



Supplementary Materials

Potential of Bioactive Protein and Protein Hydrolysate from *Apis mellifera* Larvae as Cosmeceutical Active Ingredients for Anti-Skin Aging

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Table S1. The p-values demonstrate statistically significant differences ($p < 0.05$, labeled in red) in yields among defatted *A. mellifera* larvae, as well as in their crude protein extracts and protein hydrolysates.

Samples	Group	DL	SHE		WTE		AAE		CAE		HCE	
			CP	PH								
DL	a		0.004	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.003	0.002	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
SHE	CP	b	0.004		0.613	0.003	0.002	1.000	1.000	0.997	0.988	0.067
	PH	b,c,d	0.000	0.613		0.233	0.170	0.680	0.759	0.982	0.995	0.944
WTE	CP	d	0.000	0.003	0.233		1.000	0.004	0.005	0.024	0.035	0.936
	PH	d	0.000	0.002	0.170	1.000		0.003	0.004	0.016	0.023	0.874
AAE	CP	b	0.003	1.000	0.680	0.004	0.003		1.000	0.999	0.995	0.084
	PH	b	0.002	1.000	0.759	0.005	0.004	1.000		1.000	0.998	0.110
CAE	CP	b,c	0.000	0.997	0.982	0.024	0.016	0.999	1.000		1.000	0.345
	PH	b,c	0.000	0.988	0.995	0.035	0.023	0.995	0.998	1.000		0.440
HCE	CP	b,c,d	0.000	0.067	0.944	0.936	0.874	0.084	0.110	0.345	0.440	
	PH	c,d	0.000	0.018	0.665	0.999	0.995	0.023	0.031	0.123	0.169	1.000

Note: DL = defatted *A. mellifera* larvae; CP = crude proteins; PH = proteins hydrolysates; PHs were obtained from CPs extracted using various media, including sodium hydroxide (SHE), DI water (WTE), ascorbic acid (AAE), citric acid (CAE), and hydrochloric acid (HCE). The identical letters (a, b, c, and d) represent values that do not exhibit statistically significant differences among *A. mellifera* larvae extracts, while differing letters indicate significant differences. The data were analyzed using One-Way ANOVA followed by Tukey's post-hoc test ($p < 0.05$).

Table S2. Tukey's honestly significant difference (HSD) test results ($\alpha = 0.05$) for yields among defatted *A. mellifera* larvae, crude protein extracts, and protein hydrolysates.

Samples	Subset for alpha = 0.05				Group
	a	b	c	d	
DL	78.1433				a
SHE-CP		48.7458			b
AAE-CP		48.0669			b
AAE-PH		47.2338			b
CAE-CP		43.1178	43.1178		b,c
CAE-PH		42.0457	42.0457		b,c
SHE-PH		36.0181	36.0181	36.0181	b,c,d
HCE-CP		27.5665	27.5665	27.5665	b,c,d
HCE-PH			23.8157	23.8157	c,d
WTE-CP				18.9331	d
WTE-PH				17.8022	d

Note: DL = defatted *A. mellifera* larvae; CP = crude proteins; PH = proteins hydrolysates; PHs were obtained from CPs extracted using various media, including sodium hydroxide (SHE), DI water (WTE), ascorbic acid (AAE), citric acid (CAE), and hydrochloric acid (HCE). The identical letters (a, b, c, and d) represent values that do not exhibit statistically significant differences among *A. mellifera* larvae extracts, while differing letters indicate significant differences. The data were analyzed using One-Way ANOVA followed by Tukey's post-hoc test ($p < 0.05$).

Table S3. The p-values demonstrate statistically significant differences ($p < 0.05$, labeled in red) in total protein contents among crude protein extracts and protein hydrolysates of *A. mellifera* larvae.

