

Sensitivity of Microphysical Schemes on the Simulation of Post-Monsoon Tropical Cyclones over the North Indian Ocean

G Venkata Rao ¹, K Venkata Reddy ¹ and Venkataramana Sridhar ^{2,*}

¹Department of Civil Engineering, National Institute of Technology Warangal, Telangana-506004, India; gvenkat@student.nitw.ac.in (G.V.R.); kvreddy@nitw.ac.in (K.V.R.)

²Department of Biological Systems Engineering, Virginia Polytechnic Institute and State University, Blacksburg, VA 24061, USA

*Correspondence: vsri@vt.edu

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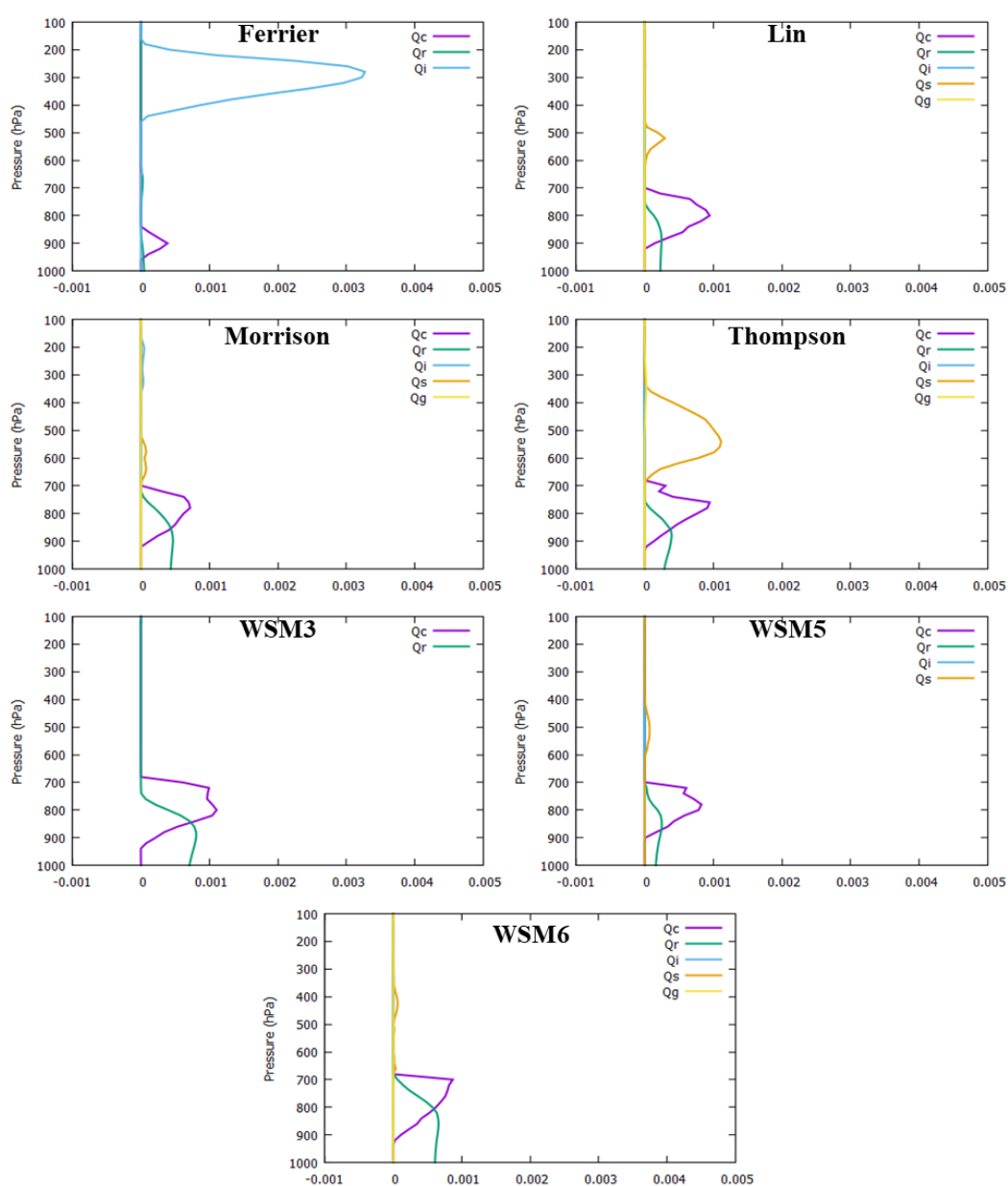


Figure S1. Time evolution of area averaged mixing ratios (g/kg) for the cyclone Daye (Q_v -Water Vapor, Q_c -Cloud Water, Q_r -Rain Water, Q_i -Ice, Q_s -Snow, Q_g -Graupel).

