

Supplementary material

Human health risk assessment for exposure to potential toxic elements in polluted rivers in the Ecuadorian Amazon

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Supplementary materials caption:

Figure S1. Point risk map of HI and TCR for both age groups exposed to polluted sediments. All the studied locations were above the safe exposure threshold.

Figure S2. Sensitivity analysis result to identify the relative contribution of input variables on HI for: (a) surface waters and (b) sediments.

Figure S3. Spatial distribution of PTEs concentration in: (a) surface waters ($\mu\text{g L}^{-1}$) and (b) sediments (mg kg^{-1}).

Table S1. Reference doses (RfD) and slope factors (SF) used in the risk assessment.

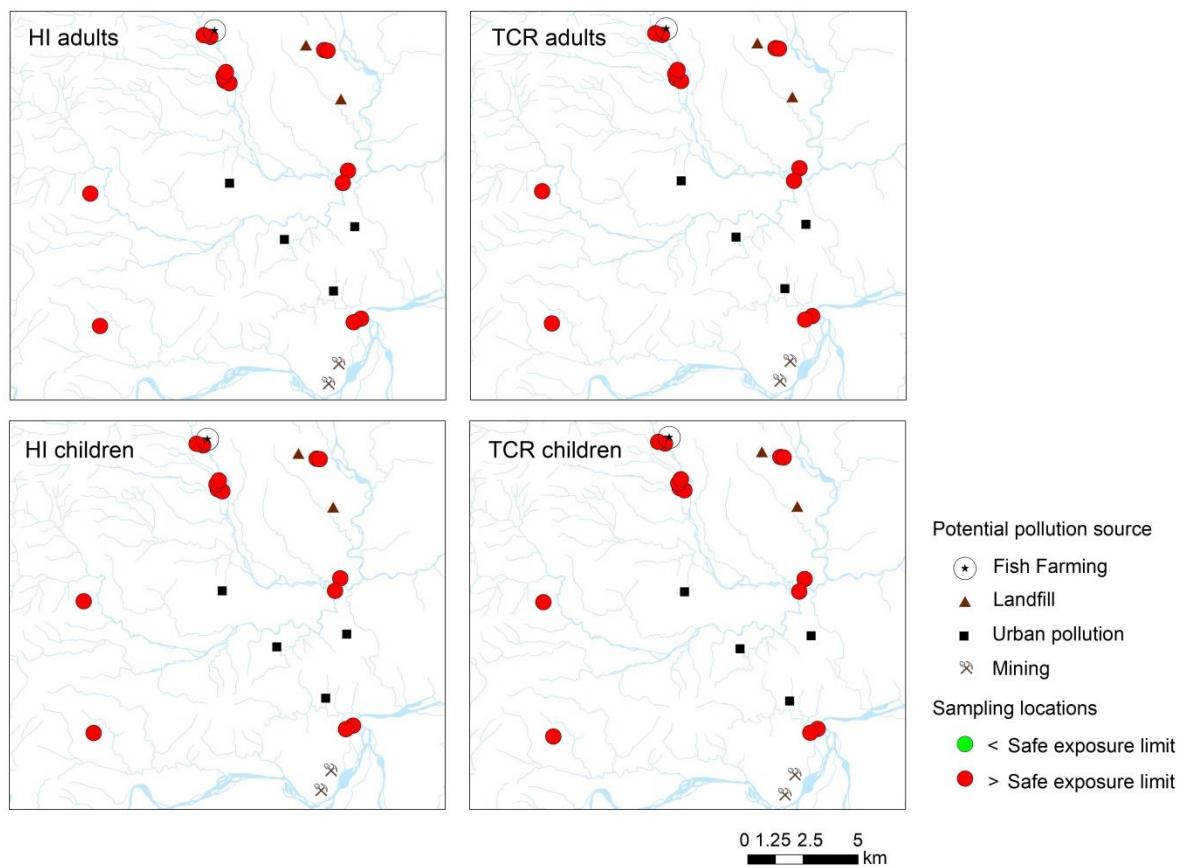


Figure S1. Point risk map of HI and TCR for both age groups exposed to polluted sediments. All the studied locations were above the safe exposure threshold.

