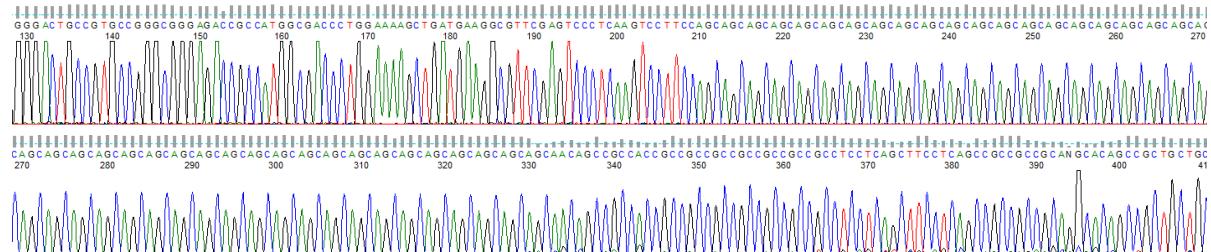


*Article*

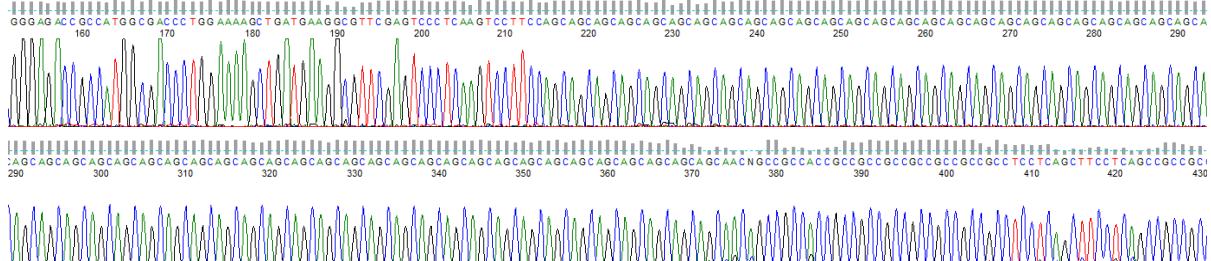
# Generation of New Isogenic Models of Huntington's Disease Using CRISPR-Cas9 Technology

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and Marta Olejniczak <sup>1,\*</sup>