Samples	Group	SHE		WTE		AAE		CAE		HCE	
		CP	PH	CP	PH	CP	PH	CP	PH	CP	PH
SHE	CP	a		0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
	PH	b	0.000		1.000	0.000	0.003	0.000	0.096	0.000	0.874
WTE	CP	b	0.000	1.000		0.000	0.011	0.000	0.246	0.000	0.990
	PH	e	0.000	0.000	0.000		0.000	1.000	0.000	0.080	0.000
AAE	CP	c	0.000	0.003	0.011	0.000		0.000	0.841	0.000	0.083
	PH	e	0.000	0.000	0.000	1.000	0.000		0.000	0.181	0.000
CAE	CP	b,c	0.000	0.096	0.246	0.000	0.841	0.000		0.000	0.783
	PH	e	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.080	0.000	0.181	0.000		0.000
HCE	CP	b,c	0.000	0.874	0.990	0.000	0.083	0.000	0.783	0.000	
	PH	d	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	

Note: CP = crude proteins; PH = proteins hydrolysates; PHs were obtained from CPs extracted using various media, including sodium hydroxide (SHE), DI water (WTE), ascorbic acid (AAE), citric acid (CAE), and hydrochloric acid (HCE). The identical letters (a, b, c, d, and e) represent values that do not exhibit statistically significant differences among *A. mellifera* larvae extracts, while differing letters indicate significant differences. The data were analyzed using One-Way ANOVA followed by Tukey's post-hoc test ($p < 0.05$).

Table S4. Tukey's HSD test results ($\alpha = 0.05$) for total protein contents among crude protein extracts and protein hydrolysates of *A. mellifera* larvae.

Samples	Subset for alpha = 0.05					Group
	a	b	c	d	e	
SHE-CP	173.1030					a
SHE-HP		6.2087				b
WTE-CP		6.0976				b
HCE-CP		5.8915	5.8915			b,c
CAE-CP		5.5339	5.5339			b,c
AAE-CP			5.2006			c
HCE-HP				3.1501		d
WTE-HP					0.8026	e
AAE-HP					0.7097	e
CAE-HP					0.1077	e

Note: CP = crude proteins; PH = proteins hydrolysates; PHs were obtained from CPs extracted using various media, including sodium hydroxide (SHE), DI water (WTE), ascorbic acid (AAE), citric acid (CAE), and hydrochloric acid (HCE). The identical letters (a, b, c, d, and e) represent values that do not exhibit statistically significant differences among *A. mellifera* larvae extracts, while differing letters indicate significant differences. The data were analyzed using One-Way ANOVA followed by Tukey's post-hoc test ($p < 0.05$).

Table S5. Antioxidant activities of *A. mellifera* larval extracts.

Samples	TEAC ($\mu\text{g Trolox/mg sample}$)		NO• inhibition (%)	
	GA	ASC	LYS	
GA	N/A			73.63 \pm 1.46 ^b
ASC		36.65 \pm 0.11 ^a		89.79 \pm 2.57 ^a
LYS		31.97 \pm 0.67 ^{b,c}		82.43 \pm 1.57 ^{a,b}
<i>A. mellifera</i> larval extract	Crude protein	Protein hydrolysate	Crude protein	Protein hydrolysate
SHE	29.06 \pm 0.99 ^{c,d,e}	34.64 \pm 0.27 ^{a,b}	10.11 \pm 4.23 ^e	15.20 \pm 4.02 ^{d,e}
WTE	29.50 \pm 2.71 ^{c,d}	31.89 \pm 0.05 ^{b,c}	25.01 \pm 1.48 ^d	20.59 \pm 5.36 ^{d,e}
AAE	33.81 \pm 1.15 ^{a,b}	34.02 \pm 0.24 ^{a,b}	51.98 \pm 9.88 ^c	43.84 \pm 5.16 ^c
CAE	25.95 \pm 2.25 ^e	32.00 \pm 1.05 ^{b,c}	14.91 \pm 2.53 ^{d,e}	11.48 \pm 2.66 ^e
HCE	29.26 \pm 0.67 ^{c,d,e}	28.23 \pm 0.82 ^{d,e}	20.48 \pm 5.04 ^{d,e}	13.08 \pm 3.43 ^{d,e}

Note: TEAC = Trolox equivalent antioxidant capacity; NO• = nitric oxide; GA = gallic acid; ASC = ascorbic acid; LYS = lysine; crude proteins and their hydrolysates extracted using various media, including sodium hydroxide (SHE), DI water (WTE), ascorbic acid (AAE), citric acid (CAE), and hydrochloric acid (HCE); N/A = not available. Lowercase letters (a, b, c, d, and e) indicate significant differences among *A. mellifera* larvae extracts. The identical letters represent values that do not exhibit statistically significant differences. The data were analyzed using One-Way ANOVA followed by Tukey's post-hoc test ($p < 0.05$).

