

Table S1. Stable and radiogenic isotope data for carbonate minerals and DIC from Mount Keith (TSF2 and TSF1) [1].

Sample ^a	Mode	Major	Minor	$\delta^{13}\text{C}$	$2\sigma\delta^{13}\text{C}$	$\delta^{18}\text{O}$	$2\sigma\delta^{18}\text{O}$	F^{14}C	$\sigma\text{F}^{14}\text{C}$	WGS 84	WGS 84	Sample
		Carbonate-Bearing Phases ^b	Carbonate-Bearing Phases ^b	(‰, VPDB)	(‰, VPDB) ^c	(‰, VSMOW)	(‰, VSMOW) ^c	Easting	Northing	Depth (m)		
06MK56	DIC, water			-8.16	0.14							
Kidney water pump station	DIC, water			-7.71	0.13							
MKO side pond	DIC, water			-6.20	0.11							
MKO thickener tailings	DIC, water			-6.91	0.22							
Tailings thickener overflow	DIC, water			-4.60	0.10							

Table S2. The Sr and C isotope from the carbonatites derived from the mantle.

	$^{87}\text{Sr}/^{86}\text{Sr}$	$\delta^{13}\text{C}$	Ages	Locate	Reference
Carbonatites	0.7095-0.7106			Shandong, China	[2]
Carbonatites	0.7020-0.7054		Proterozoic to tertiary	Africa, Australia, brazil, Europe, united states	[3]
Carbonatites	0.703-0.705				[4]
Natroccarbonatite lavas		-6.3~ -7.1	1988	Oldoinyo Lengai	[5]
Carbonatites	0.7078-0.7079	-11.2 ~ -12.3	cenozoic	Hebei, China	[6]
Carbonatite complex	0.70541-0.70536	-4.5~ -7.8	2060 Ma	Phalabonatite, South Africa	[7]
Carbonatite complex		-5.1			[8]
Oceanic carbonatites	0.7032			Cape Verde and Canary Islands	[9]

Table S3. The Sr and C isotope from the Panxi mafic intrusion.

Sr	$\delta^{13}\text{C}$		
0.7043-0.7054			[10]
0.7057-0.7076			[11]
0.7056-0.7074			[12]
0.705-0.711	Brucite marble and zebra rocks is -3 and +5	Dolomites $87\text{Sr}/86\text{Sr}$ is 0.708 Olivine marble is 0.708 to 0.711	[13]

Reference:

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