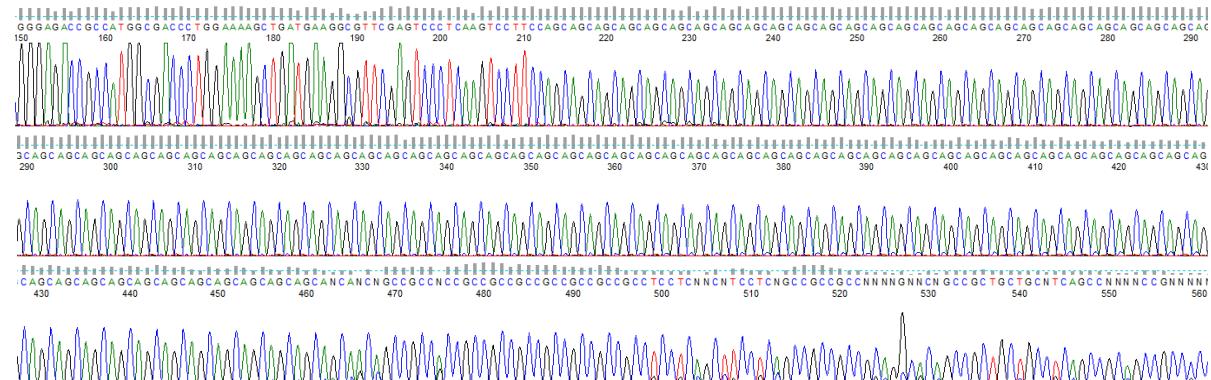
## 41 CAG



## 53 CAG

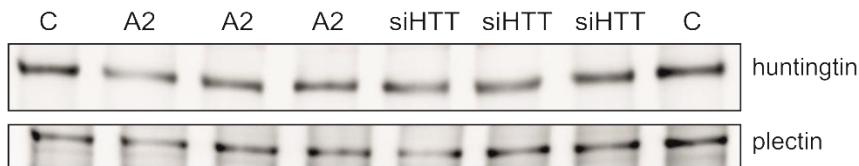


## 84 CAG

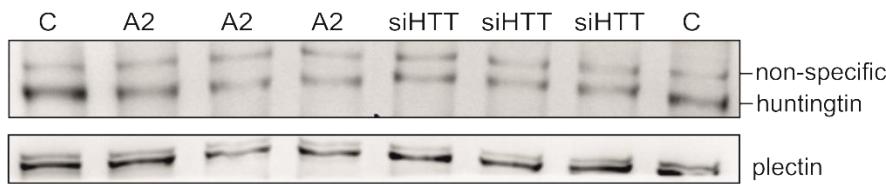


**Supplemental Figure S1.** Sanger sequencing analysis of the *HTT* locus in modified HEK 293T cell lines (41 CAG, 53 CAG and 84 CAG).

