

Supplementary Table S1. Risk-stratified clinicopathologic features of basal cell carcinoma.

	Lower-risk BCCs	Higher-risk BCCs
Histologic features	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Growth pattern: Superficial, Nodular ▪ Absent perineural invasion 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Growth pattern: morpheaform, infiltrative, micronodular, sclerosing, basosquamous ▪ Present perineural invasion ▪ Gross bone invasion
Anatomic locations	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Trunk and extremities, excluding pretibial surface, hands, feet, nail units, and ankles 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Medium risk: cheeks, scalp, forehead, neck, jawline, pretibial surface ▪ Higher risk: face (other areas), ears, hair-bearing lip, postauricular skin, hands, feet, nipples/areola, genitalia, nail units
Size in greatest dimension	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Low risk: ≤ 2 cm 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Medium risk: >2 cm and ≤ 4 cm ▪ Higher risk: > 4 cm
Patient comorbidities	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ No immunosuppressive conditions ▪ No cancer-predisposing genetic syndromes 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Immunosuppressive conditions ▪ Basal cell nevus syndrome, xeroderma pigmentosum, and other syndromes at high-risk for skin cancer
Occurrence	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Primary 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Recurrent
Invasiveness	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Less invasive: localized tumors 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Invasive: Locally-advanced BCC, metastatic BCC