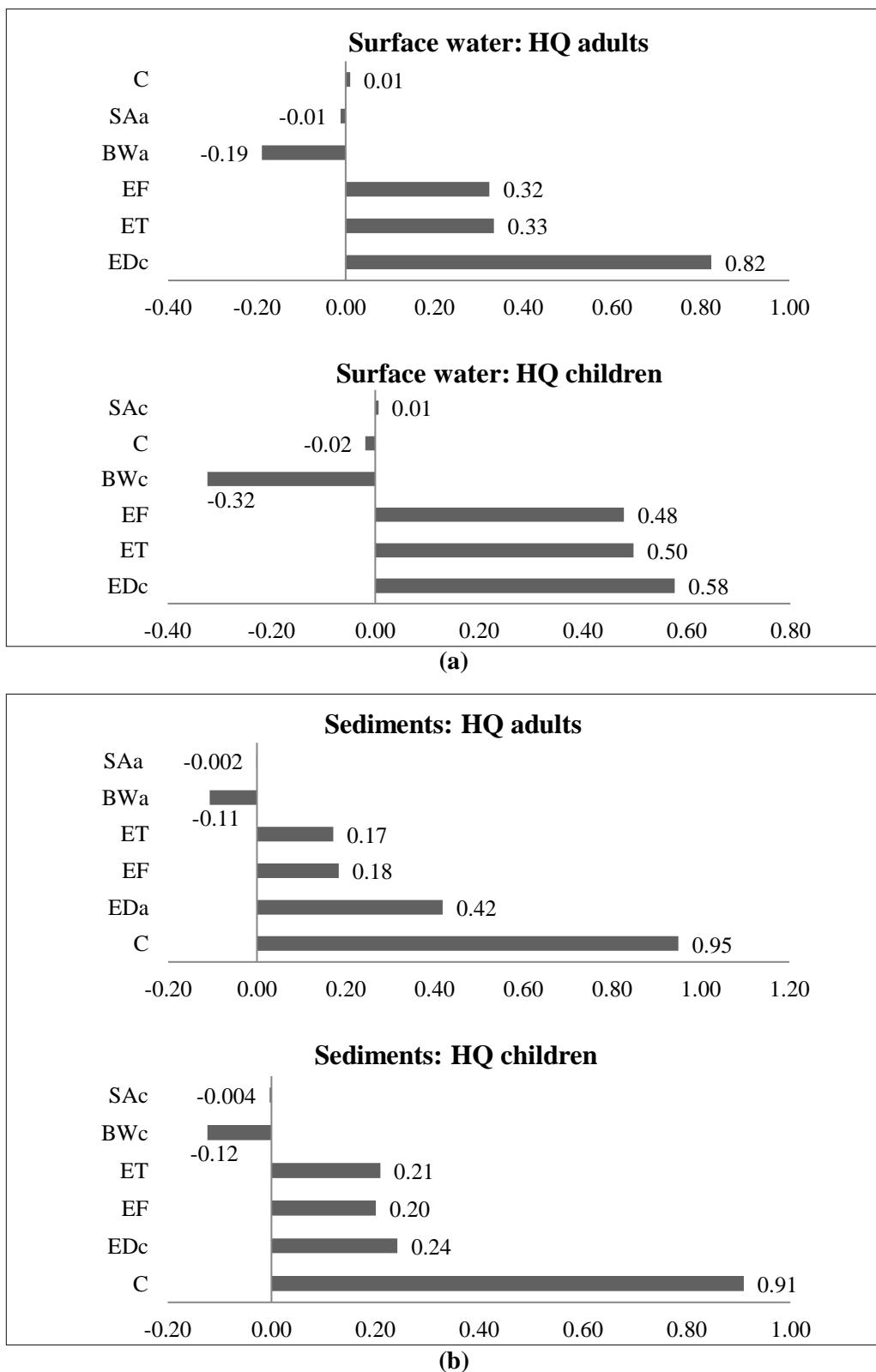


Figure S2.Sensitivity analysis result to identify the relative contribution of input variables on HI for: (a) surface waters, and (b) sediments. Concentration of potential toxic elements (C); exposure duration (EDA/c); exposure frequency (EF); exposure time (ET); body weight (BWa/c); and skin surface area exposed (SAa/c).