### 41 CAG



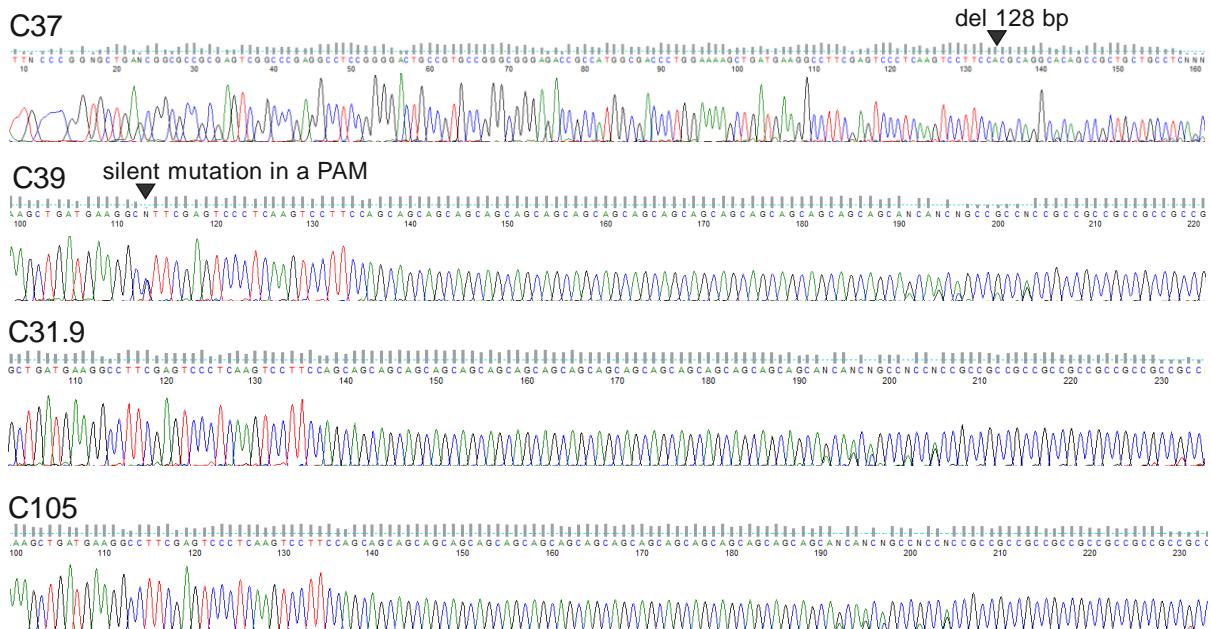
### 53 CAG



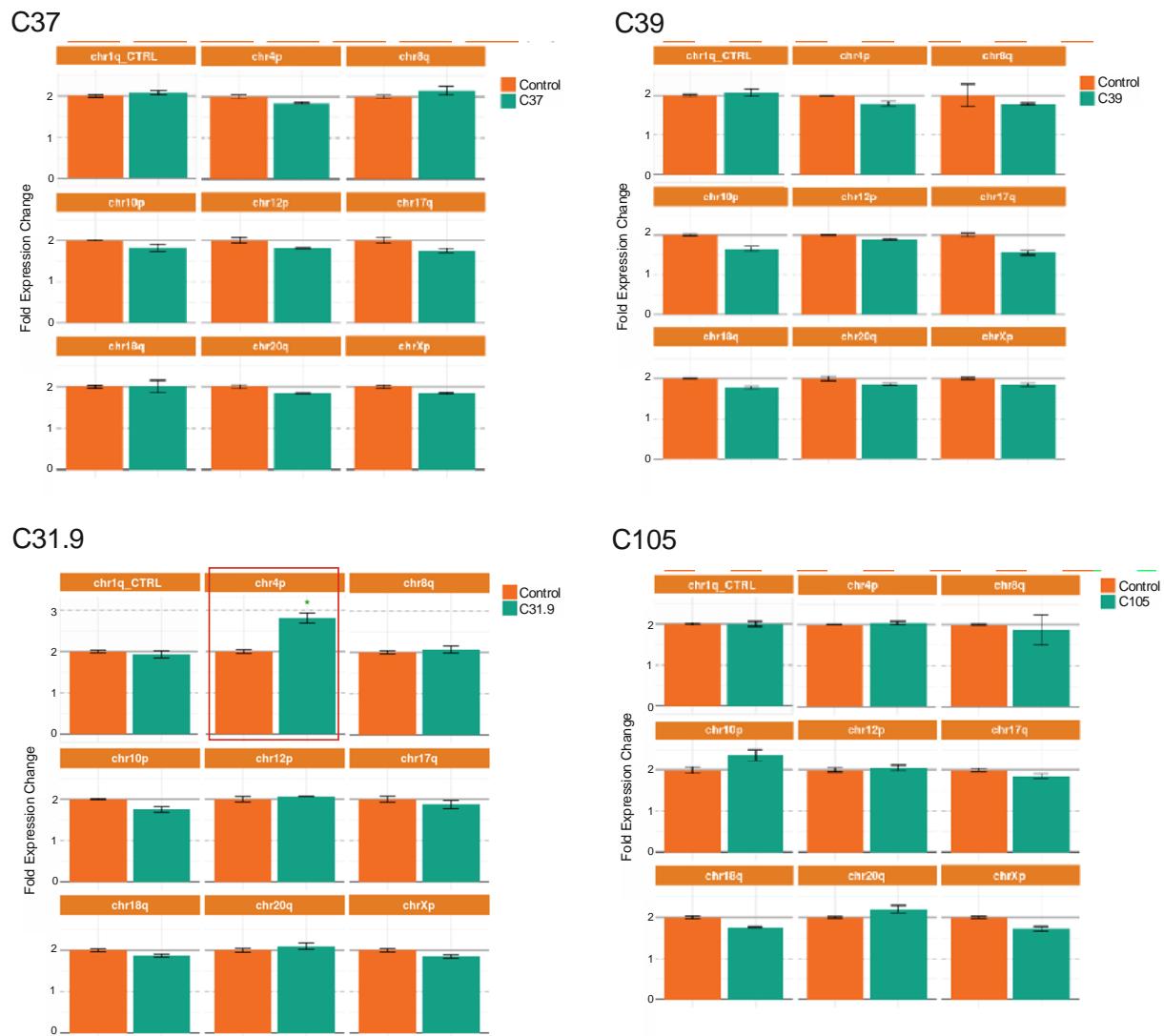
### 84 CAG



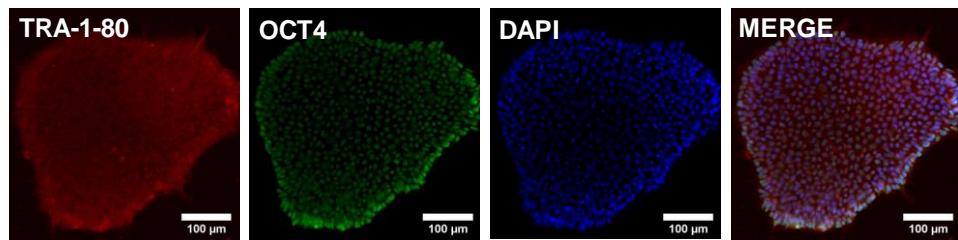
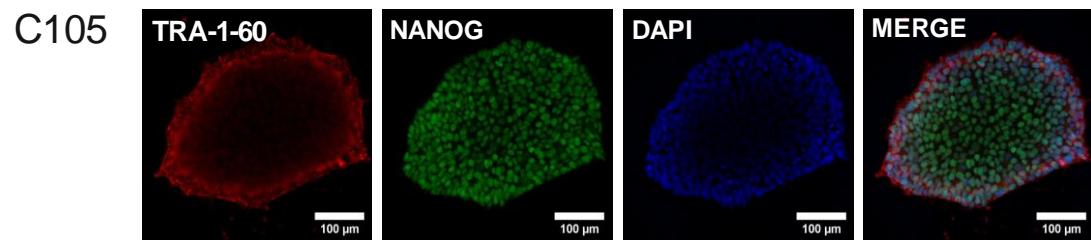
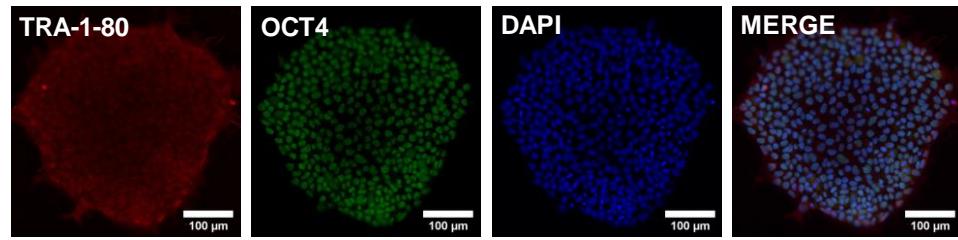
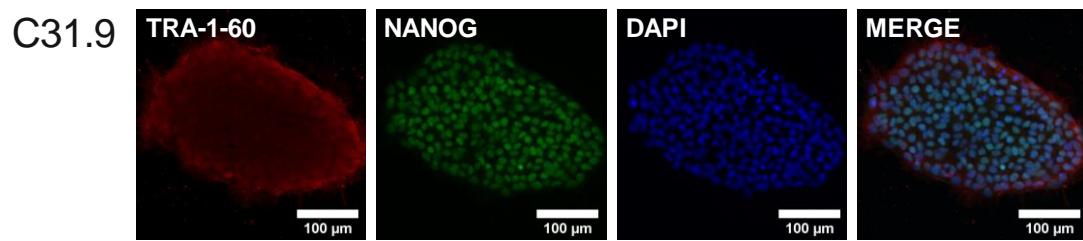
