

Supporting Information



## Recombinant *Bacillus Caldovelox* Arginase Mutant (BCA-M) Induces Apoptosis, Autophagy, Cell Cycle Arrest and Growth Inhibition in Human Cervical Cancer Cells

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**Figure S1.** Representative results showing the effect of BCA-M on cell cycle phase distribution of HeLa cells determined using flow cytometric analysis with propidium iodide (PI) staining and RNase digestion. The results of no. of events plot against PI signal intensity were plot as histograms.



**Figure S2.** Representative results showing the effect of BCA-M on cell cycle phase distribution of ME-180 cells determined using flow cytometric analysis with propidium iodide (PI) staining and RNase digestion. The results of no. of events plot against PI signal intensity were plot as histograms.



**Figure S3.** Representative results showing the effect of BCA-M on cell cycle phase distribution of SiHa cells determined using flow cytometric analysis with propidium iodide (PI) staining and RNase digestion. The results of no. of events plot against PI signal intensity were plot as histograms.



**Figure S4.** Representative results showing the effect of BCA-M on apoptosis induction in C-33A cells determined using flow cytometric analysis with Annexin V-FITC and propidium iodide (PI) staining. The results were expressed in density plots with signal intensity of PI against FITC.



**Figure S5.** Representative results showing the effect of BCA-M on apoptosis induction in SiHa cells determined using flow cytometric analysis with Annexin V-FITC and propidium iodide (PI) staining. The results were expressed in density plots with signal intensity of PI against FITC.



**Figure S6.** Representative results showing the effect of BCA-M on apoptosis induction in HeLa cells determined using flow cytometric analysis with Annexin V-FITC and propidium iodide (PI) staining. The results were expressed in density plots with signal intensity of PI against FITC.



**Figure S7.** Representative results showing the effect of BCA-M on apoptosis induction in ME-180 cells determined using flow cytometric analysis with Annexin V-FITC and propidium iodide (PI) staining. The results were expressed in density plots with signal intensity of PI against FITC.



0

Control

BCAMOA BCAMOS

Figure S8. HeLa and SiHa cells were treated with 0.4-1.6 U/ml of BCA-M for 1 hour. The data are presented as means ± S.D. of three independent experiments.

0

Control

BCAMOS BCA.MU.6



Figure S9. Growth inhibition of CQ on HeLa and SiHa human cervical cancer cells. The results of cell proliferation assay are represented by the mean % absorbance and expressed as percentage mean with error bar showing S.D. on a single side.

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