


Correction

Correction: Lian et al. The Relationship between Residential Block Forms and Building Carbon Emissions to Achieve Carbon Neutrality Goals: A Case Study of Wuhan, China. *Sustainability* 2023, 15, 15751

Haitao Lian ^{1,2}, Junhan Zhang ³, Gaomei Li ^{4,5,*}  and Rui Ren ^{1,6}

¹ School of Architecture, Tianjin University, Tianjin 300072, China; lianhaitao@hebeu.edu.cn (H.L.); rui.ren@polimi.it (R.R.)

² School of Architecture and Design, Hebei University of Engineering, Handan 056038, China

³ Stuart Weitzman School of Design, University of Pennsylvania, Philadelphia, PA 19104, USA; apply_zjunhan2023@163.com

⁴ School of Architecture & Urban Planning, Huazhong University of Science and Technology, Wuhan 430030, China

⁵ Hubei Engineering and Technology Research Center of Urbanization, Wuhan 430074, China

⁶ Department of Architecture and Urban Studies, Politecnico di Milano, 20158 Milan, Italy

* Correspondence: li_gm@hust.edu.cn; Tel.: +86-13381390393

The authors would like to make the following corrections to their published paper [1].

Replacing the Acknowledgments:

The authors would like to thank all of the reviewers for their valuable contributions to this work.

with the following:

The authors would like to thank all of the reviewers for their valuable contributions to this work. This is a translation, revision, and expansion of “The Impact Mechanisms of Residential Block Forms on Carbon Emissions and Design Strategies”, which was originally published in Chinese by the China Society of Urban Planning, in *People’s Cities, Planning for Empowerment—Proceedings of the 2023 China Urban Planning Annual Conference (19 Housing and Community Planning)*, **2023**, *13*, 1–13. This translated, revised, and expanded version was prepared by Haitao Lian, Junhan Zhang, Gaomei Li, and Rui Ren with support from the Fundamental Research Funds for the Central Universities (YCJJ20230576), the Cyrus Tang Foundation Inclusive Urban Planning and Research Scholarship (2022009), and the Hebei Province Social Science Fund project (HB19YS039). Permission was granted by the China Society of Urban Planning, Gaomei Li, and Shen Xu.

The authors and the Editorial Office would like to apologize for any inconvenience caused to the readers and state that the scientific conclusions are unaffected. The original article has been updated.



Received: 23 December 2024

Accepted: 31 December 2024

Published: 6 January 2025

Citation: Lian, H.; Zhang, J.; Li, G.; Ren, R. Correction: Lian et al. The Relationship between Residential Block Forms and Building Carbon Emissions to Achieve Carbon Neutrality Goals: A Case Study of Wuhan, China. *Sustainability* **2023**, *15*, 15751. *Sustainability* **2025**, *17*, 359. <https://doi.org/10.3390/su17010359>

Copyright: © 2025 by the authors. Licensee MDPI, Basel, Switzerland. This article is an open access article distributed under the terms and conditions of the Creative Commons Attribution (CC BY) license (<https://creativecommons.org/licenses/by/4.0/>).

Reference

1. Lian, H.; Zhang, J.; Li, G.; Ren, R. The Relationship between Residential Block Forms and Building Carbon Emissions to Achieve Carbon Neutrality Goals: A Case Study of Wuhan, China. *Sustainability* **2023**, *15*, 15751. [[CrossRef](#)]

Disclaimer/Publisher's Note: The statements, opinions and data contained in all publications are solely those of the individual author(s) and contributor(s) and not of MDPI and/or the editor(s). MDPI and/or the editor(s) disclaim responsibility for any injury to people or property resulting from any ideas, methods, instructions or products referred to in the content.