

Supplementary Material

Table S1. Two-Way ANOVAs for shoot and root nitrogen and C/N ratio in genotype M4 and E9.

		<i>df</i>	<i>F</i>	<i>p</i>
M4	<i>Leaf N</i>			
	AGH	1	4.347	0.0424
	BGH	1	1.08	0.3039
	AGH*BGH	1	0.197	0.6589
	<i>Leaf C/N Ratio</i>			
	AGH	1	3.37	0.0726
	BGH	1	0.782	0.381
	AGH*BGH	1	0.151	0.6995
	<i>Root N</i>			
	AGH	1	2.187	0.1457
	BGH	1	4.834	0.0328
	AGH*BGH	1	0.043	0.8361
	<i>Root C/N Ratio</i>			
	AGH	1	4.467	0.0398
	BGH	1	2.666	0.109
AGH*BGH	1	0.062	0.8045	
E9	<i>Leaf N</i>			
	AGH	1	4.172	0.0466
	BGH	1	2.32	0.1343
	AGH*BGH	1	0.008	0.9285
	<i>Leaf C/N Ratio</i>			
	AGH	1	1.2437	0.2703
	BGH	1	2.817	0.0998
	AGH*BGH	1	0.1513	0.699
	<i>Root N</i>			
	AGH	1	1.445	0.2352
	BGH	1	0.4572	0.5022
	AGH*BGH	1	1.1856	0.2817
	<i>Root C/N Ratio</i>			
	AGH	1	1.44	0.236
	BGH	1	0.4735	0.4947
AGH*BGH	1	1.1117	0.297	

Figure S1. Principle component analysis of the FT-IR spectra from the dried and ground root material for M4 (green) and E9 (orange) over the spectral range of 3600–375 cm^{-1} . Spectra are treated by first derivative and vector normalization.

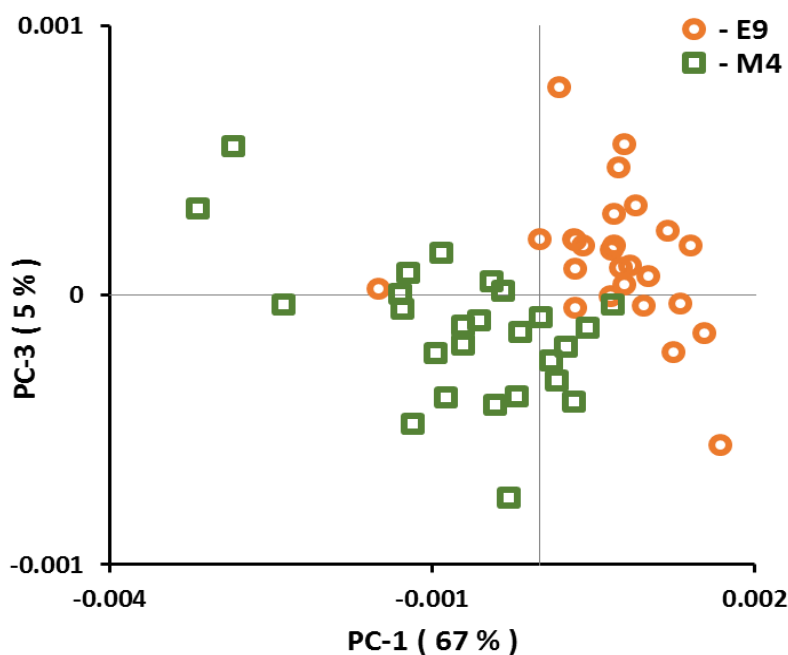
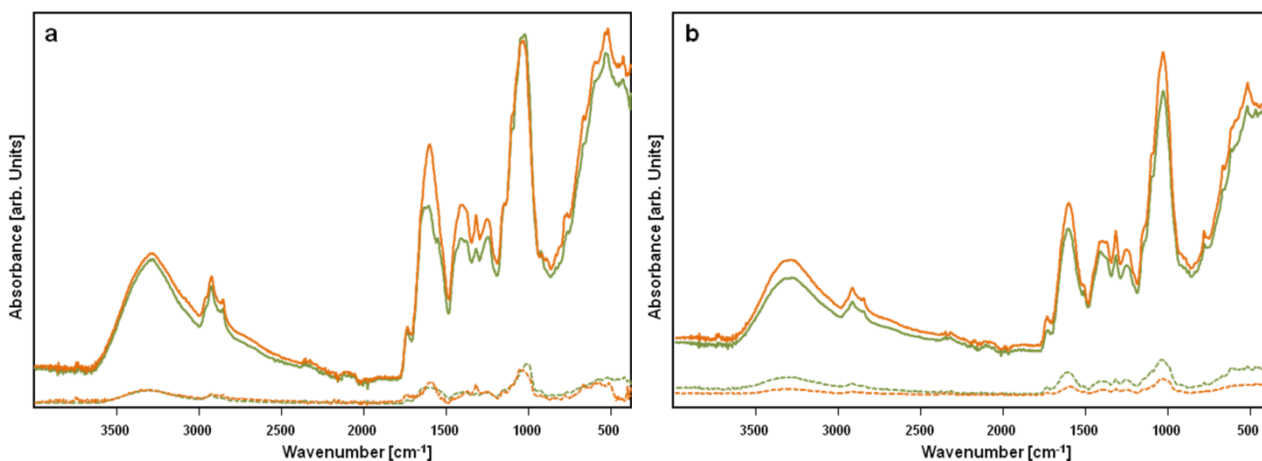


Figure S2. Averaged FT-IR spectra for the leaf material (a) and root material (b) of M4 (green) and E9 (orange). The dotted lines show the corresponding standard deviation indicating most variation between the genotypes for proteins (amid bands around 1600 cm^{-1}) and carbohydrates (1100–1000 cm^{-1}).



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