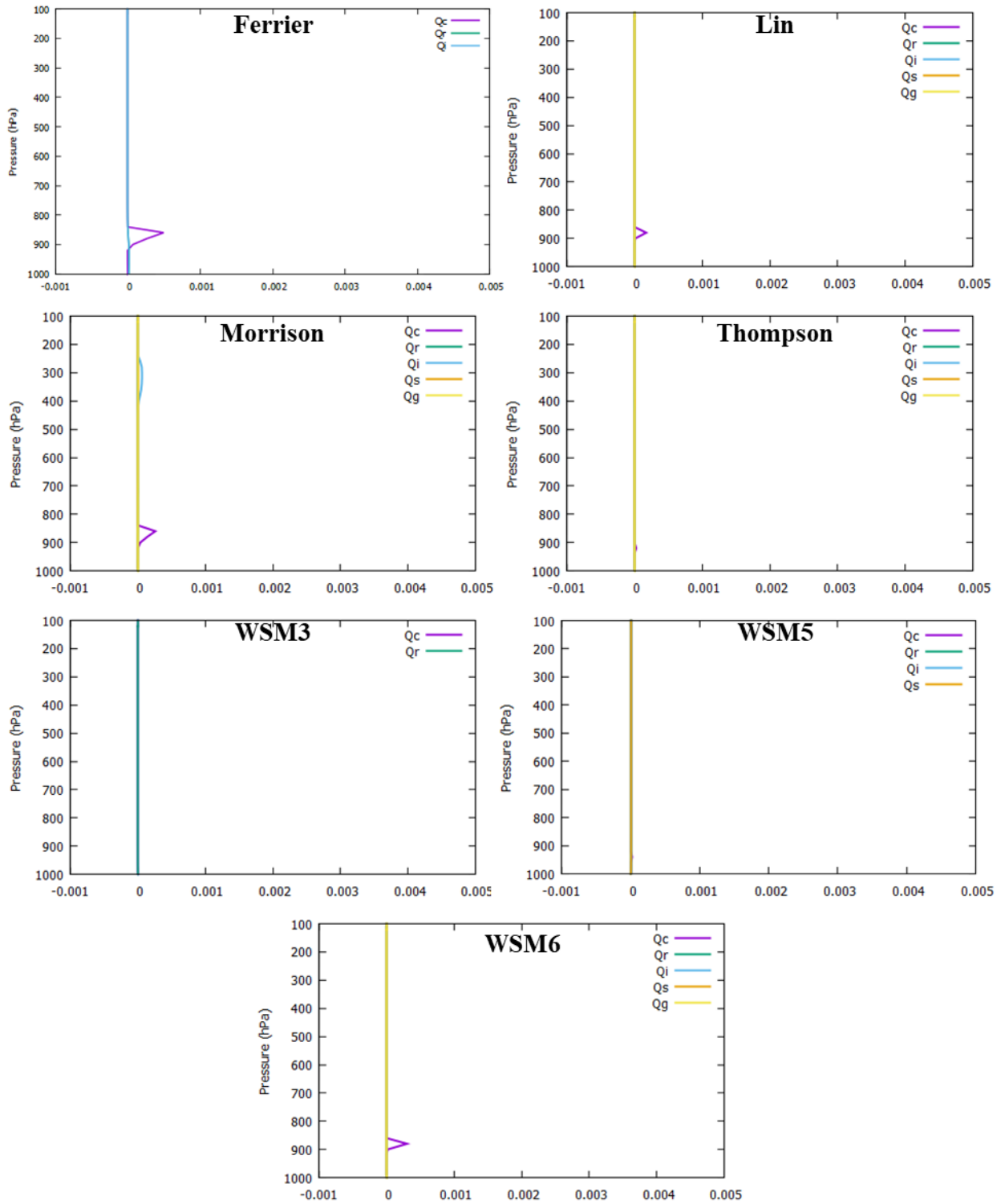


Figure S2. Time evolution of area averaged mixing ratios (g/kg) for the cyclone Gaja (Q_v -Water Vapor, Q_c -Cloud Water, Q_r -Rain Water, Q_i -Ice, Q_s -Snow, Q_g -Graupel).

