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Supplementary Materials: First-Line Treatment for Primary Breast Diffuse Large B-Cell Lymphoma Using Immunochemotherapy and Central Nervous System Prophylaxis: A Multicenter Phase 2 Trial

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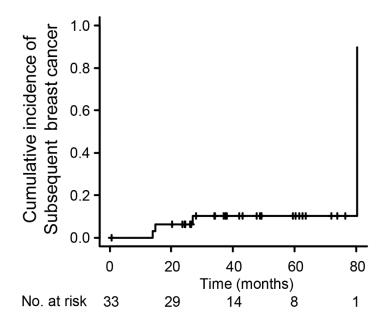


Figure S1. Cumulative incidence of subsequent breast cancer. The 3-year cumulative incidence of subsequent breast cancer, taking into account the competing risk of death, was 10.2% (95% CI, 2.5-24.6). Tick marks indicate censored observations.

Table S1. 2-year cumulative incidence according to baseline clinical variables.

Variables	Patients (n, %)	2-year cumulative incidence of CNS relapse	
		% (95% CI)	р
Age, years			
≤60	24 (72.7)	12.5 (0.9-24.8)	0.954
>60	9 (27.3)	12.5 (1.6-32.6)	
Ann Arbor stage			
IE	17 (51.5)	11.7 (0-25.8)	0.896
IIE - IV	16 (48.5)	13.3 (0-28.9)	
B symptoms			
Absence	31 (93.9)	10.0 (0.6-20.1)	0,071
Presence	2 (6.1)	50.0 (0-87.5)	
Serum LDH level			
Normal	24 (72.7)	12.5 (0.9-24.8)	0.954
Increased	9 (27.3)	12.5 (1.6-32.6)	
Bulky disease			
No	32 (97.0)	12.9 (0.2-23.9)	0.706
Yes	1 (3.0)	NA	
CNS-IPI			
Low	28 (84.8)	10.7 (0-21.5)	0.379
Intermediate	5 (15.2)	25.0 (0-57.4)	

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Abbreviations: CNS, central nervous system; LDH, lactate dehydrogenase; NA, not available; CNS-IPI, central nervous system-international prognostic index.



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