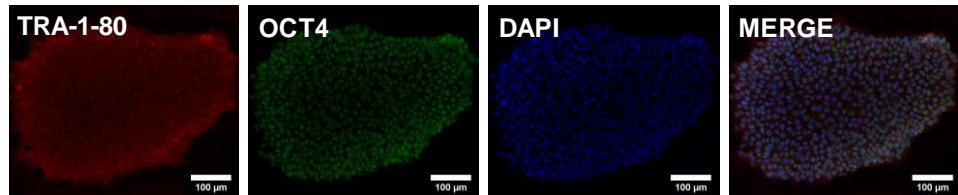
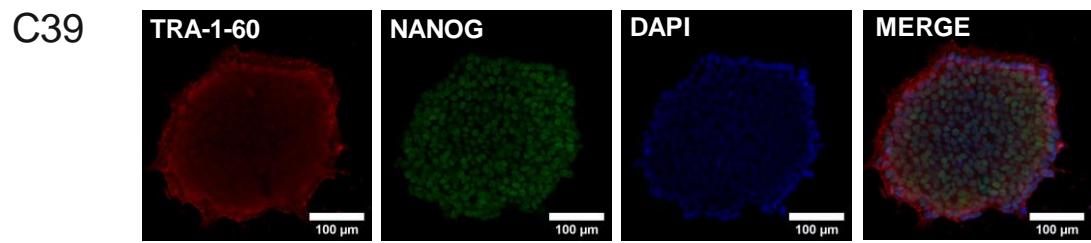
**Supplemental Figure S2.** Western blot analysis of HTT protein downregulation in edited HEK 293T cells treated with siRNA\_A2 (A2) and siHTT. C – cells treated with control siRNA (without target). Plectin was used as a loading control.