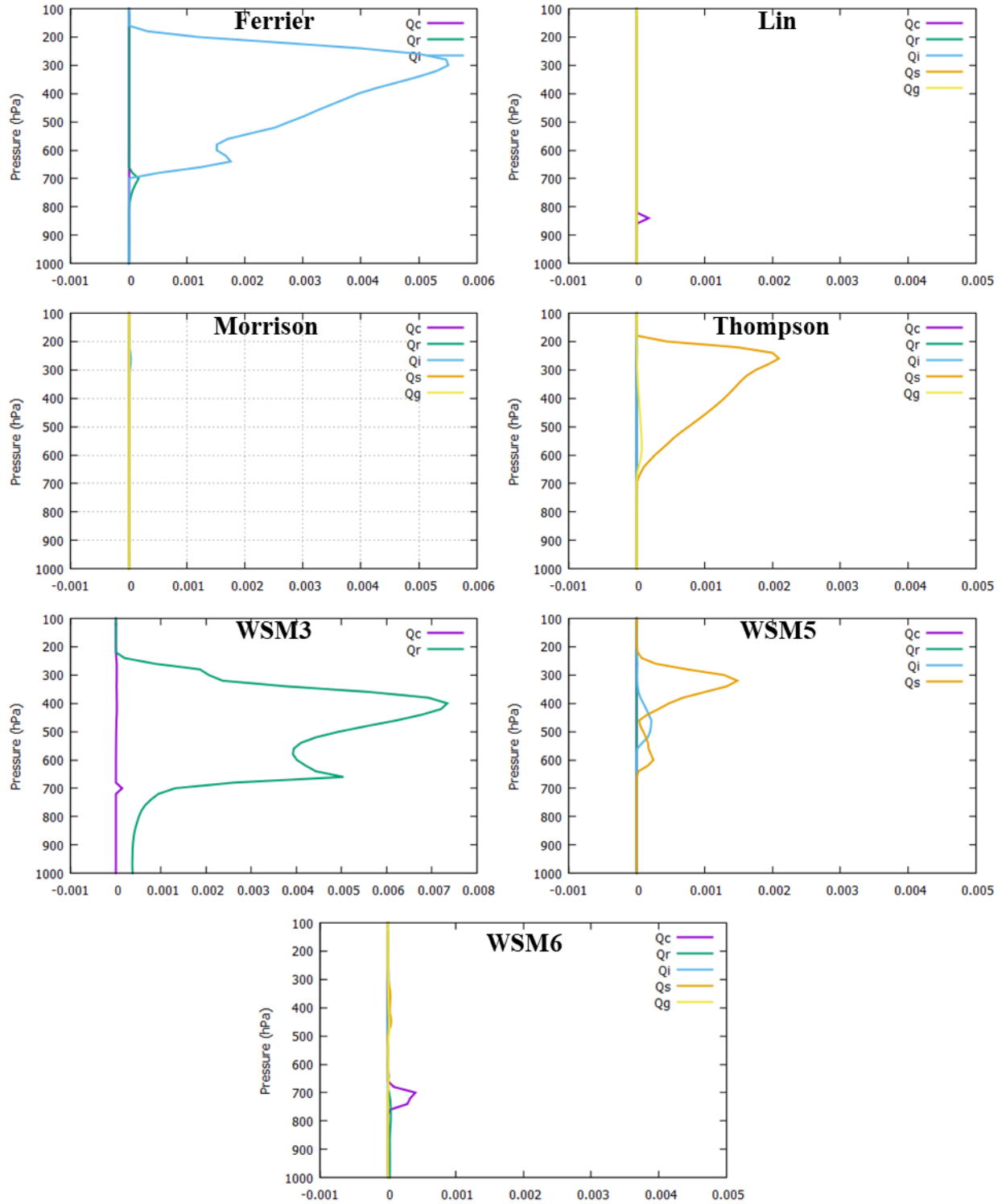


Figure S3. Time evolution of area averaged mixing ratios (g/kg) for the cyclone Kyant (Qv-Water Vapor, Qc-Cloud Water, Qr-Rain Water, Qi-Ice, Qs-Snow, Qg-Graupel).

