
Supplementary Information: A Comprehensive Review about the Molecular Structure of Severe Acute Respiratory Syndrome Coronavirus 2 (SARS-CoV-2): Insights into Natural Products against COVID-19

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Table S1. RT-PCR primers and probes for detecting SARS-CoV-2 in different institutes.

Institute	Gene	Probe (5'-3')	Forward primer (5'-3')	Reverse primer (5'-3')	Ref.
China CDC	ORF1ab	FAM-CCGTCTGCGGTATGTGGA AAGGTTATGG-BHQ1	CCCTGTGGTTTACACTTAA	ACGATTGTGCATCAGCTGA	[1]
	N	FAM-TTGCTGCTGCTTGACAGA TT-TAMRA	GGGAACTTCTCCTGCTAGAAT	CAGACATTGCTCTCAAGCTG	
US CDC	N1 target	FAM-ACCCCGCATTAC GTT TGGTGGACC-BHQ	GAC CCC AAA ATC AGC GAA AT	TCT GGT TAC TGC CAG TTG AAT CTG	[2]
	N2 target	FAM-ACAATTGCCCGCAGCGC TTCAG-BHQ1	TTA CAA ACA TTG GCC GCA AA	GCG CGA CAT TCC GAA'	
	N3 target	FAM-AYCACATTGGCACCCGCA ATCCTG-BHQ1	GC CTT GAA TAC ACC AAA A	TGT AGC ACG ATT GCA TTG	
France Pasteur Institute	RdRp1 target	HEX-AGATGTCTTGCTGCCG GTA-BHQ1	ATGAGCTTAGTCCTGTTG	CTCCCTTGTGTTGTGTTGT	[3]
	RdRp2 target	FAM-TCATACAAACCACGCCAG G-BHQ1	GGT TCG	CTG GG	
Japan National Institute of Infectious Disease	N	FAM-ATGTCGCGCATTGGCATG GA-BHQ	AAATTTGGGACCAGGAA	TGGCAGCTGTGTAGGTCAAC	[4]
Germany Charité	RdRp	FAM-CAGGTGGAACCTCATCAG GAGATGC-BBQ	GTGARATGGTCATGTGT G	CARATGTTAAASACACTATTAGCATA	[5]
	E	FAM-ACACTAGCCATCCTACTGCGCTTCG-BBQ	ACA TAATAGCGT	ATATTGCAGCAGTACGCACACA	
Thailand National Institute of Health	N	FAM-CAACTGGCAGTAACCA-BQH1	GGTGGACCCTCAGAT	ACTGCGTTCTCCATT	[6]
Hong Kong University	ORF1b sp14	FAM-TAGTTGTGATGCWATCATGACTAG-TAMRA	TGGGGYTTACRGGTAAACCT	AACRCGCTAACAAAGCAC	[7]
	N	FAM-GCAAATTGTCAATTGCGG-TAMRA	TAATCAGACAAGGAACGTGATT	CGAAGGTGTGACTTCCATG	

Table S2. Comparison of serological tests for COVID-19 detection.

Assay types	Detected antibodies	Specificity	Sensitivity	Ref.
Euroimmun (ELISA)	IgA	86.10%	83.65%	[8]
	IgG	98.60%	61.70%	
Maglumi™ (CLIA)	IgM	100.00%	58.70%	[8]
	IgG	100.00%	53.20%	
Alltest (LFA)	IgM	100.00%	28.90%	[9]
	IgG	100.00%	60.00%	
OrientGene (LFA)	IgM	95.10%	72.50%	[10]
	IgG	93.20%	68.00%	
VivaDiag (LFA)	IgM	100.00%	65.40%	[10]
	IgG	99.00%	62.80%	
StrongStep (LFA)	IgM	99.00%	32.00%	[10]
	IgG	99.00%	64.70%	
Dynamiker (LFA)	IgM	95.10%	69.30%	[10]
	IgG	99.00%	61.40%	
Multi-G (LFA)	IgM	91.30%	43.80%	[10]
	IgG	97.10%	64.70%	

Table S3. Some of Basidiomycetes fungi and their immunological bioactive materials.