**Supplemental Figure S3.** Sanger sequencing analysis of edited hiPSC lines.



**Supplemental Figure S4.** Results from qPCR-based analysis of potential karyotypic abnormalities in generated isogenic hiPSC lines. In case of C31.9 clone possible amplification of analyzed region at chromosome 4 is observed.



**Supplemental Figure S5.** The gene-edited hiPSCs maintain pluripotency as shown by positive immunostaining for the pluripotency markers.

**Supplemental Table S1.** Editing strategies used to generate isogenic models of HD in HEK 293T cells and hiPSCs.

HEK 293T					
	Endonuclease	sgRNA	Donor template	HDR efficiency (%)	Results
1	Cas9 nickase, plasmid	Pair: HTT_sg1 and HTT_sg4	ssODN (silent mutation in a PAM)	0	Indel mutations
2	Cas9 nickase, plasmid	HTT_sg4	ssODN (silent mutation in a PAM)	0	Indel mutations
3	Cas9 wt, plasmid	HTT_sg4	ssODN (silent mutation in a PAM)	0	Indel mutations
4	Cas9 wt, plasmid	HTT_sg4	Plasmid with exon 1 of the <i>HTT</i> gene	0	Indel mutations
5	Cas9 wt, plasmid	HTT_sg3	Plasmid with exon 1 of the <i>HTT</i> gene	7/109 (6.4%)	Homo- and heterozygous monoclonal all with indel mut in a cut site
6	Cas9 wt, protein	HTT_sg3, RNA	Plasmid with exon 1 of the <i>HTT</i> gene (silent mutation in a PAM)	41- 15/70 (21.42%) 53- 14/83 (16.87%) 84- 13/71 (18.31%)	Homozygous monoclonal with 41, 53 and 84 CAG; (silent mutation in a PAM) and heterozygous monoclonal all with indel mut in a cut site
hiPSCs					
1	Cas9 nickase, plasmid	Pair: HTT_sg1 and HTT_sg4	ssODN; 10 CAG, 180 nt	0	Low electroporation efficiency, apoptosis, CAG excision, strand rejoining
2	Cas9 nickase, plasmid	Pair: HTT_sg1 and HTT_sg4	ssODN (silent mutation in a PAM), longer arms, 300 nt	0	Low electroporation efficiency, apoptosis, CAG

					excision, strand rejoining
3	Cas9 wt, protein	HTT_sg3, RNA	ssODN 10 CAG, 18 0nt	0.61% (10mut/19CAG); 1.23% (19/19CAG); 1.23% (109/109 CAG)	163 monoclonies in total
4	Cas9 wt, protein	HTT_sg3, RNA	Plasmid with exon 1 of the <i>HTT</i> gene (19 CAG; silent mutation in a PAM)	6% (19/19CAG)	131 monoclonies in total