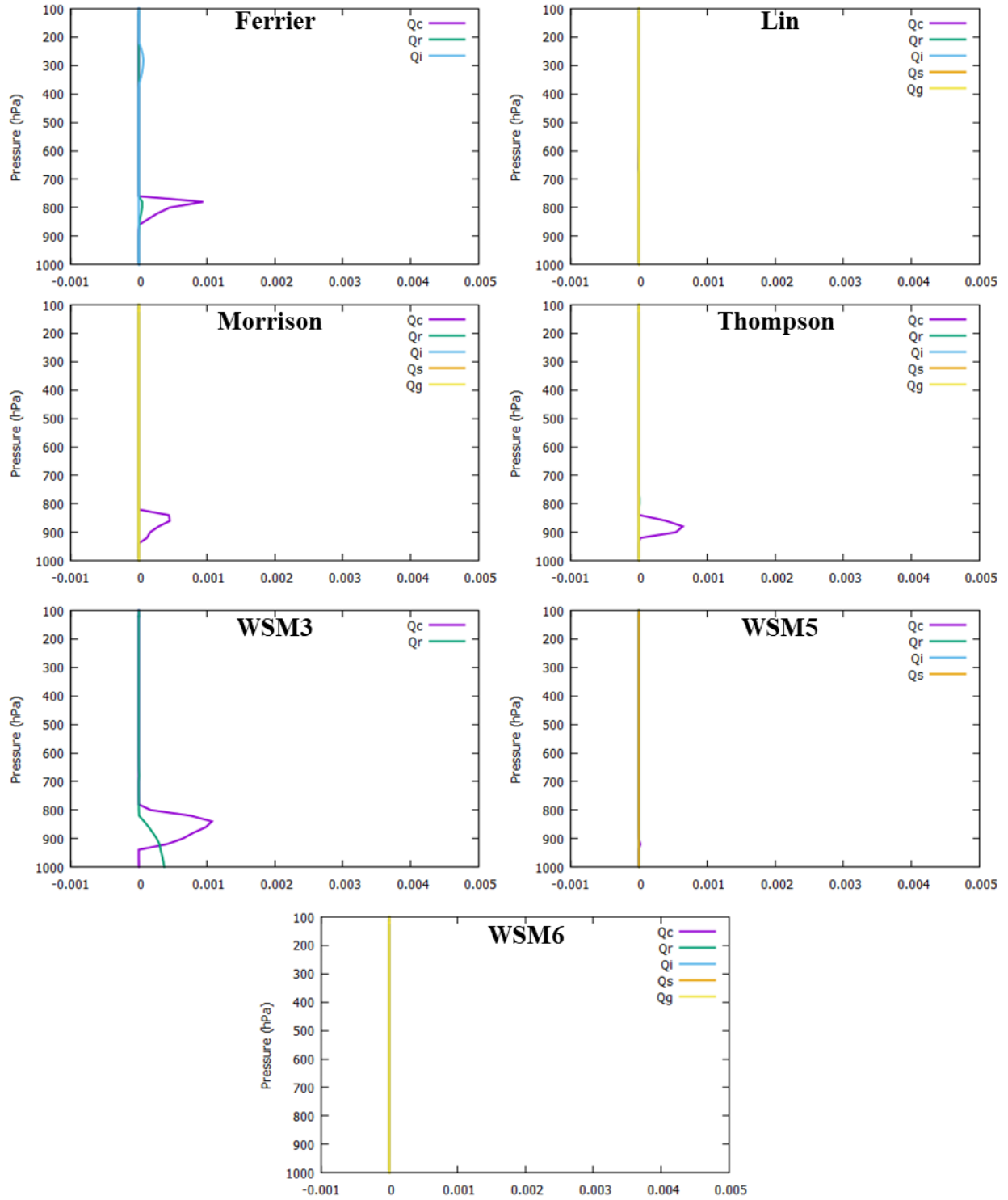


Figure S4. Time evolution of area averaged mixing ratios (g/kg) for the cyclone Nilofar (Qv-Water Vapor, Qc-Cloud Water, Qr-Rain Water, Qi-Ice, Qs-Snow, Qg-Graupel).

