

Supplementary Data

Hyper-production of pullulan by a novel fungus of *Aureobasidium melanogenum* ZH27 through batch fermentation

Qin-Qing Wang^{a,b,†,*}, Jia Lin^{a,†}, Qian-Zhi Zhou^a, Juan Peng^a, Qi Zhang^a, and Jiang-Hai Wang^{a,*}

^a Guangdong Provincial Key Laboratory of Marine Resources and Coastal Engineering, School of Marine Sciences, Sun Yat-Sen University, Zhuhai, 519082, China; qinqingw@163.com (Q.-Q. W.); linjia26@mail.sysu.edu.cn (L.J.); zhouqzh6@mail.sysu.edu.cn (Q.-Z. Z.); pengj28@mail.sysu.edu.cn (J.P.); zhangq528@mail2.sysu.edu.cn (Q.Z.); wangjhai@mail.sysu.edu.cn (J.-H. W.)

^b Guangdong Engineering Laboratory of Biomass High-Value Utilization, Institute of Biological and Medical Engineering, Guangdong Academy of Sciences, Guangzhou, 510316, China; qinqingw@163.com (Q.-Q. W.)

* Correspondence: qinqingw@163.com (Q.-Q. W.); wangjhai@mail.sysu.edu.cn (J.-H. W.)

† These authors have contributed equally to this work.

Supplementary Figures

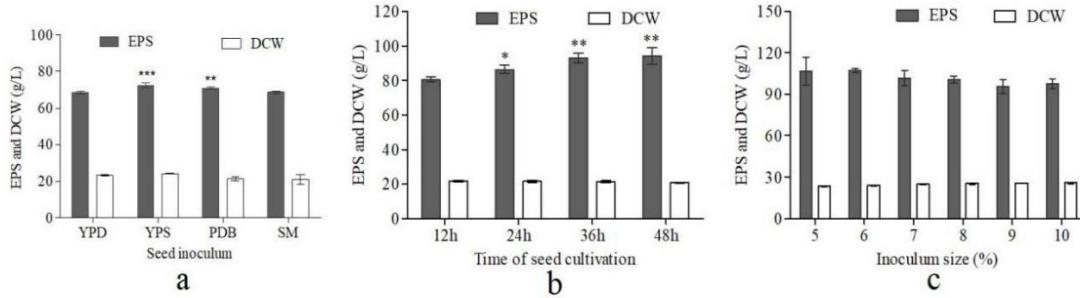


Figure S1. Selection and optimization of seeds for producing pullulan by ZH27.
a, seed inoculum; b: time of seed cultivation; and c: inoculum size.

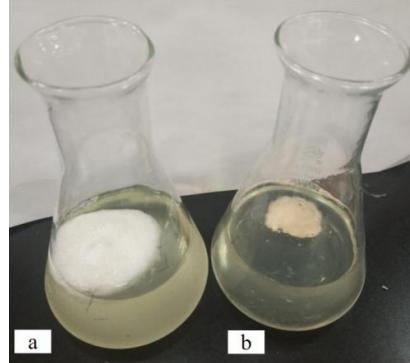


Figure S2. Pullulan appeared in the fermented supernatants of strain ZH27 cultivating under OC (a) and IC (b) at 132 h, respectively.

Supplementary Tables

Table S1. Quantitative real-time PCR primers of the genes involved in syntheses of pullulan, FOSs, trehalose, and glycerol.

Gene name	Primer sequence (5'-3')
β -actin	F: CGGTGTCACTCACGGTTGTC R: TCGAGAGCGACGTAGCAGAG
GluT1	F: CATCTCTGCCGTCAACGCC R: GAGCCAGTTGGAGGCAGGTAG
GluT2	F: TGCGAGTGGATCGTTGGTATC R: TGGAACGGATGGGAAGAGG
GluT3	F: CGCTGTTCAAGTCGCTTGG R: CGTATTCTGGTTGGCGGT
GluT4	F: CGAAGCTGCGCTGCATCT R: GTTGCCCTCGAGCAGTGT