**Supplemental Table S2.** Summary of capture statistics for whole-exome sequencing.

Sample ID	Mean Read Length	Total Reads (in million)	After Removing Identical Reads (in million)	Unique (%)	Mapped Reads (in million)	Mapping (%)
ND42222	99	105,3	90,674	86,11	89,401	98,6
C37	99	123,391	104,87	84,99	102,94	98,16
C39	99	95,493	83,098	87,02	81,936	98,6
C31.9	99	149,826	122,902	82,03	120,54	98,08

**Supplemental Table S3.** Sequence Variants in the gene-corrected hiPSC clones by whole-exome sequence analysis

	C37	C39	C31.9
Total*	86	54	88
3_prime_UTR	0	0	0
3_prime_UTR_intronic	0	0	0
5_prime_UTR	3	1	1
5_prime_UTR_intronic	0	0	0
downstream_gene	0	0	0
essential_splice_site	0	0	0
initiator_codon	0	0	0
intronic	22	22	24
kozak_sequence	0	0	0
missense	31	15	29

non_coding_exonic	0	0	1
non_coding_intronic	0	0	1
splice_region	6	5	5
stop_gained	0	0	0
stop_lost	0	0	0
stop_retained	0	0	0
synonymous	24	11	27
upstream_gene	0	0	0

\*OFA>0.85

**Supplemental Table S4.** Sequence variants present in all edited clones C37, C39, C31.9 detected by whole-exome sequencing.

Chr	Position	Gene	Ref	Alt	Consequence
chr1	220789362	MARK1	T	A	intronic
chr2	131220864	POTEI	T	A	missense
chr2	214012405	IKZF2	A	C	intronic
chr3	195506446	MUC4	G	T	missense
chr3	195510582	MUC4	A	C	synonymous
chr5	80756855	SSBP2	A	T	intronic
chr5	87502325	TMEM161B	G	A	intronic
chr6	18134021	TPMT	C	A	intronic
chr9	34725368	FAM205A	A	G	synonymous
chr10	29580942	LYZL1	C	T	splice_region
chr10	29580944	LYZL1	C	A	intronic
chr10	29580961	LYZL1	C	T	intronic
chr10	46321555	AGAP4	G	A	synonymous
chr12	10571716	KLRC3	A	T	intronic
chr12	10571716	AC068775.1	A	T	intronic
chr12	27826780	PPFIBP1	T	G	intronic
chr15	30906259	GOLGA8H	G	T	splice_region
chr15	32743481	GOLGA8O	C	T	intronic
chr15	69715488	AC027237.1	C	T	intronic
chr15	69715488	KIF23	C	T	intronic
chr16	71805160	AP1G1	G	A	chr16
chr19	7051376	MBD3L2	G	A	missense
chr19	43860251	CD177	G	A	chr19
chr19	43860255	CD177	T	G	missense

chr22	21797094	HIC2	C	G	5_prime_UTR
chr22	24300660	GSTT2B	G	C	intronic

**Supplemental Table S5.** DNA and RNA oligonucleotides used for the generation of sgRNAs

Oligonucleotide	Sequence (5'-3')	Description
HTT_sg1s	CACCGCTGCTGCTGCTGCTGCTGGA	oligo for Cas9_HTT.sg1 plasmid construction
HTT_sg1a	AAACTCCAGCAGCAGCAGCAGCAGC	oligo for Cas9_HTT.sg1 plasmid construction
HTT_sg3s	CACCGGAAGGACTTGAGGGACTCGA	oligo for Cas9_HTT.sg3 plasmid construction
HTT_sg3a	AAACTCGAGTC CCTCAAGTC TTCC	oligo for Cas9_HTT.sg3 plasmid construction
HTT_sg4s	CACCGGCTTCCTCAGCCGCCGCCGC	oligo for Cas9_HTT.sg4 plasmid construction
HTT_sg4a	AAACCGGGCGGCCGGCTGAGGAAGCC	oligo for Cas9_HTT.sg4 plasmid construction
HTT_sg3 RNA	IDT	tracrRNA, RNP strategy
HTT_sg3 crRNA	GAAGGACUUGAGGGACUCGA	crRNA, RNP strategy
ssODN	TGCCGTGCCGGCGGGAGACCGCCATGGCGACCCT GGAAAAGCTGATGAAGGCCTTCGAGTCCCTCAAGT CCTTCCAGCAGCAGCAGCAGCAGCAGCAGCAGCAG CAACAGCCGCCACCGCCGCCGCCGCCGCCGCC TCCTCAGCTTCCTCAGCCGCCGCCAGGCACAGCC GCTG	donor template for HDR

