

Supplementary Materials: Evidence for Naturally Produced Beauvericins Containing *N*-Methyl-Tyrosine in *Hypocreales* Fungi

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Table 1. HILIC–ion trap mass spectrometry characteristics of the reference amino and hydroxy acids.

Amino or hydroxy acid	Retention Time (min)	Observed <i>m/z</i>	Ion Species
<i>N</i> -methyl-phenylalanine	8.0	180.1	[M + H] ⁺
<i>N</i> -methyl-tyrosine	10.2	196.2	[M + H] ⁺
<i>N</i> -methyl-valine	9.6	132.1	[M + H] ⁺
<i>N</i> -methyl-leucine	8.2	146.2	[M + H] ⁺
<i>N</i> -methyl-isoleucine	8.5	146.2	[M + H] ⁺
D-hydroxy-isovaleric acid	5.7	117.2	[M – H] [–]

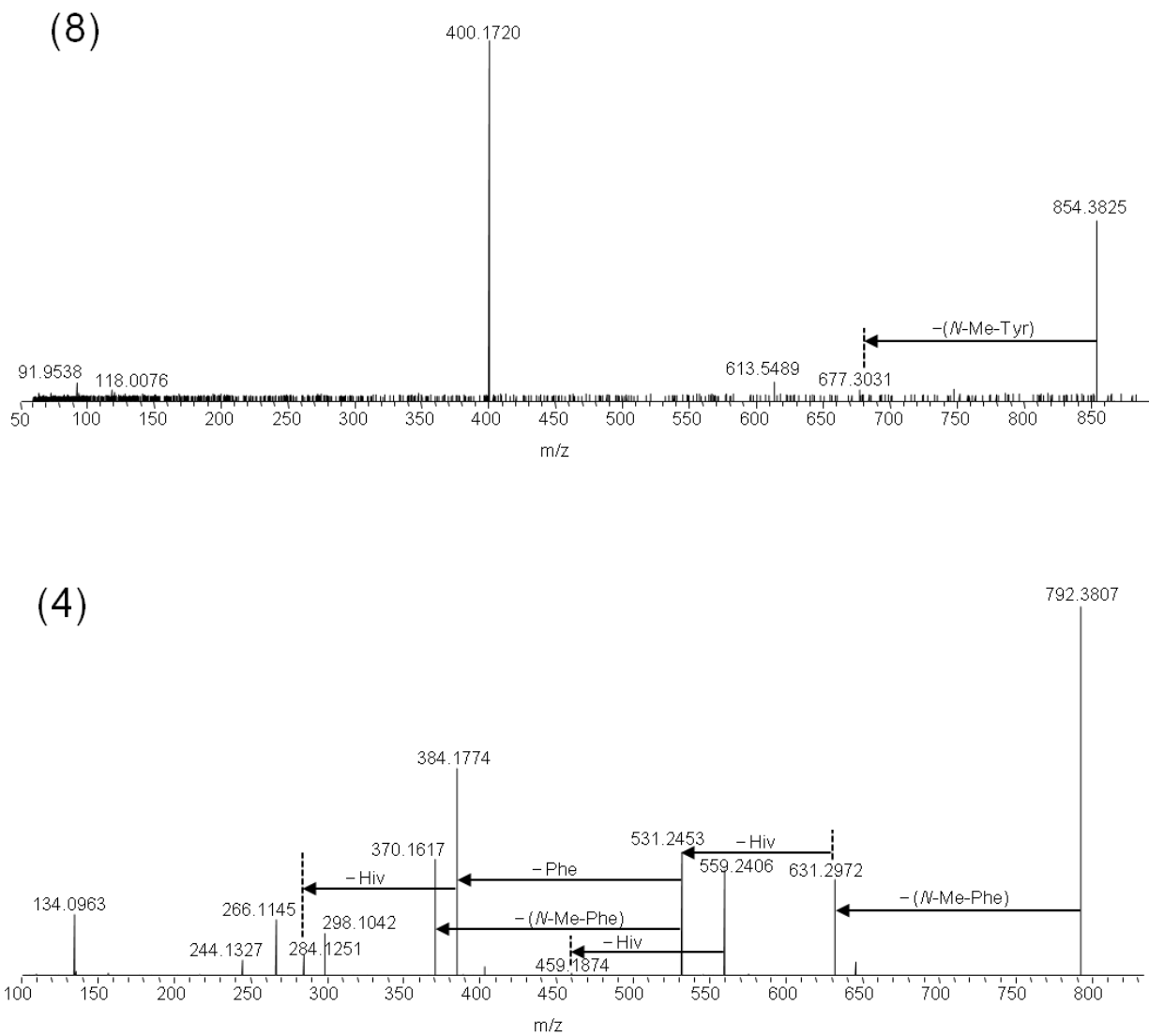


Figure 1. LC/HRMS² spectra of the [M + Na]⁺ ions of beauvericin analogues: beauvericin L (8) containing N-methyl-tyrosine and beauvericin D (4) containing phenylalanine.