Table S6. The p-values demonstrate statistically significant differences ($p < 0.05$, labeled in red) in Trolox equivalent antioxidant capacity (TEAC) among crude protein extracts and protein hydrolysates of *A. mellifera* larvae.

Samples	Group	ASC	LYS	SHE	WTE	AAE	CAE	HCE
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			CP	PH								
ASC	a		0.004	0.000	0.661	0.000	0.003	0.207	0.294	0.000	0.004	0.000
LYS	b,c	0.004		0.181	0.281	0.379	1.000	0.768	0.643	0.000	1.000	0.261
SHE	CP	c,d,e	0.000	0.181		0.000	1.000	0.212	0.003	0.002	0.125	0.171
	PH	a,b	0.661	0.281	0.000		0.001	0.242	0.999	1.000	0.000	0.294
WTE	CP	c,d	0.000	0.379	1.000	0.001		0.429	0.009	0.005	0.050	0.362
	PH	b,c	0.003	1.000	0.212	0.242	0.429		0.716	0.586	0.000	1.000
AAE	CP	a,b	0.207	0.768	0.003	0.999	0.009	0.716		1.000	0.000	0.785
	PH	a,b	0.294	0.643	0.002	1.000	0.005	0.586	1.000		0.000	0.661
CAE	CP	e	0.000	0.000	0.125	0.000	0.050	0.000	0.000	0.000		0.082
	PH	b,c	0.004	1.000	0.171	0.294	0.362	1.000	0.785	0.661	0.000	0.248
HCE	CP	c,d,e	0.000	0.261	1.000	0.001	1.000	0.302	0.005	0.003	0.082	0.248
	PH	d,e	0.000	0.032	0.999	0.000	0.972	0.039	0.000	0.000	0.492	0.030
												0.994

Note: ASC = ascorbic acid; LYS = lysine; CP = crude proteins; PH = proteins hydrolysates; PHs were obtained from CPs extracted using various media, including sodium hydroxide (SHE), DI water (WTE), ascorbic acid (AAE), citric acid (CAE), and hydrochloric acid (HCE). The identical letters (a, b, c, d, and e) represent values that do not exhibit statistically significant differences among *A. mellifera* larvae extracts, while differing letters indicate significant differences. The data were analyzed using One-Way ANOVA followed by Tukey's post-hoc test ($p < 0.05$).

Table S7. Tukey's HSD test results ($\alpha = 0.05$) for TEAC among crude protein extracts and protein hydrolysates of *A. mellifera* larvae.

Samples	Subset for alpha = 0.05					Group
	a	b	c	d	e	
ASC	36.6563					a
SHE-PH	34.6415	34.6415				a,b
AAE-PH	34.0193	34.0193				a,b
AAE-CP	33.8119	33.8119				a,b
CAE-PH		32.0044	32.0044			b,c
LYS		31.9748	31.9748			b,c
WTE-PH		31.8859	31.8859			b,c
WTE-CP			29.5007	29.5007		c,d
HCE-CP				29.2637	29.2637	c,d,e
SHE-CP				29.0563	29.0563	c,d,e
HCE-PH				28.2267	28.2267	d,e
CAE-CP					25.9452	e

Note: ASC = ascorbic acid; LYS = lysine; CP = crude proteins; PH = proteins hydrolysates; PHs were obtained from CPs extracted using various media, including sodium hydroxide (SHE), DI water (WTE), ascorbic acid (AAE), citric acid (CAE), and hydrochloric acid (HCE). The identical letters (a, b, c, d, and e) represent values that do not exhibit statistically significant differences among *A. mellifera* larvae extracts, while differing letters indicate significant differences. The data were analyzed using One-Way ANOVA followed by Tukey's post-hoc test ($p < 0.05$).

Table S8. The p-values demonstrate statistically significant differences ($p < 0.05$, labeled in red) in nitric oxide (NO^{\bullet}) inhibition among crude protein extracts and protein hydrolysates of *A. mellifera* larvae.

