

Supplementary Materials: *Xanthium strumarium* Fruit Extract Inhibits ATG4B and Diminishes the Proliferation and Metastatic Characteristics of Colorectal Cancer Cells

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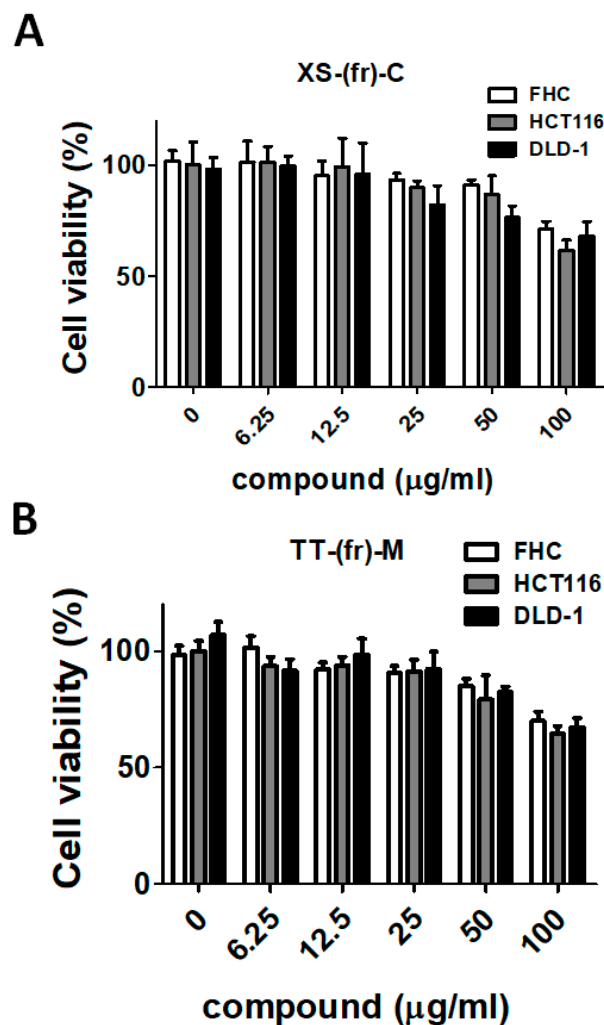


Figure S1. Effects of compounds on cell viability in colorectal cancer cells. Human colon normal epithelia cells FHC and colorectal cancer HCT116 and DLD-1 cells were cultured and treated with 2-fold diluted (100 µg/mL) extracts (A) XS-(fr)-C or (B) TT-(fr)-M in cultured medium (DMEM) for 24 h. The CellTiter-Glo reagent was added to cells, followed by measurement of the cellular ATP level to reflect cell viability.