

Supporting Information

# Hybrid perovskites depth profiling with variable-size argon clusters and monatomic ions beams

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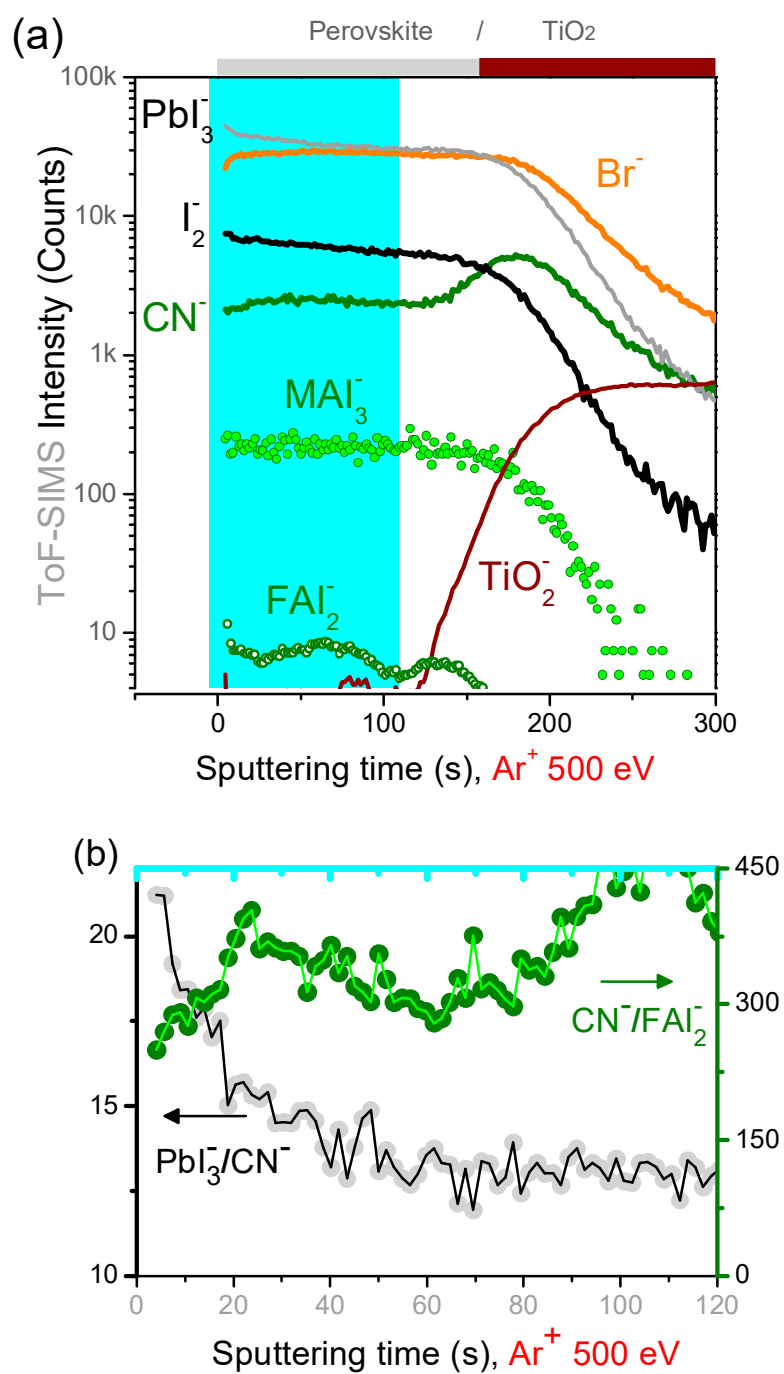
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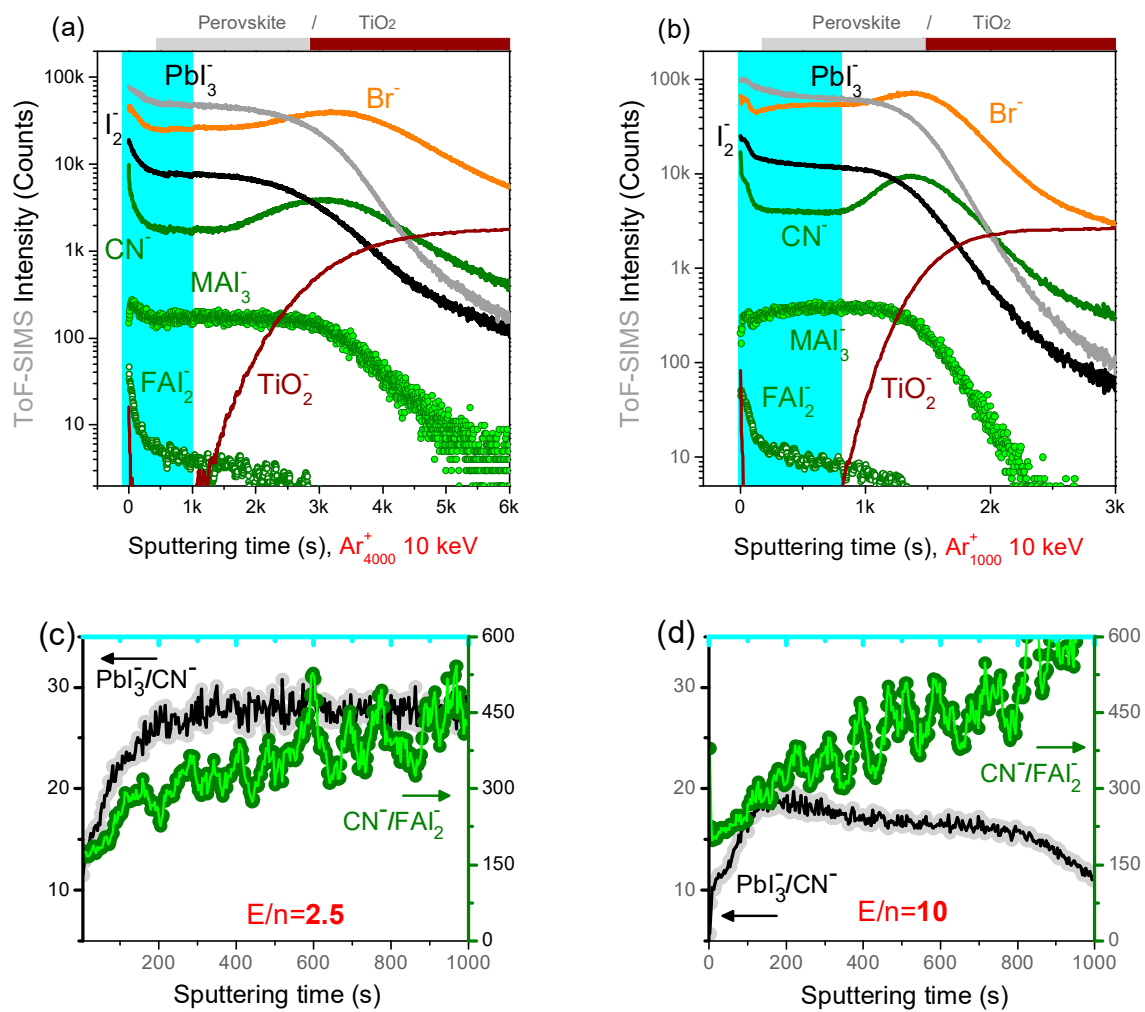
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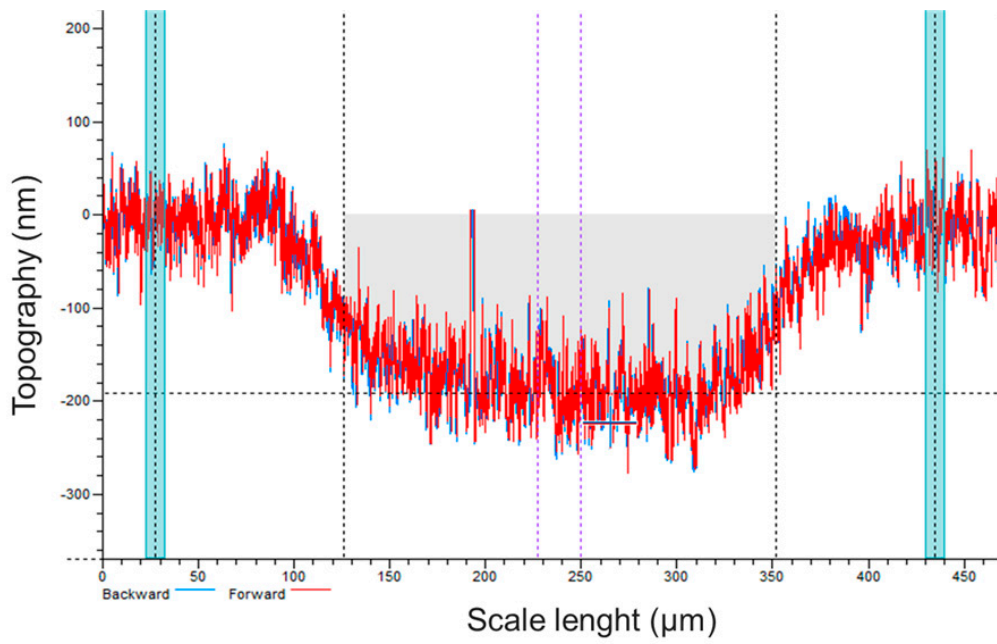
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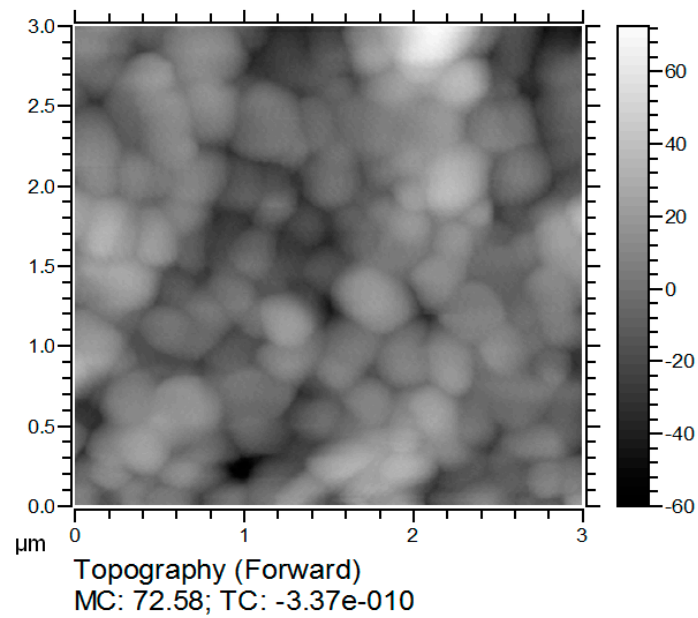
**Figure S1.** ToF-SIMS depth profiles acquired on Perovskite/cTiO<sub>2</sub> model samples obtained with 