Samples	Group	GA	ASC	LYS	SHE		WTE		AAE		CAE		HCE	
					CP	PH								
GA	b		0.001	0.088	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
ASC	a	0.001		0.693	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
LYS	a,b	0.088	0.693		0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
SHE	CP	e	0.000	0.000	0.000		0.962	0.015	0.212	0.000	0.000	0.975	1.000	0.224
	PH	d,e	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.962		0.290	0.943	0.000	0.000	1.000	0.997	0.950
WTE	CP	d	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.015	0.290		0.987	0.000	0.001	0.255	0.037	0.984
	PH	d,e	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.212	0.943	0.987		0.000	0.000	0.921	0.393	1.000
AAE	CP	c	0.001	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000		0.557	0.000	0.000	0.000
	PH	c	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.001	0.000	0.557		0.000	0.000	0.000
CAE	CP	d,e	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.975	1.000	0.255	0.921	0.000	0.000	0.999	0.930	1.000
	PH	e	0.000	0.000	0.000	1.000	0.997	0.037	0.393	0.000	0.000	0.999	0.410	1.000
HCE	CP	d,e	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.224	0.950	0.984	1.000	0.000	0.000	0.930	0.410	0.687
	PH	d,e	0.000	0.000	0.000	1.000	1.000	0.097	0.668	0.000	0.000	1.000	1.000	0.687

Note: GA = gallic acid; ASC = ascorbic acid; LYS = lysine; CP = crude proteins; PH = proteins hydrolysates; PHs were obtained from CPs extracted using various media, including sodium hydroxide (SHE), DI water (WTE), ascorbic acid (AAE), citric acid (CAE), and hydrochloric acid (HCE). The identical letters (a, b, c, d, and e) represent values that do not exhibit statistically significant differences among *A. mellifera* larvae extracts, while differing letters indicate significant differences. The data were analyzed using One-Way ANOVA followed by Tukey's post-hoc test ($p < 0.05$).

Table S9. Tukey's HSD test results ($\alpha = 0.05$) for NO^{\bullet} inhibition among crude protein extracts and protein hydrolysates of *A. mellifera* larvae.

Samples	Subset for alpha = 0.05					Group
	a	b	c	d	e	

ASC	89.7935		a
LYS	82.4303	82.4303	a,b
GA	70.3335		b
AAE-CP		51.9850	c
AAE-PH		43.8439	c
WTE-CP		25.0134	d
WTE-PH		20.5874	d,e
HCE-CP		20.4802	d,e
SHE-PH		15.1958	d,e
CAE-CP		14.9142	d,e
HCE-PH		13.0767	d,e
CAE-PH		11.4807	e
SHE-CP		10.1127	e

Note: GA = gallic acid; ASC = ascorbic acid; LYS = lysine; CP = crude proteins; PH = protein hydrolysates; PHs were obtained from CPs extracted using various media, including sodium hydroxide (SHE), DI water (WTE), ascorbic acid (AAE), citric acid (CAE), and hydrochloric acid (HCE). The identical letters (a, b, c, d, and e) represent values that do not exhibit statistically significant differences among *A. mellifera* larvae extracts, while differing letters indicate significant differences. The data were analyzed using One-Way ANOVA followed by Tukey's post-hoc test ($p < 0.05$).

Table S10. Anti-skin ageing activities of *A. mellifera* larval extracts.

Samples	Collagenase inhibition (%)		Hyaluronidase inhibition (%)	
EGCG	75.74 ± 4.98^a		N/A	
OA	N/A		85.66 ± 6.59^a	
ASC	$31.15 \pm 10.81^{b,c,d,e}$		0.00 ± 3.65^h	
LYS	$39.86 \pm 9.84^{b,c,d}$		4.48 ± 2.95^g	
<i>A. mellifera</i> larval extract	Crude protein	Protein hydrolysate	Crude protein	Protein hydrolysate
SHE	$12.54 \pm 1.18^{e,f}$	$14.82 \pm 2.22^{d,e,f}$	78.15 ± 1.55^a	$13.79 \pm 4.32^{e,f,g}$
WTE	0.00 ± 3.28^f	$34.00 \pm 8.20^{b,c,d,e}$	56.40 ± 1.36^b	37.58 ± 5.37^c
AAE	48.11 ± 14.26^b	$44.54 \pm 1.34^{b,c}$	$27.54 \pm 2.27^{c,d}$	4.09 ± 1.86^g
CAE	$32.11 \pm 8.04^{b,c,d,e}$	2.51 ± 0.24^f	$18.39 \pm 5.18^{d,e,f}$	$14.60 \pm 2.08^{e,f,g}$
HCE	$18.67 \pm 1.02^{c,d,e,f}$	$14.85 \pm 4.07^{d,e,f}$	$24.24 \pm 5.11^{d,e}$	$8.68 \pm 1.36^{f,g}$

