


Correction

Correction: Hankin et al. Second-Entry Burns Reduce Mid-Canopy Fuels and Create Resilient Forest Structure in Yosemite National Park, California. *Forests* 2022, 13, 1512

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Missing Citation

In the original publication [1], ref. [2] was not cited. The citation has now been inserted in **Section 2 Materials and Methods**, **Section 2.2. Data Sources**, **Paragraph 1** and should read as follows:

LiDAR metrics were developed according to methods outlined in Chamberlin et al. 2021 [52] and include standard FUSION metrics [53] and post-processed metrics, such as canopy cover by stratum (Figure 1), tree approximate objects (TAO, hereafter ‘tree density’), tree height metrics, structure class layers, and topographic metrics (Table S1).

The authors state that the scientific conclusions are unaffected. This correction was approved by the Academic Editor. The original publication has also been updated.

References

Because a new reference has been added in the Correction version, ref. [2] should be cited as ref. [52], both the citations and the References part in the corresponding text need to be revised. With this correction, the order of some references has been adjusted accordingly. The authors state that the scientific conclusions are unaffected. This correction was approved by the Academic Editor. The original publication has also been updated.

References

- Hankin, L.E.; Anderson, C.T. Second-Entry Burns Reduce Mid-Canopy Fuels and Create Resilient Forest Structure in Yosemite National Park, California. *Forests* **2022**, *13*, 1512. [\[CrossRef\]](#)
- Chamberlain, C.P.; Kane, V.R.; Case, M.J. Accelerating the development of structural complexity: Lidar analysis supports restoration as a tool in coastal Pacific Northwest forests. *For. Ecol. Manag.* **2021**, *500*, 119641. [\[CrossRef\]](#)

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