pharmaceuticals

Correction

Correction: Plyasova et al. Penetration into Cancer Cells via Clathrin-Dependent Mechanism Allows L-Asparaginase from *Rhodospirillum rubrum* to Inhibit Telomerase. *Pharmaceuticals* 2020, *13*, 286

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In the original publication [1], there was a mistake in Figure 3 as published. This accident occurred as a result of working with many captures. The corrected Figure 3 appears below. The authors state that the scientific conclusions are unaffected. This correction was approved by the Academic Editor. The original publication has also been updated.

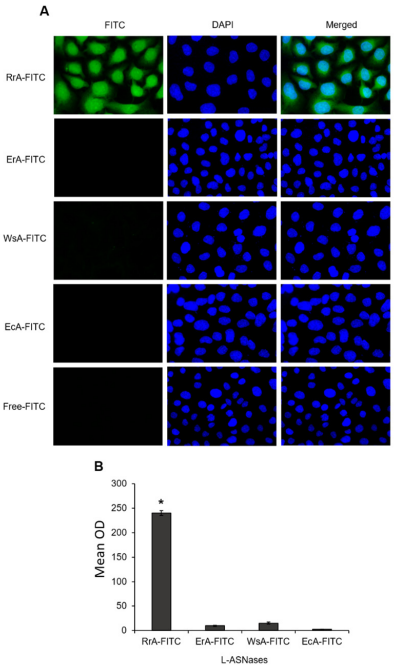

Figure 3. Induction of FITC-positive cells after treatment with FITC-conjugated L-ASNases. (**A**) Representative fluorescent microscopy images of SKBR3 cell incubated with different FITC-conjugated L-ASNases for 12 h and stained with DAPI (green, FITC, and blue, DAPI, magnification ×40). (**B**) Quantification of the FITC mean optical density (OD) in cells. * $p \leq 0.05$ vs. cells incubated with free FITC.

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Reference

1. Plyasova, A.A.; Pokrovskaya, M.V.; Lisitsyna, O.M.; Pokrovsky, V.S.; Alexandrova, S.S.; Hilal, A.; Sokolov, N.N.; Zhdanov, D.D. Penetration into Cancer Cells via Clathrin-Dependent Mechanism Allows L-Asparaginase from *Rhodospirillum rubrum* to Inhibit Telomerase. *Pharmaceuticals* **2020**, *13*, 286. [CrossRef] [PubMed]

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