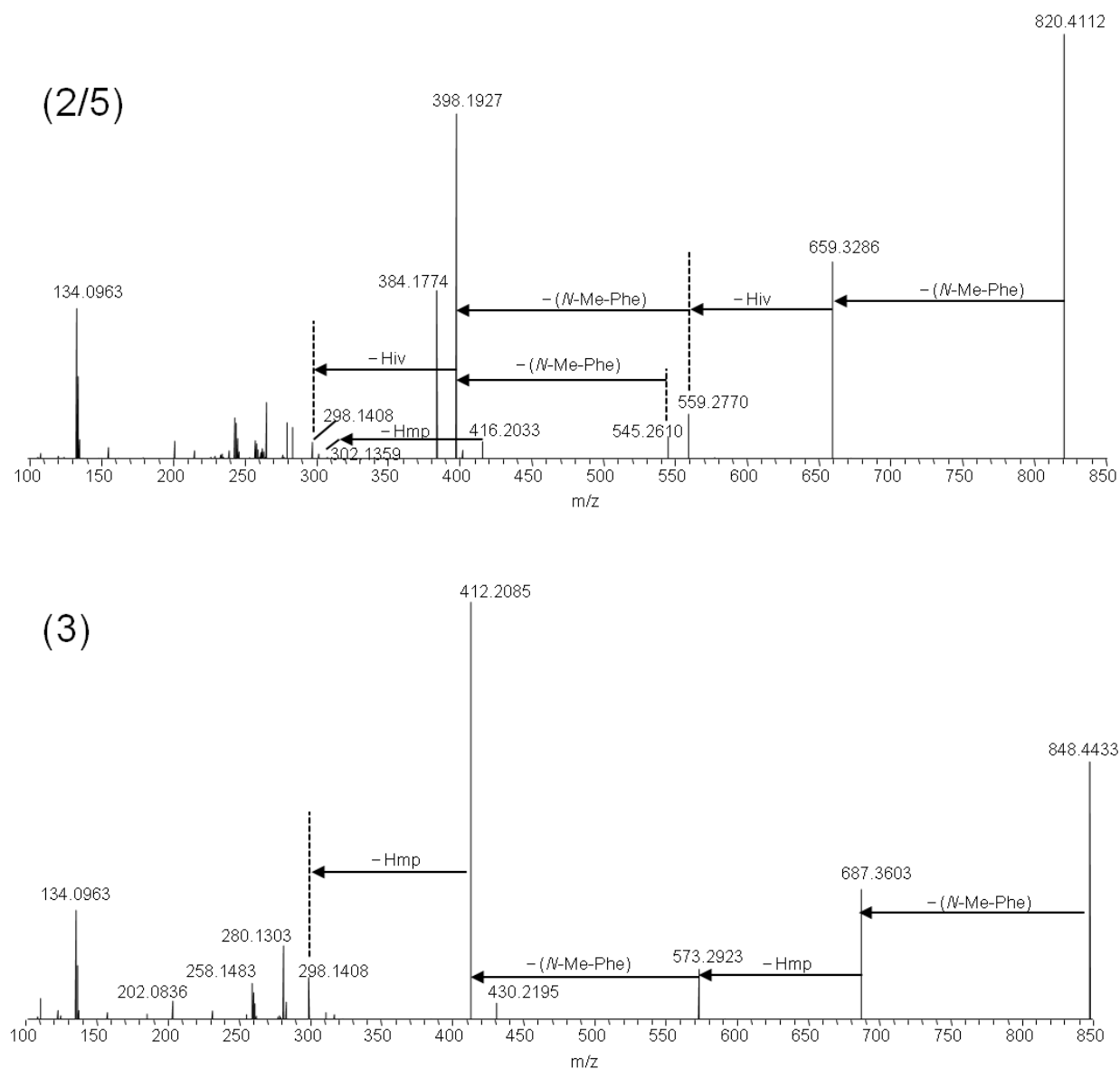


Figure 2. LC/HRMS² spectra of the $[M + Na]^+$ ions of beavericin analogues containing D-Hmp (2-hydroxyisocaproic acid) group: beavericin A/F (2/5) and beavericin C (3).

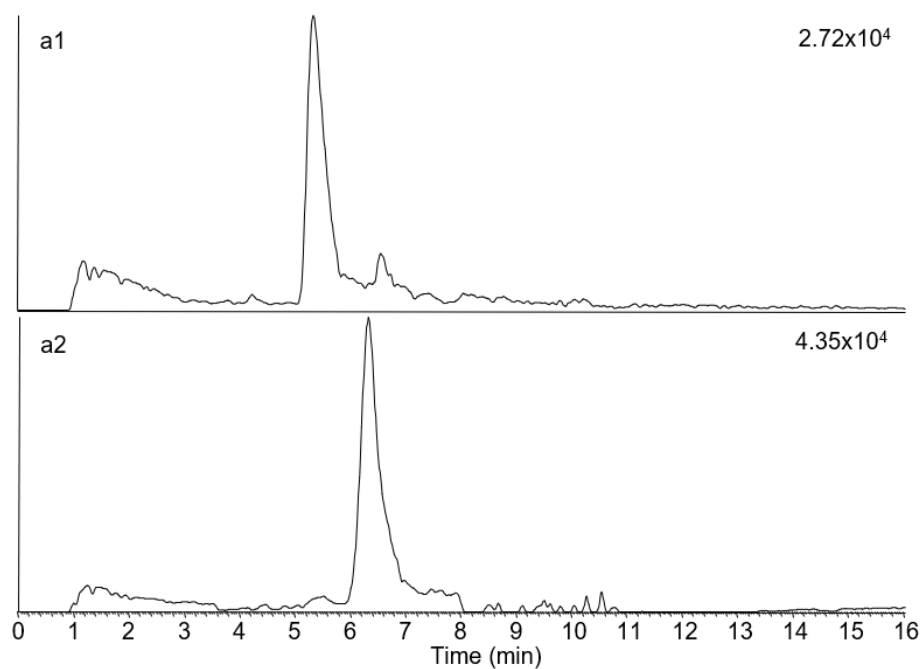


Figure 3. Ion chromatograms for $[M - H]^-$ of D-Hiv (m/z 117) from HILIC-ion trap mass spectrometry. The upper trace represents a chromatogram from a pure reference standard (**a1**), while the lower trace is from a hydrolyzed depsipeptide mixture (1% P35 sample, **a2**). Individual chromatograms are scaled to the highest peak (number in the top right-hand corner of each chromatogram).