**Supplemental Table S6.** DNA oligonucleotides used as primers for PCR, RT-qPCR and directed mutagenesis.

Name	Forward ( 5'-3')	Reverse ( 5'-3')	Method
HD1	CCGCTCAGGTCTGCCTTA	GGCTGAGGCAGCAGCGGCTG	PCR, seq
-17f and Exon2r*	GAGCCGCTGCACCGAC	CTGACAGACTGTGCCACTATG TTT	PCR
2805f and 2959r*	GATTTCGGCAGTTCTGTTCAC G	ATAAACTGAGGCCATGCAT G	PCR
Fsp2 and Rsp2	CTGCACCGACCGTGAGTT	CAAGGGAAGACCCAAGTGAG	PCR
HD 3'CAG	CGACAGCGAGTCAGTGATTG	ACCACTCTGGCTTCACAAGG	RT-qPCR
SOX2	CAAAAATGCCATGCAGGTT	AGTTGGATCGAACAAAACC TATT	RT-qPCR
NANOG	TTTGGAAAGCTGCTGGGAAG	GATGGGAGGAGGGAGAGGA	RT-qPCR
OCT3/4	AGTTTGTGCCAGGGTTTG	ACTTCACCTTCCCTCCAACC	RT-qPCR
Beta actin	TGAGAGGGAAATCGTGCCTG	TGCTTGCTGATCCACATCTGC	RT-qPCR
GAPDH	GAAGGTGAAGGTGGAGTC	GAAGATGGTGATGGGATTTC	RT-qPCR
mutHDg3	GGAAAAGCTGATGAAGGCGT TCGAGTCCCTCAAGTC	GGACTTGAGGGACTCGAACG CCTTCATCAGCTTTC	Directed mutagenesis

\*Sequences of primers are from Sathasivam K. et al., (2013) Proc Natl Acad Sci U S A, 110, 2366–2370

**Supplemental Table S7.** Antibodies used for immunocytochemistry (ICC) and western blotting (WB)

ICC	Antibody	Dilution	Company Cat # and RRID
Primary antibody (pluripotency markers)	Rabbit anti-OCT4	1:200	ThermoFisher Cat# PA5-27438 RRID: AB_2544914
	Rabbit anti-NANOG	1:200	Cell Signaling Cat#4903 RRID: AB_10559205
	Mouse anti-TRA-1-60	1:100	Millipore Cat# MAB4360 RRID: AB_2119183
	Mouse anti-TRA-1-80	1:100	ThermoFisher Cat#MA1-024 RRID: AB_2536706
Secondary antibody	Donkey Anti-Rabbit Alexa Fluor 488	1:1000	Jackson ImmunoResearch, West Grove, PA, USA Cat#711-546-152

			RRID: AB_2340619
Secondary antibody	Donkey Anti-Mouse Alexa Fluor 594	1:1000	Jackson ImmunoResearch Cat#715-586-151 RRID: AB_2340858
WB	Antibody	Dilution	Company Cat # and RRID
Primary antibody	Rabbit anti-huntingtin [EPR5526]	1:1000	Abcam, Cambridge, UK Cat#ab109115
Primary antibody	Rabbit anti-plectin	1:1000	Cell Signaling, Leiden, NED Cat#12254 RRID:AB_2797858
Secondary antibody	Anti-rabbit HRP-conjugate	1:2000	Jackson ImmunoResearch Cat# 711-035-152 RRID: AB_10015282