

Table S1. Eco efficiency indexes of technology presented in literature.

| Index | Mathematical model | Ref. |
|---|--|------------|
| Environmental productivity (EP) | $EP = Q_V/E_I$ | (1) [1] |
| Environmental intensity of production ($EIoP$) | $EIoP = E_I/Q_V$ | (2) [1] |
| Environmental improvement cost (EIC) | $EIC = IC/IE_I$ | (3) [1] |
| Environmental cost-effectiveness (ECE) | $ECE = IE_I/IC$ | (4) [1] |
| Material Input per Service Unit ($MIPS$) | $MIPS = MI/S$ | (5) [2] |
| Factor X (FX) | $FX = EE_{EP}/EE_{RP}$ | (6) [3] |
| Total CO ₂ efficiency (Eff_{CO_2tot}) | $Eff_{CO_2tot} = P/E_{CO_2(t+D)}$ | (7) [4] |
| Direct CO ₂ efficiency (Eff_{CO_2dir}) | $Eff_{CO_2dir} = AV/E_{CO_2(D)}$ | (8) [4] |
| Indirect CO ₂ efficiency (Eff_{CO_2indir}) | $Eff_{CO_2indir} = C/E_{CO_2(I)}$ | (9) [4] |
| Integrated life cycle efficiency indicator ($E(t)$) | $E(t) = U(t)/N(t) = \sum U_i/(N_W + \sum N_i + N_z)$ | (10) [5,6] |

Q_V —production value, E_I —environmental index, IC —improvement cost, IE_I —environmental improvement index, MI —material input, S —service unit, EE_{EP} —eco-efficiency of the product, EE_{RP} —eco-efficiency of reference product, P —manufacturer's price $E_{CO_2(t+D)}$ —emission of CO indirect, direct, $E_{CO_2(D)}$ —CO₂ direct emission $E_{CO_2(I)}$ —CO₂ indirect emission, $U(t)$ —benefits in the life cycle, $N(t)$ —outlays in the life cycle, t —time of use, U_i —benefits in the time of i -th year of use, N_W —outlays at the manufacturing stage, N_i —outlays in the time of the i -th year of use, N_z —outlays in the post use management.

Table S2. Environmental assessment indexes for grinding according to literature.

| Index | Mathematical Model | Ref. |
|---|---|-------------|
| Ecological efficiency (e_{EKO}) | $e_{EKO} = \Delta E_{EKO}/K_{EKO} = E_{ur}/m_{CO_2}$ | (1) [7] |
| Non destructivity (D) | $D = f(L_{FCO_{2eq}} - L_{ACO_{2eq}})/E_{eCO_{2eq}} \Rightarrow \min$ | (2) [8] |
| Material energy efficiency index ($E(m)$) | $E(m) = U(m)/N(m) = \sum U_j m / \sum N_j m$ | (3) [9] |
| Sustainable emissivity ($e_{zrów}$) | $e_{zrów} = P_R \cdot 1 / \Delta E_{eco} \cdot t_R$ | (4) [10,11] |

e_{EKO} —ecological efficiency index, K_{EKO} —use of natural resources, ΔE_{EKO} —increase in ecological benefits, E_{ur} —yearly average ecological benefit (elimination of emission), $g_{ekw}CO_2 \cdot kg^{-1}$ of ground product, m_{CO_2} —yearly average emission expenditures, $g_{ekw}CO_2 \cdot kg^{-1}$ of ground product, $L_{FCO_{2eq}}$ —level of CO_{2eq} emission from fossil fuels, $L_{ACO_{2eq}}$ —level of CO_{2eq} emission from alternative fuels, $E_{eCO_{2eq}}$ —electric energy corresponding to CO_{2eq} emission, $U(m)$ —benefit from energy and material use; $N(m)$ —expenditure involved in material manufacturing and preparing, m —unit mass of the combusted material, U_j —unit energy profits, N_j —unit energy expenditures for preparation of the considered process, ΔE_{eco} —ecological benefit increase, kWh, P_R —power consumption in the grinding process, kW, t_R —grinding time, h.

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