

**Table S4.** Main characteristics of the current study and those referred to within the discussion and conclusions.

Publication	Study setting	Traffic noise source	Acoustical variables	Noise ranges	Non-acoustical variables	Outcome
Current study	Field study	Road, rail, aircraft	$L_{Aeq,night}$ , number of events, etc.	$L_{Aeq,night}$ : 19 – 49 dB, number of events: 0 - 924	Sleep quality, adaptation to traffic noise, assessment of transportation source, etc.	Short-term annoyance
[8]	Meta-Analysis	Aircraft, road, railway	Day-night level (DNL), day-evening-night level (DENL) calculated for outside	DENL and DNL: 45 – 75 dB(A)	-	Long-term annoyance
[11]	Questionnaire survey	Road, railway, aircraft	DENL, Intermittency Ratio (IR) calculated for outside	DENL: 30 – 85 B(A)	Age, sex, education level, etc.	Long-term annoyance
[12]	Field study	Railway, aircraft	Number of events, duration of events, $L_{Aeq}$ , etc. measured inside	Number of railway events: 0 - 150	Age, gender	Short-term annoyance
[15]	Questionnaire survey	Road	DENL, number of events, maximal noise level, $L_{eq,night}$ , etc. measured outside	$L_{Aeq,night}$ : 32 – 74 dB	Subjective noise sensitivity, age, length of residence, etc.	Long-term annoyance
[16]	Field study	Railway	$L_{Aeq,night}$ , number of events measured inside	Number of events: 8 - 183	Adaptation to traffic noise, subjective perception of noise load, length of residence, noise sensitivity, etc.	Short-term annoyance, self-reported sleep disturbances, pre-annoyance
[17]	Laboratory and field study	Aircraft	$L_{Aeq,night}$ , number of events measured inside	$L_{Aeq,night}$ : approximately 20 – 50 dB, number of events: 4 - 100	Age, adaption to traffic noise, pre-annoyance due to traffic noise, etc.	Short-term annoyance

**Table S4.** (continued)

Publication	Study setting	Traffic noise source	Acoustical variables	Noise ranges	Non-acoustical variables	Outcome
[19]	Field study	Aircraft	$L_{Aeq,night}$ , number of events	$L_{Aeq,night}$ : 0 – 50 dB	Long-term annoyance, noise sensitivity, adaption to traffic noise, etc.	Short-term annoyance
[21]	Review	Aircraft	Maximum sound pressure level ( $L_{Amax}$ ), $L_{Aeq}$ , Sound-exposure level ( $SEL$ )	$L_{Aeq}$ : 35 – 75 dB, $L_{Amax}$ : 30 – 110 dB, $SEL$ : < 75 – 95+ dB	Short-term annoyance, sleep disturbance, tiredness, etc.	Long-term annoyance, health effects, etc.
[22]	Field study	Aircraft	$L_{Amax}$ , number of events, $L_{Aeq}$ , etc. measured outside	-	Long-term annoyance, noise sensitivity, time of day, domestic noise insulation, etc.	Short-term annoyance
[34]	Field study	Road	$L_{Aeq}$ measured inside and outside	Outside: < 45 -65+ dB(A)	Window position, sound insulation, etc.	Difference between external and internal sound level
[35]	Field study	Road, aircraft	$L_{Amax}$ measured inside and outside	Outside: approximately 35 - 90 dB(A), inside: approximately 20 – 70 dB(A)	Window position	Difference between external and internal sound pressure level
[37]	Meta-Analysis	Aircraft	Number of movements derived from survey reports and airport data	-	-	Community Tolerance Level ( $CTL$ )
[38]	Review	Aircraft	Number of movements, $DNL$	-	-	$CTL$

**Table S4.** (continued)

Publication	Study setting	Traffic noise source	Acoustical variables	Noise ranges	Non-acoustical variables	Outcome
[39]	Laboratory study	Road	$L_{Aeq}$	44 - 64 dB(A)	Gender	Subjective and objective sleep quality, performance,
[40]	Field study	Road	Number of events above threshold, $L_{Aeq}$ Measured outside	Number of events above threshold: 75 – 85 dB(A)	Noise sensitivity, medical symptoms, mood, etc.	Self-reported Sleep disturbance, Long-term annoyance
[41]	Laboratory study	Road	Number of events, Maximum $L_{Aeq}$	Number of events: 4 – 128, Maximum $L_{Aeq}$ : 45 – 60 dB	Noise sensitivity	Mood, performance, self-reported sleep disturbance, etc.
[42]	Questionnaire survey	Railway	$DENL$ calculated for outside	40 – 90 dB(A)	Assessment of transportation mode, concern about harmful effects, noise sensitivity, etc.	Long-term annoyance
[43]	Questionnaire survey	Road, railway	$L_{Aeq}$ calculated for outside	-	Subjective perception of noise load, noise disturbance, noise sensitivity, etc.	Long-term annoyance
[44]	Field study	Aircraft	$L_{Aeq}$ , number of events above threshold, etc. calculated for outside	$L_{Aeq}$ daytime: 41 – 62 dB, nighttime: 24 – 57 dB	Long-term annoyance, noise disturbance, aircraft-related fears, etc.	Short-term annoyance
[45]	Meta-Analysis	Road, railway, aircraft	$DNL$ calculated for outside	45 – 75 dB(A)	-	Long-term annoyance
[46]	Laboratory study	Road, railway, aircraft	$L_{Amax}$ , frequency, $L_{Aeq}$	$L_{Aeq}$ : 40 – 85 dB, $L_{Amax}$ : 42 – 95 dB	Noise sensitivity, age, gender	Short-term annoyance

Table S4. (continued)

Publication	Study setting	Traffic noise source	Acoustical variables	Noise ranges	Non-acoustical variables	Outcome
[47]	Laboratory study	Road, railway, aircraft	$L_{Amax}$ , $L_{Aeq}$ , duration, rise time	$L_{Amax}$ : 70 and 80 dB(A), $L_{Aeq}$ : 48 – 64 dB	Noise sensitivity, general annoyance	Short-term annoyance
[48]	Questionnaire study	Road, railway, aircraft	-	-	Social status, owner vs tenant of the residence, <del>marital</del> <a href="#">marital</a> status	Long-term annoyance
[49]	Laboratory study	Road, railway	$L_{Aeq}$	50 – 55 dB(A)	-	Loudness
[50]	Meta-Analysis	Road, railway, aircraft	<a href="#">Noise and Number Index (NNI)</a> , $L_{Aeq}$ calculated for outside	<a href="#">NNI: 15 – 65 dB</a> , <a href="#">L<sub>Aeq</sub>: 30 – 80 dB</a>	<a href="#">Attitudes, timing of noise events, experience with noise source, etc.</a>	Long-term annoyance
[51]	Laboratory study	Road	$SEL$ , frequency,	Civil vehicles $SEL$ indoors: 40 – 67 dB(A), $SEL$ outdoors: 54 – 81 dB(A)	-	Short-term annoyance
[52]	Review	-	$L_{Aeq}$	-	Noise sensitivity, general attitudes, local circumstances, etc.	Short-term and long-term annoyance