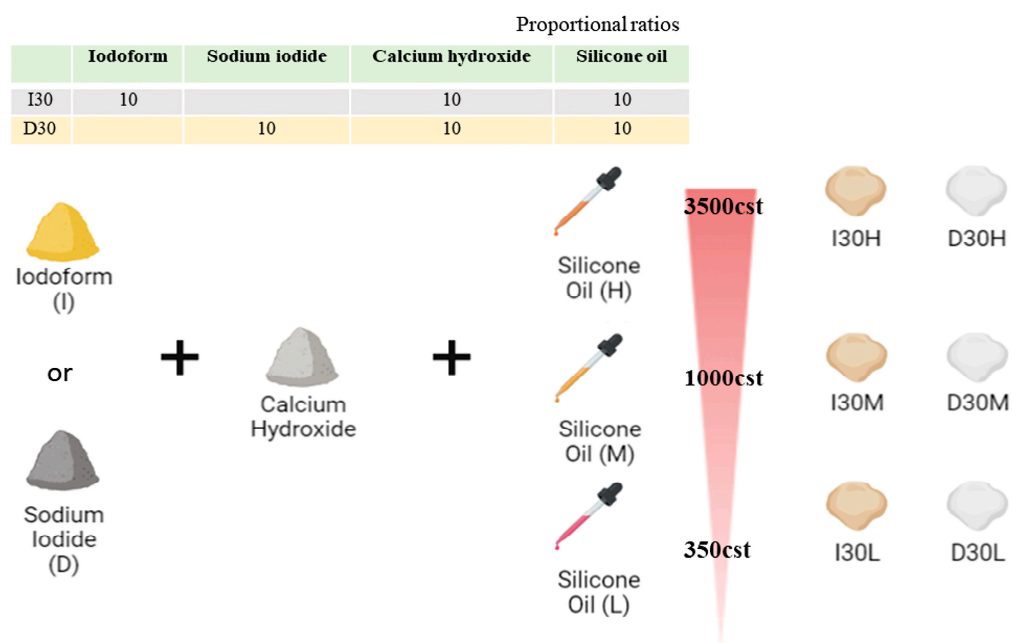
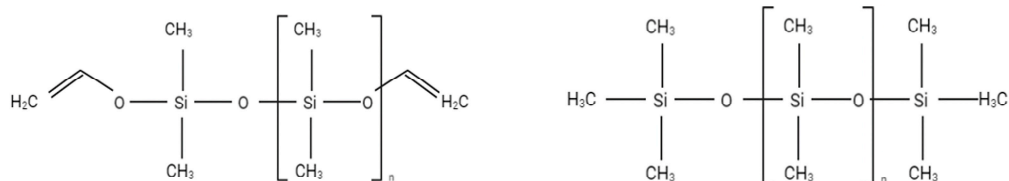


Supplemental Table S1. Manufacturer and Chemical composition of material used in present study

Materials	Composition, details	Manufacturer
I30H	Calcium Hydroxide 33.3%	Sigma–Aldrich, Burlington, MA, USA
	Iodoform 33.3%	Alfa Aesar, Heysham, LA 2XY, UK
	Silicone Oil 33.3%	Sylgard 184, Dow Corning Co., Midland, MI, USA
I30M	Calcium Hydroxide 33.3%	Sigma–Aldrich, Burlington, MA, USA
	Iodoform 33.3%	Alfa Aesar, Heysham, LA 2XY, UK
	Silicone Oil 33.3%	Shin-Etsu Silicone KF-96, Shin-Etsu Chemical Co., Tokyo, Japan
I30L	Calcium Hydroxide 33.3%	Sigma–Aldrich, Burlington, MA, USA
	Iodoform 33.3%	Alfa Aesar, Heysham, LA 2XY, UK
	Silicone Oil 33.3%	Shin-Etsu Silicone KF-96, Shin-Etsu Chemical Co., Tokyo, Japan
D30H	Calcium Hydroxide 33.3%	Sigma–Aldrich, Burlington, MA, USA
	Sodium Iodide 33.3%	Sigma–Aldrich, Burlington, MA, USA
	Silicone Oil 33.3%	Sylgard 184, Dow Corning Co., Midland, MI, USA
D30M	Calcium Hydroxide 33.3%	Sigma–Aldrich, Burlington, MA, USA
	Sodium Iodide 33.3%	Sigma–Aldrich, Burlington, MA, USA
	Silicone Oil 33.3%	Shin-Etsu Silicone KF-96, Shin-Etsu Chemical Co., Tokyo, Japan
D30L	Calcium Hydroxide 33.3%	Sigma–Aldrich, Burlington, MA, USA
	Sodium Iodide 33.3%	Sigma–Aldrich, Burlington, MA, USA
	Silicone Oil 33.3%	Shin-Etsu Silicone KF-96, Shin-Etsu Chemical Co., Tokyo, Japan



Supplemental Figure S1. Schematic figure of mixed materials.




Sylgard 184 silicone elastomer (Polydimethylsiloxane)

KF-96 (dimethylpolysiloxane)

Supplemental Figure S2. Chemical structure of silicone oil H and silicone oil M, L.

	I30L	D30L
Flow	-	↑
Film Thickness	-	↓
Radiopacity	-	-
Solubility	↓	-
pH	-	↑
Ion release	-	↑
Viscosity	-	↓
Injection Force	-	↓
Filling Ability	-	↑
Filling Removability	-	↑
Cell Viability	↑	-
Osteoclast Differentiation	-	↓
mRNA expression	-	↓



Supplemental Figure S3. Summary of overall experiments on I30L and D30L. Except for solubility, D30L exhibited better physicochemical and biological outcomes.