Category	Source	Bioactive Agent	Immune Effects	Ref.
Lectins Fungal immunomodulatory proteins (FIPs)	<i>Volvariella volvacea</i>	Concanavalin A	Activating T lymphocytes	[11]
	<i>Clitocybe nebularis</i>	Ricin-B-like lectin	Stimulating dendritic cells (DCs) and cytokines	[12]
	<i>Flammulina velutipes</i>	FIP-fve	Stimulating lymphocyte mitogenesis, enhancing transcription of IL-2, IFN-, and TNF- α	[13]
	<i>Ganoderma atrum</i>	Fip-gat	Inducing apoptosis via autophagy	
	<i>Ganoderma tsugae</i>	Fip-gts	Inducing apoptosis via autophagy	[14]
	<i>Ganoderma sinensis</i>	FIP- gsi	Cytokines regulation (IL-2, IL-3, IL-4, IFN γ , TNF- α)	[15]
	<i>Lentinus tigrinus</i>	Fip-lti1, Fip-lti2	Cytokines regulation (TNF- α , IL-1 β , and IL-6)	[16]
	<i>Ganoderma lucidum</i> , <i>Flammulina velutipes</i> , <i>Volvariella volvacea</i>	FIP-SJ75	Activating macrophage M1 polarization and starting pro-inflammatory response	[17]
	<i>Volvariella volvacea</i>	Fip-vvo	Lymphocytes activator, cytokine regulation	[18]
	<i>Ganoderma lucidum</i>	Ling Zhi-8 (Lz-8)	T cell and macrophages activator, cytokine regulation	[19]
Polysaccharides	<i>Agaricus bisporus</i> , <i>Agaricus brasiliensis</i> , <i>Ganoderma lucidum</i>	Glucans	Inducing synthesis of IFN- γ	[20]
	<i>Grifola frondosa</i>	Glucans	Activating macrophages, NK cells, lymphokines and cytokines	[21]
	<i>Morchella esculenta</i> , <i>Morchella conica</i>	Galactomannan	Activating macrophages and cytokines	[22]
	<i>Grifola frondosa</i>	Grifolan	Activating macrophages and lymphokines	[23]
	<i>Lentinus edodes</i>	Lentinan	T-cell-oriented adjuvant	[23]
	<i>Ganoderma lucidum</i>	PS-G	Activating macrophages and T lymphocytes	[24]
	<i>Schizophyllum commune</i>	Schizophyllan	Activating T cell, increasing interleukin and TNF- α production	[25]

	<i>Ganoderma applanatum</i>	Exobiopolymers	Activating NK cell	[26]
Terpenoids	<i>Ganoderma lucidum</i>	Ganolucidoid A and B	NO production, anti-inflammatory activities	[11]
	<i>Hypholoma fasciculare</i>	Lanostane	NO production, anti-inflammatory activities	[27]

Table S4. Antivirals derived from marine algae after [28].

Compound	Source	Virus	Ref.
Calcium spirulan	<i>Arthrospira platensis</i> (Cyanobacteria)	HSV-1 replication; Measles replication; Mumps replication; Influenza replication; Polio replication; Coxsackie replication; HIV-1 replication; HCMV replication; Selectively inhibition of penetration into host cells	[29]
Cyanovirin-N	<i>Nostoc ellipsosporum</i> (Cyanobacteria)	HIV-1 and HIV-2 replication and fusion	[30]
Fucoidan	<i>Fucus vesiculosus</i> (Brown seaweed)	HSV-1 and HSV-2; HCMV; VSV; Sinbis virus; HIV-1 RT	[31]
Galactan Sulfate	<i>Aghardhiella tenera</i> (Red seaweed)	HIV-1 and HIV-1 CPE and syncytia formation; HIV-1 binding to host cells; Binding of anti-gpl20 mAb to HIV-1 gpl20; Other enveloped viruses (herpes viruses, togaviruses, arenaviruses, etc.)	[32]
Griffithsin	<i>Griffithsia</i> spp (Red algae)	HIV-1 glycoproteins (e.g., gpl20, gp41 and gpl60)	[33]
Sea algal extract	<i>Schizymenia pacifica</i> (Red algae)	HIV-RT and RMLV-RT	[34]
Naviculan	<i>Navicula directa</i> (Diatom)	HSV-1 and HSV-2 adhesion, penetration and replication	[35]

Herpes simplex virus (HSV), human immunodeficiency (HIV), human cytomegalovirus (HCMV), vesicular stomatitis (VSV) and rauscher murine leukemia virus (RMLV).

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