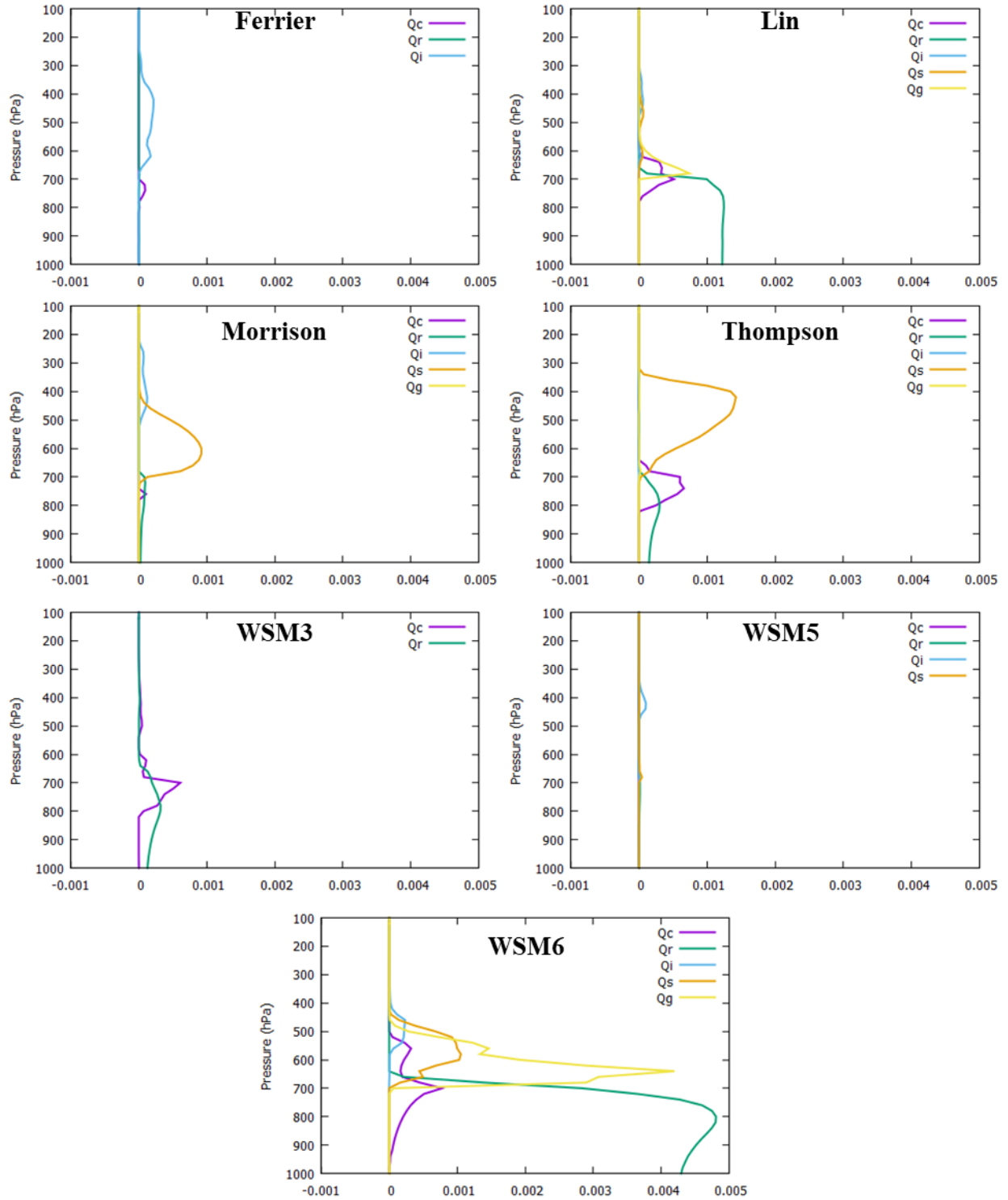


Figure S5. Time evolution of area averaged mixing ratios (g/kg) for the cyclone Ockhi (Qv-Water Vapor, Qc-Cloud Water, Qr-Rain Water, Qi-Ice, Qs-Snow, Qg-Graupel).

