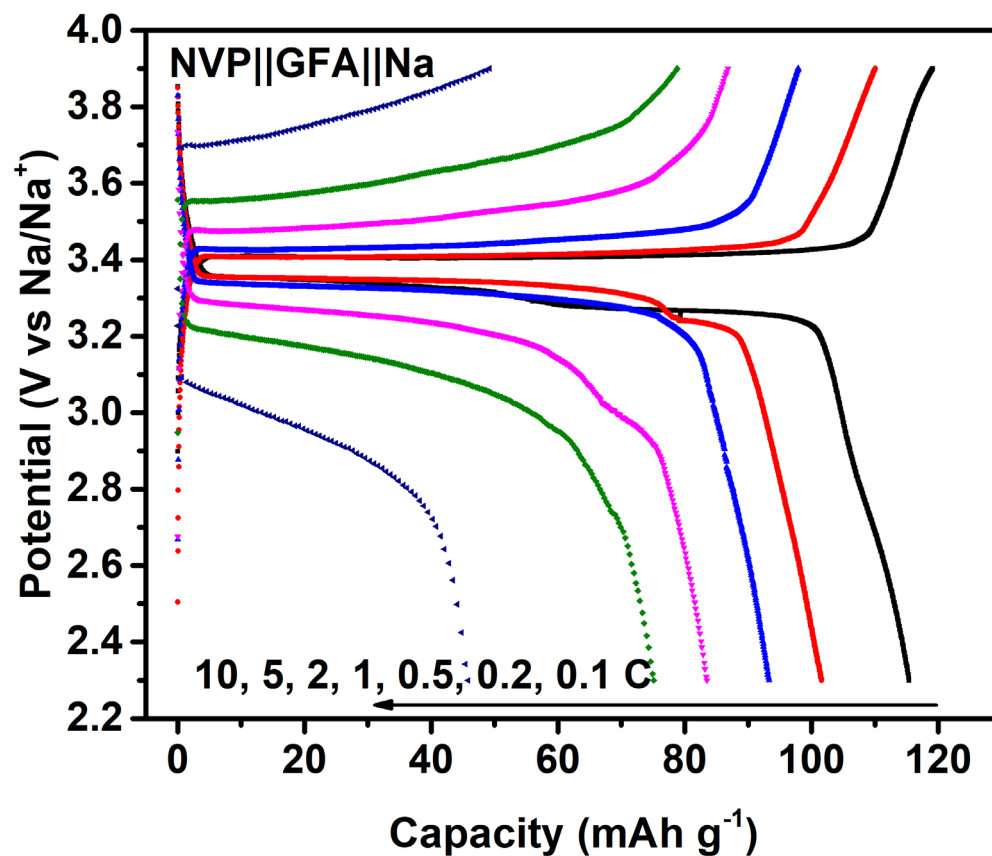


Figure S4. Galvanostatic charging-discharging profile curves of Na||GFA||NVP.

Table S4. Parameters reported of the EIS curves in Figure S3 after equivalent circuits and linear fitting.

Sample	$R_s$ ( $\Omega$ )	$C_{dl}$ (F)	$R_{ct}$ ( $\Omega$ )	$\sigma$ ( $\Omega \text{ s}^{-0.5}$ )	Measure errors in Z	Chi-squared	Linear fitting residual sum of squares
GFS	9.76	$1.0 \times 10^{-6}$	1385.0	740.1	<6.1%	$4.2 \times 10^{-2}$	$5.1 \times 10^{-7}$
SCS	16.27	$2.1 \times 10^{-6}$	378.3	684.2	<6.8%	$4.9 \times 10^{-2}$	$3.3 \times 10^{-7}$