500 eV Ar<sup>+</sup> beam. The bottom panel (b) refers to the perovskite region and indicate (i) a preferential sputtering of inorganic species ( $\text{PbI}_3^-/\text{CN}^-$  ratio) and (ii) a slowly increasing fragmentation of organic molecules ( $\text{CN}^-/\text{FAI}_2^-$  curve).



**Figure S2.** ToF-SIMS depth profiles acquired on Perovskite/cTiO<sub>2</sub> model samples obtained with large cluster beams. Constant profiles indicate the non-accumulation of damages. (a, c) Ar<sub>4000</sub><sup>+</sup> at 10 keV (E/n=2.5 eV). (b, d) Ar<sub>1000</sub><sup>+</sup> at 10 keV (E/n=10 eV). Bottom panels refer to the perovskite region and indicate (i) a higher preferential sputtering of organic species with n=4000 clusters (PbI<sub>3</sub><sup>-</sup>/CN<sup>-</sup> ratios) and (ii) a similar fragmentation of organic molecules (CN<sup>-</sup>/FAI<sub>2</sub><sup>-</sup> curves).



**Figure S3.** AFM profile of the crater region (grey region) after 40 s of sputtering with  $\text{Ar}_{500}^+$  beam at 20 keV. The crater depth is  $\sim 200$  nm which corresponds to the sputtering yield of  $\sim 5$  nm/s.



**Figure S4.** AFM image of the pristine perovskite layer before the sputtering.