

Supplementary Materials

Phase Diagrams of Ternary π -Conjugated Polymer Solutions for Organic Photovoltaics

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Calculation Methods for the CB/P3HT/PC₆₁BM System

- **Flory-Huggins interaction parameter:** χ_{12} , χ_{13} , and χ_{23}

$$\text{CB: } \delta_1 = 9.5 \text{ (cal/cm}^3\text{)}^{1/2}; \text{ } MW_1 = 112.56 \text{ g/mol}; \text{ } \rho_1 = 1.11 \text{ g/cm}^3; \text{ } v_1 = \frac{MW_1}{\rho_1} = 101.41 \text{ cm}^3/\text{mol}$$

$$\text{P3HT: } \delta_2 = 8.7 \text{ (cal/cm}^3\text{)}^{1/2}; \text{ } MW_2 = M_n = 22,000 \text{ g/mol}; \text{ } \rho_2 = 1.1 \text{ g/cm}^3.$$

$$\text{PC}_{61}\text{BM: } \delta_3 = 11.3 \text{ (cal/cm}^3\text{)}^{1/2}; \text{ } MW_3 = 910 \text{ g/mol}; \text{ } \rho_3 = 1.5 \text{ g/cm}^3.$$

$$R = 1.987 \text{ cal/K} \cdot \text{mol}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \chi_{12} &= \frac{\frac{MW_1}{\rho_1} (\delta_1 - \delta_2)^2}{R \cdot T} + 0.34 = \frac{\frac{112.56 \text{ g/mol}}{1.11 \text{ g/cm}^3}}{1.987 \text{ cal/K} \cdot \text{mol}} \frac{1}{T \text{ K}} \cdot \left(9.5 \text{ (cal/cm}^2\text{)}^{1/2} - 8.7 \text{ (cal/cm}^2\text{)}^{1/2} \right)^2 + 0.34 \\ &= \frac{32.7\text{K}}{T} + 0.34 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \chi_{13} &= \frac{\frac{MW_1}{\rho_1} (\delta_1 - \delta_3)^2}{R \cdot T} + 0.34 = \frac{\frac{112.56 \text{ g/mol}}{1.11 \text{ g/cm}^3}}{1.987 \text{ cal/K} \cdot \text{mol}} \frac{1}{T \text{ K}} \cdot \left(9.5 \text{ (cal/cm}^2\text{)}^{1/2} - 11.3 \text{ (cal/cm}^2\text{)}^{1/2} \right)^2 + 0.34 \\ &= \frac{165.4\text{K}}{T} + 0.34 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \chi_{23} &= \frac{\frac{MW_1}{\rho_1} (\delta_2 - \delta_3)^2}{R \cdot T} + 0.34 = \frac{\frac{112.56 \text{ g/mol}}{1.11 \text{ g/cm}^3}}{1.987 \text{ cal/K} \cdot \text{mol}} \frac{1}{T \text{ K}} \cdot \left(8.7 \text{ (cal/cm}^2\text{)}^{1/2} - 11.3 \text{ (cal/cm}^2\text{)}^{1/2} \right)^2 + 0.34 \\ &= \frac{345.0\text{K}}{T} + 0.34 \end{aligned}$$

- **Relative molar volume: s and r**

$$\text{CB: } v_1 = \frac{MW_1}{\rho_1} = \frac{112.56 \text{ g/mol}}{1.11 \text{ g/cm}^3} = 101.41 \text{ cm}^3/\text{mol}$$

$$\text{P3HT: } v_2 = \frac{MW_2}{\rho_2} = \frac{22,000 \text{ g/mol}}{1.1 \text{ g/cm}^3} = 20,000 \text{ cm}^3/\text{mol}$$

$$\text{PC}_{61}\text{BM: } v_3 = \frac{MW_3}{\rho_3} = \frac{910 \text{ g/mol}}{1.5 \text{ g/cm}^3} = 607 \text{ cm}^3/\text{mol}$$

$$s = \frac{v_1}{v_2} = \frac{101.41 \text{ cm}^3/\text{mol}}{20,000 \text{ cm}^3/\text{mol}} = 0.005071 \quad \text{and} \quad r = \frac{v_1}{v_3} = \frac{101.41 \text{ cm}^3/\text{mol}}{607 \text{ cm}^3/\text{mol}} = 0.167068$$