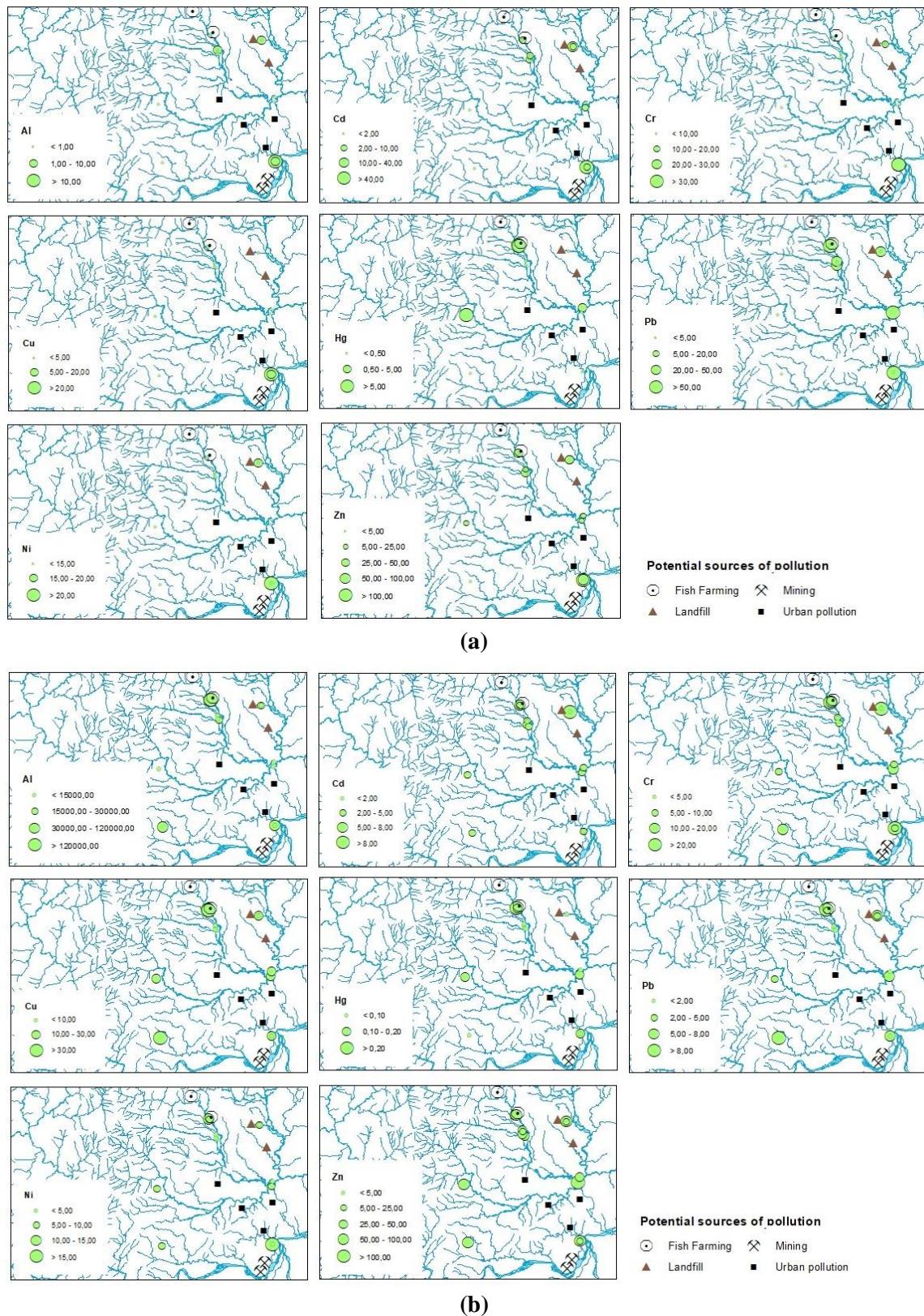


Figure S3. Spatial distribution of PTEs concentration in: (a) surface waters ($\mu\text{g L}^{-1}$), and (b) sediments (mg kg^{-1}). Data obtained from Capparelli et al. [1].

Table S1. Reference doses (RfD) and slope factors (SF) used in the risk assessment.

PTEs	RfD	SF
Al	1.0	-
Cd	0.0005	-
Cr (VI)	0.003	0.5
Cu	0.04	-
Hg-inorganic	0.0003	-
Me-Hg (methylmercury)	0.0003	
Ni and soluble salts	0.02	-
Pb and compounds	0.0035	0.0085
Zn and compounds	0.3	-

Data obtained from the Risk Assessment Information System (RAIS) website [2]

References

1. Capparelli, M.V.; Moulatlet, G.M.; Abessa, D.M.S.; Lucas-Solis, O.; Rosero, B.; Galarza, E.; Tuba, D.; Carpintero, N.; Ochoa-Herrera, V.; Cipriani-Avila, I. An integrative approach to identify the impacts of multiple metal contamination sources on the Eastern Andean foothills of the Ecuadorian Amazonia. *Science of the Total Environment* 2020, **709**, 136088, doi:10.1016/j.scitotenv.2019.136088.
2. RAIS. Risk Assessment Information System, 2020. U.S. Environmental Protection Agency. Available online: <https://rais.ornl.gov/> (accessed on 12 October 2020).