Note: EGCG = epigallocatechin gallate; OA = oleanolic acid; ASC = ascorbic acid; LYS = lysine; crude proteins and their hydrolysates extracted using various media, including sodium hydroxide (SHE), DI water (WTE), ascorbic acid (AAE), citric acid (CAE), and hydrochloric acid (HCE); N/A = not available. Lowercase letters (a, b, c, d, e, f, g, and h) indicate significant differences among *A. mellifera* larvae extracts. The identical letters represent values that do not exhibit statistically significant differences. The data were analyzed using One-Way ANOVA followed by Tukey's post-hoc test ($p < 0.05$).

Table S11. The p-values demonstrate statistically significant differences ($p < 0.05$, labeled in red) in collagenase inhibition among crude protein extracts and protein hydrolysates of *A. mellifera* larvae.

Samples	Group	EGCG	ASC	LYS	SHE		WTE		AAE		CAE		HCE	
					CP	PH								
EGCG	a	0.001	0.006	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.002	0.046	0.019	0.001	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
ASC	b,c,d,e	0.001		0.977	0.339	0.504	0.020	1.000	0.454	0.743	1.000	0.036	0.811	0.506
LYS	b,c,d	0.006	0.977		0.049	0.084	0.002	0.999	0.985	1.000	0.991	0.004	0.201	0.085
SHE	e,f	0.000	0.339	0.049		1.000	0.806	0.190	0.007	0.016	0.281	0.941	0.999	1.000
	d,e,f	0.000	0.504	0.084	1.000		0.628	0.303	0.012	0.028	0.430	0.822	1.000	1.000
WTE	CP	f	0.000	0.020	0.002	0.806	0.628		0.010	0.000	0.001	0.016	1.000	0.335
	PH	b,c,d,e	0.002	1.000	0.999	0.190	0.303	0.010		0.686	0.922	1.000	0.018	0.585
AAE	CP	b	0.046	0.454	0.985	0.007	0.012	0.000	0.686		1.000	0.530	0.001	0.030
	PH	b,c	0.019	0.743	1.000	0.016	0.028	0.001	0.922	1.000		0.814	0.002	0.070
CAE	CP	b,c,d,e	0.001	1.000	0.991	0.281	0.430	0.016	1.000	0.530	0.814		0.028	0.740
	PH	f	0.000	0.036	0.004	0.941	0.822	1.000	0.018	0.001	0.002	0.028		0.517
HCE	CP	c,d,e,f	0.000	0.811	0.201	0.999	1.000	0.335	0.585	0.030	0.070	0.740	0.517	1.000
	PH	d,e,f	0.000	0.506	0.085	1.000	1.000	0.625	0.305	0.012	0.028	0.432	0.820	1.000

Note: EGCG = epigallocatechin gallate; ASC = ascorbic acid; LYS = lysine; CP = crude proteins; PH = protein hydrolysates; PHs were obtained from CPs extracted using various media, including sodium hydroxide (SHE), DI water (WTE), ascorbic acid (AAE), citric acid (CAE), and hydrochloric acid (HCE). The identical letters (a, b, c, d, e, and f) represent values that do not exhibit statistically significant differences among *A. mellifera* larvae extracts, while differing letters indicate significant differences. The data were analyzed using One-Way ANOVA followed by Tukey's post-hoc test ($p < 0.05$).

Table S12. Tukey's HSD test results ($\alpha = 0.05$) for collagenase inhibition among crude protein extracts and protein hydrolysates of *A. mellifera* larvae.

Samples	Subset for alpha = 0.05						Group
	a	b	c	d	e	f	

EGCG	75.7432									a
AAE-CP	48.1141									b
AAE-PH	44.5373	44.5373								b,c
LYS	39.8644	39.8644	39.8644							b,c,d
WTE-PH	34.0022	34.0022	34.0022	34.0022						b,c,d,e
CAE-CP	32.1070	32.1070	32.1070	32.1070	32.1070					b,c,d,e
ASC	31.1501	31.1501	31.1501	31.1501	31.1501					b,c,d,e
HCE-CP		18.6734	18.6734	18.6734	18.6734	18.6734				c,d,e,f
HCE-PH			14.8458	14.8458	14.8458	14.8458				d,e,f
SHE-PH			14.8180	14.8180	14.8180	14.8180				d,e,f
SHE-CP				12.5416	12.5416	12.5416				e,f
CAE-PH					2.5084	2.5084				f
WTE-CP					0.0000	0.0000				f

