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Supplementary Materials

Catalytic Performance of CPM-200-In/Mg in the Cycloaddition of CO_2 and Epoxides

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Experimental procedure of the cycloaddition reaction

All the cycloaddition reactions were conducted in a 25 mL stainless steel autoclave reactor charged with the requisite amount of catalyst, epoxide, and co-catalyst. The reactor was heated to the desired temperature, and the reaction was started by stirring at 600 rpm by maintaining the reactor pressure constant with a back-pressure regulator. When a desired reaction time was elapsed, the reaction was stopped and the reactor was cooled externally to 0 °C using an ice bath. The mixture was centrifuged to separate the catalyst, and the liquid products were analyzed with a gas chromatograph (GC, Agilent HP 7890 A) equipped with a capillary column (HP-5, 30m × 0.25μm) using a flame ionization detector.

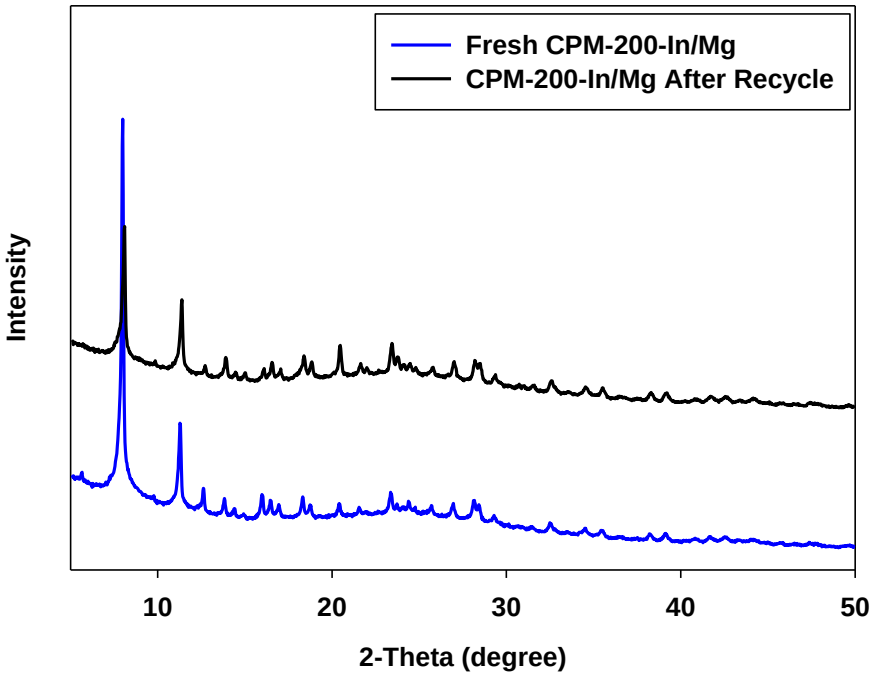

Figure S1. PXRD patterns of reused CPM-200-In/Mg catalyst.

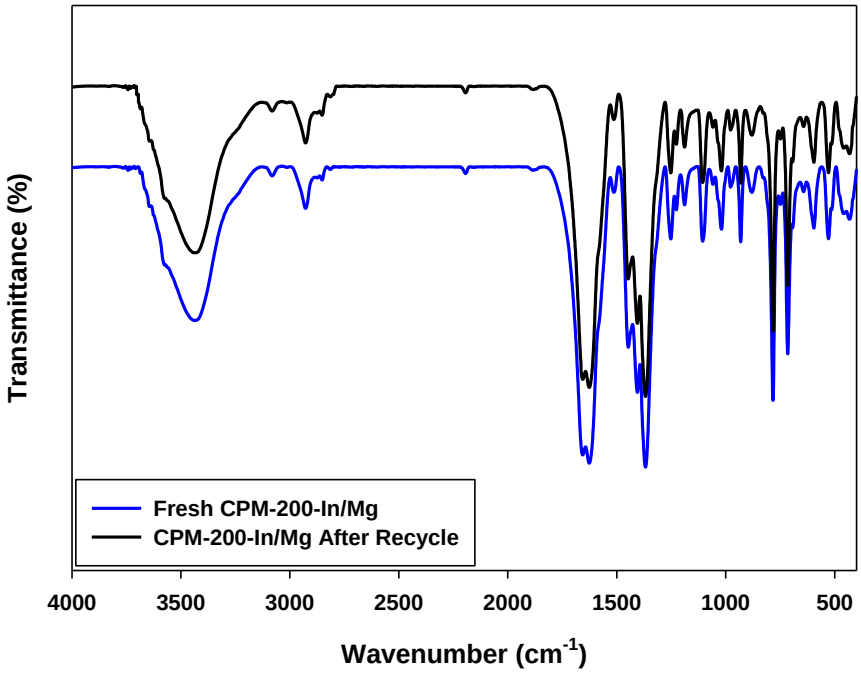

Figure S2. FT-IR spectra of reused CPM-200-In/Mg catalyst.

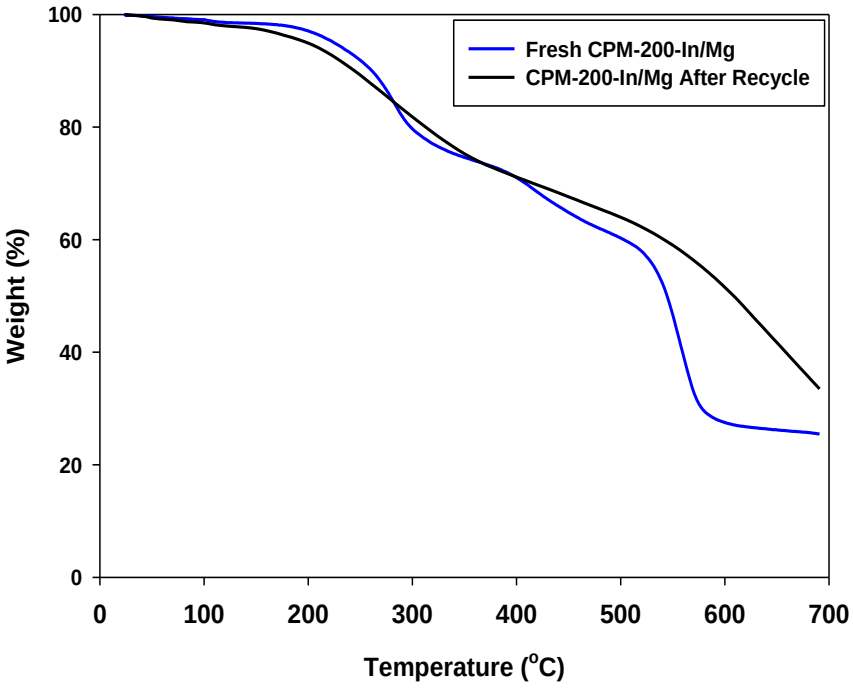

Figure S3. TGA curves of reused CPM-200-In/Mg catalyst.