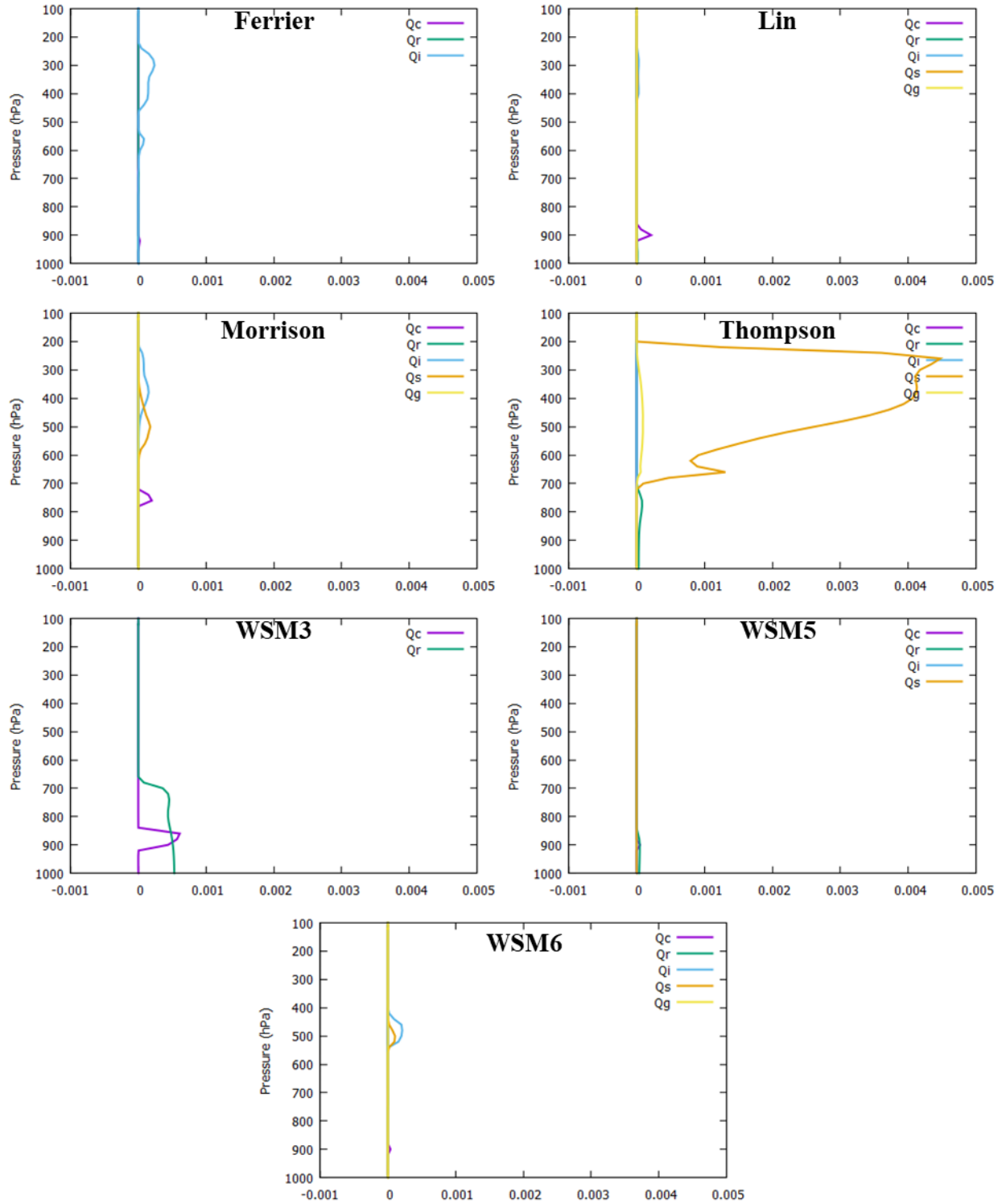


Figure S6. Time evolution of area averaged mixing ratios (g/kg) for the cyclone Phethai (Qv-Water Vapor, Qc-Cloud Water, Qr-Rain Water, Qi-Ice, Qs-Snow, Qg-Graupel).