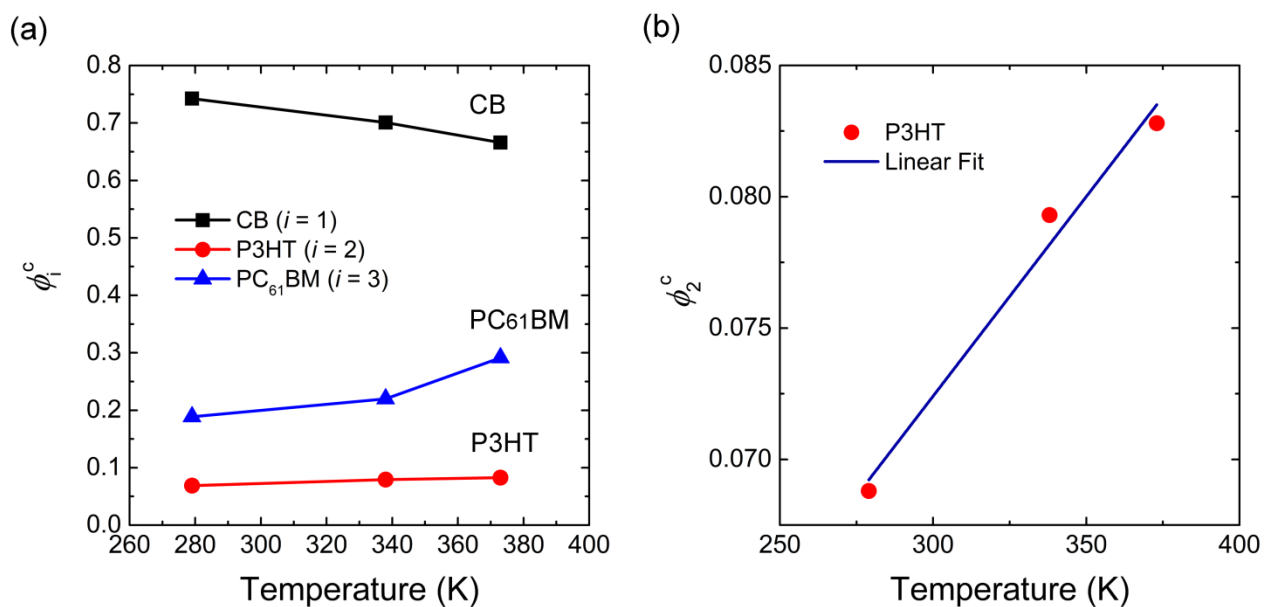


Figure S1. (a) Critical point $(\phi_1^c, \phi_2^c, \phi_3^c)$ of the ternary CB-P3HT-PC₆₁BM system as a function of temperature. (b) Linear fit for the plot of ϕ_2^c (P3HT) vs. temperature: $\phi_2^c = 1.51972 \times 10^{-4} \cdot T + 0.02682$.

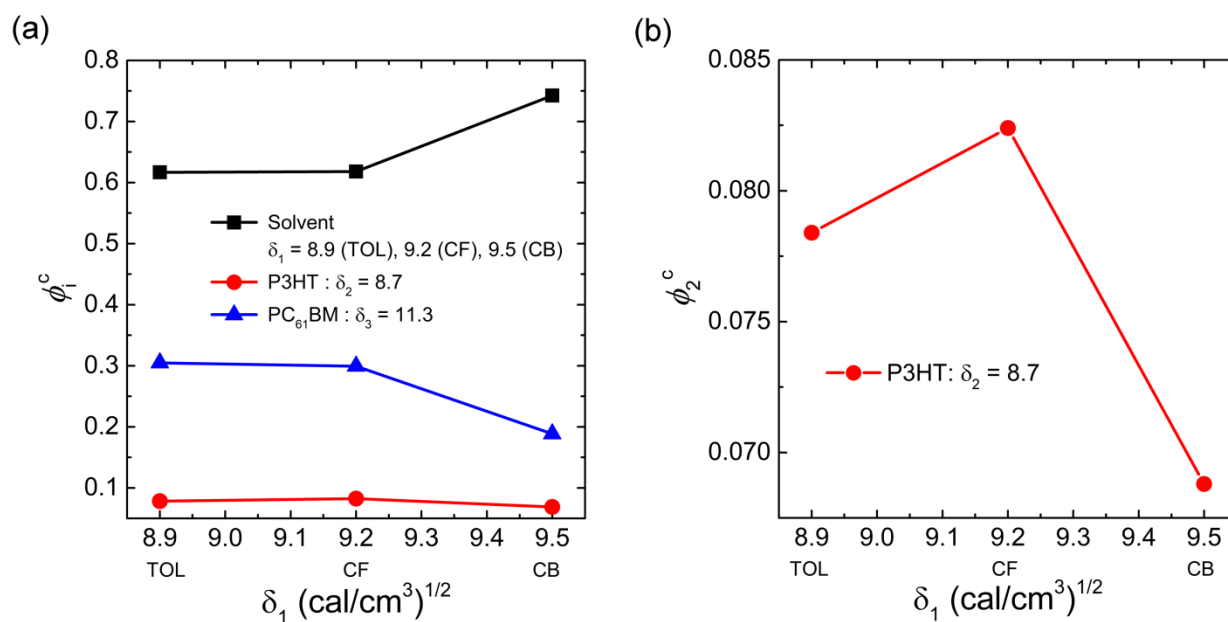


Figure S2. (a) Critical point ($\phi_1^c, \phi_2^c, \phi_3^c$) of the ternary Solvent/P3HT/PC₆₁BM system as a function of solvent species (CB, CF and TOL). CB, CF, and TOL stand for chlorobenzene, chloroform, and toluene, respectively. (b) The plot of ϕ_2^c vs. δ_1 for clarifying the indistinguishable data shown in Fig S2(a).