<i>GluT5</i>	F: CATCGCTATGCTCATCGTCGG R: GCGCCTACGAGCTTCCTCTT
<i>SUC2</i>	F: TCTACCTCAGATACGACGCC R: GCAGGAGGTCTGGGTGAAAG
<i>GluK</i>	F: ACTACCACGCTACCATCCGCA R: CAGCATCGGCAATGTCAAAGC
<i>PGM</i>	F: GGTGGTGACGGTCGTTACTGG R: GATACCACCAGTGGCCTTGC
<i>UGP</i>	F: TGGAGAGATCATCCCCAACGG R: TGACGGGAAGGAAACGACG
<i>UGT1</i>	F: TTGCAACGAACATAACCTGGAC R: AGAGCGACACCAAGACCATAAG
<i>CreA</i>	F: ACCTGCCGCGTCCTTACAAGT R: CTCATCGGAACGGACTGAAGCG
<i>Apo</i>	F: ACTGGTGTGGTGCCTCGTA R: CCCATCTGCGAGTGTGCCT
<i>GltP</i>	F: GCAACACCCCTCAGCAAGCAC R: TTCTCGAGGCTGCTCAACC
<i>PUL1</i>	F: GTTGATCATGGTTGGGAAGGC R: AGAGCGAAGATGGAGAACGCG
α -amylase gene	F: ACCTCTGGCAGCAGCAGCAAT R: TGGCCTGGTAGATGATTGGG
Glucoamylase gene	F: AGACTGTCAACAACCCCAGCG R: GTAGGCAATCATGGCAGTCGC
Pullulanase gene	F: GCAACGTCCTGGTGCAGAAAG R: GACCTGGATTGGAGGCCATTGC
<i>Ags2</i>	F: TCATTGCCGTATCGTTCAGA R: AGATGGGCAAGAACAGGAGTG
<i>Msn2</i>	F: CCTCAAAAGCAGCACATC R: TGATGGTAGGCTTCTGGTGTG
<i>PFK26^a</i>	F: GTGTTGTTATGGTCGGTCTGC R: AGGATTGGGAGTGGTGGTAC
<i>FBA1</i>	F: TGGTGGTGAGGAGGATGGTGT R: TTCTGGTGCTGGAGAGGAGG
<i>G3P</i>	F: AACATCCCCTGGGCTGAGAC R: GGACCTGGATGTCGGACTTGT
<i>PGK</i>	F: AGCTCGACTACTCGCTCAGG R: AAAGCCATACCAACCGCAGAC
<i>PYK</i>	F: GACAAGGCCGATCTCCGTTTC R: TTGACACCCCTGCTGGTCTCG
<i>PYD</i>	F: CTACACGCAGCAAAGAACCCC R: CCATCACCAGCATAACACACCG
<i>TPS1</i>	F: CATCAAGGGTGTTCCTCAGAACG R: TTTGCCGTTGATTCTGCCG
<i>TPS2</i>	F: CACATCAACCCCTGGGATCTG R: GTCCATGTCTGCACAGTGTGGT
<i>GPP</i>	F: TACCAGGCAGCCGATCTATCTT R: GCCCATCACCTCCAACCAT
<i>GPD</i>	F: CGCATACGACCCCTCCTACCAT R: TCGGTAGGCAGAGGGTAAGC
<i>Hog1</i>	F: CCTGGTCAACGAGAACTGCG R: GCTTGCCCTCGAGCATCTC
<i>Sho1</i>	F: CGCAACGTGATCGATTCCCT R: GTTGCTGTCCATTGCTCCCA
<i>FF1</i>	F: GGCAACTTCTCTGGCAACGAT R: GTGTCCTTCTGCCCTGATTCGG
<i>FF2</i>	F: TGTTCAGTGGCTCAGCAGTGG R: ATCACGGAACTGAGTCGAGGCC
<i>FF3</i>	F: CAATCAAGCATTACCGTCCC R: ACTCGCTTCCGACAACATGCT
<i>FTR1</i>	F: TATGCCATCCAGCGTCACCG R: GCAGCCAACACGAGCCTGGTGT
<i>AreA</i>	F: CGGAAGTCCAAGGCCTGGTGAT R: TCTTCAAACACTCAGCGGACGCAC

AreB

F: CTCGTGCAAAGGAAGCATCAG
R: ACTCAGACGGAGACGCTTAGGT

^aCited from Jiang et al. (2018)[1].

Table S2. Characteristic absorption peaks in the purified EPS and commercial pullulan.

Assignments	Wave number (cm ⁻¹)	
	Commercial pullulan	Purified EPS
-OH	3,396.03	3,423.03
C-H	2,925.48	2,923.60
O-C-O	1,641.13	1,637.29
	1,419.35	1,427.09
C-O-H	1,371.14	1,371.16
C-O-C	1,157.08	1,159.03
C-O	1,022.09	1,025.96
α -1,6-glucosidic linkage	931.45	933.38
α -D-glucopyranose	848.53	852.40
α -1,4-glucosidic linkage	761.74	755.97

Table S3. Comparison of pH values, pullulan titers and viscosities of supernatants at the end of fermentation of strain ZH27 under IC and OC.

Medium	Final pH value	Supernatant viscosity (mP·s)	Pullulan titer (g/L)
Initial medium	2.97 ± 0.06	10753 ± 652.8	48.8 ± 3.8
Optimized medium	3.57 ± 0.06**	306 ± 8.54**	115.4 ± 1.8**

Reference

1. Jiang, H.; Xue, S.-J.; Li, Y.-F.; Liu, G.-L.; Chi, Z.-M.; Hu, Z.; Chi, Z. Efficient transformation of sucrose into high pullulan concentrations by *Aureobasidium melanogenum* TN1-2 isolated from a natural honey. *Food Chem* **2018**, 257, 29-35.