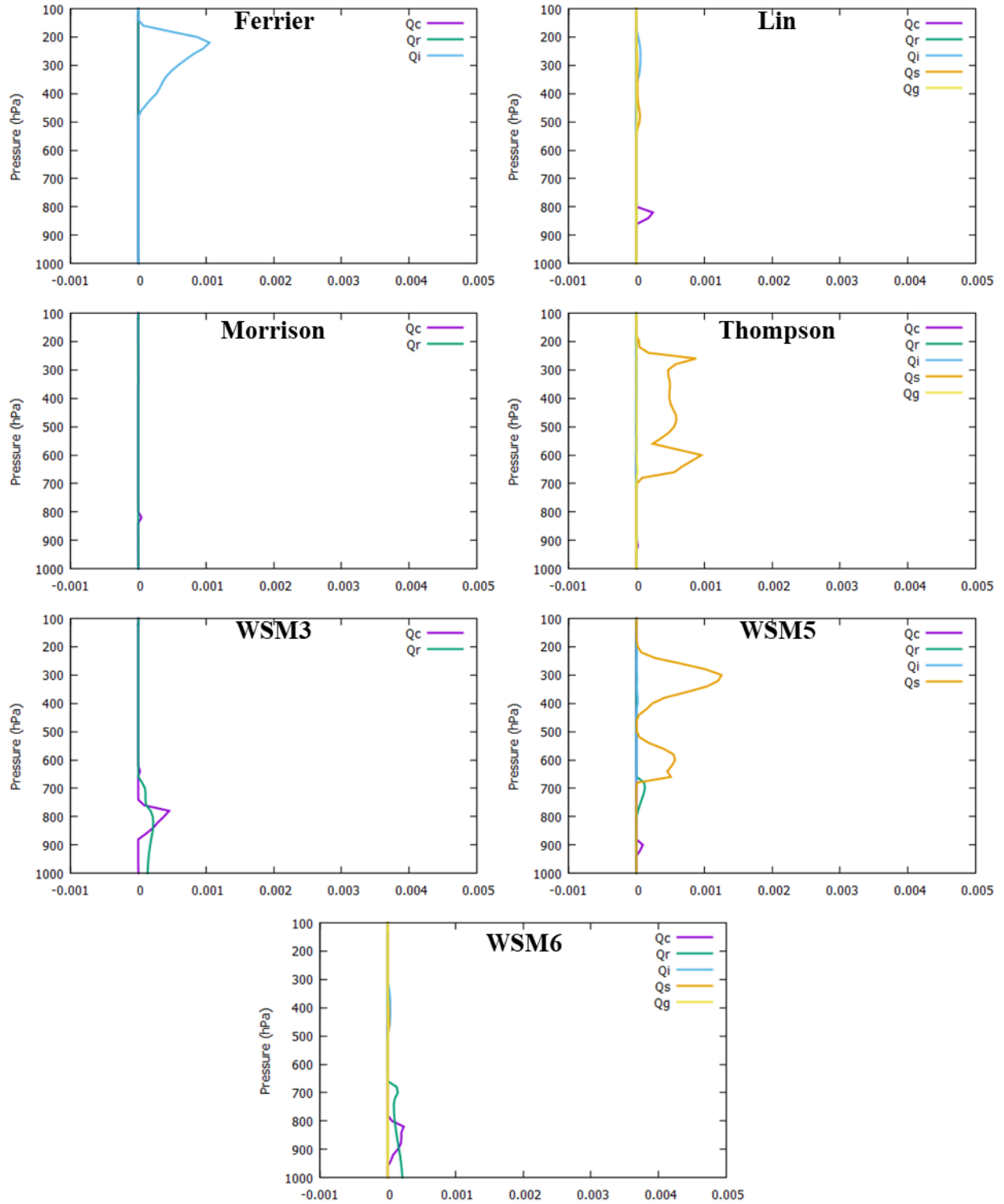


Figure S7. Time evolution of area averaged mixing ratios (g/kg) for the cyclone Titli (Qv-Water Vapor, Qc-Cloud Water, Qr-Rain Water, Qi-Ice, Qs-Snow, Qg-Graupel).