Note: EGCG = epigallocatechin gallate; ASC = ascorbic acid; LYS = lysine; CP = crude proteins; PH = proteins hydrolysates; PHs were obtained from CPs extracted using various media, including sodium hydroxide (SHE), DI water (WTE), ascorbic acid (AAE), citric acid (CAE), and hydrochloric acid (HCE). The identical letters (a, b, c, d, e, and f) represent values that do not exhibit statistically significant differences among *A. mellifera* larvae extracts, while differing letters indicate significant differences. The data were analyzed using One-Way ANOVA followed by Tukey's post-hoc test ($p < 0.05$).

Table S13. The p-values demonstrate statistically significant differences ($p < 0.05$, labeled in red) in hyaluronidase inhibition among crude protein extracts and protein hydrolysates of *A. mellifera* larvae.

Samples	Group	OA	ASC	LYS	SHE		WTE		AAE		CAE		HCE	
					CP	PH								
OA	a		0.000	0.000	0.573	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
ASC	h	0.000		0.011	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.040	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
LYS	g	0.000	0.011		0.000	0.154	0.000	0.000	0.000	1.000	0.005	0.091	0.000	0.964
SHE	CP	a	0.573	0.000	0.000		0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
	PH	e,f,g	0.000	0.000	0.154	0.000		0.000	0.000	0.006	0.225	0.932	1.000	0.072
WTE	CP	b	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000		0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
	PH	c	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000		0.096	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.008	0.000
AAE	CP	c,d	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.006	0.000	0.096		0.000	0.170	0.011	0.995
	PH	g	0.000	0.000	1.000	0.000	0.225	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.013	0.145	0.000	0.969
CAE	CP	d,e,f	0.000	0.000	0.005	0.000	0.932	0.000	0.000	0.170	0.013		0.028	0.740
	PH	e,f,g	0.000	0.000	0.091	0.000	1.000	0.000	0.000	0.011	0.145	0.028		0.517
HCE	CP	d,e	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.072	0.000	0.008	0.995	0.000	0.740	0.517	
	PH	f,g	0.000	0.000	0.964	0.000	0.874	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.969	0.432	0.820	1.000

Note: OA = oleanolic acid; ASC = ascorbic acid; LYS = lysine; CP = crude proteins; PH = proteins hydrolysates; PHs were obtained from CPs extracted using various media, including sodium hydroxide (SHE), DI water (WTE), ascorbic acid (AAE), citric acid (CAE), and hydrochloric acid (HCE). The identical letters (a, b, c, d, e, f, g, and h) represent values that do not exhibit statistically significant differences among *A. mellifera* larvae extracts, while differing letters indicate significant differences. The data were analyzed using One-Way ANOVA followed by Tukey's post-hoc test ($p < 0.05$).

Table S14. Tukey's HSD test results ($\alpha = 0.05$) for hyaluronidase inhibition among crude protein extracts and protein hydrolysates of *A. mellifera* larvae.

Samples	Subset for alpha = 0.05								Group
	a	b	c	d	e	f	g	h	
OA	85.6566								a
SHE-CP	78.1451								a
WTE-CP		56.4032							b
WTE-PH			37.5762						c
AAE-CP				27.5384	27.5384				c,d
HCE-CP					24.2360	24.2360			d,e
CAE-CP						18.3922	18.3922		d,e,f
CAE-PH							14.6003	14.6003	e,f,g
SHE-PH							13.7870	13.7870	e,f,g
HCE-PH								8.6820	f,g
LYS								4.4834	g
AAE-PH								4.0916	g
ASC								0.0000	h

Note: OA = oleanolic acid; ASC = ascorbic acid; LYS = lysine; CP = crude proteins; PH = proteins hydrolysates; PHs were obtained from CPs extracted using various media, including sodium hydroxide (SHE), DI water (WTE), ascorbic acid (AAE), citric acid (CAE), and hydrochloric acid (HCE). The identical letters (a, b, c, d, e, f, g, and h) represent values that do not exhibit statistically significant differences among *A. mellifera* larvae extracts, while differing letters indicate significant differences. The data were analyzed using One-Way ANOVA followed by Tukey's post-hoc test ($p < 0.05$).