



Correction

Correction: Kim et al. Mito-TIPTP Increases Mitochondrial Function by Repressing the Rubicon-p22phox Interaction in Colitis-Induced Mice. *Antioxidants* 2021, 10, 1954

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In the original publication [1], there was a mistake in Figure 7. Results figures from Figure 6D,H have been inserted in Figure 7. The corrected Figure 7 appears below.

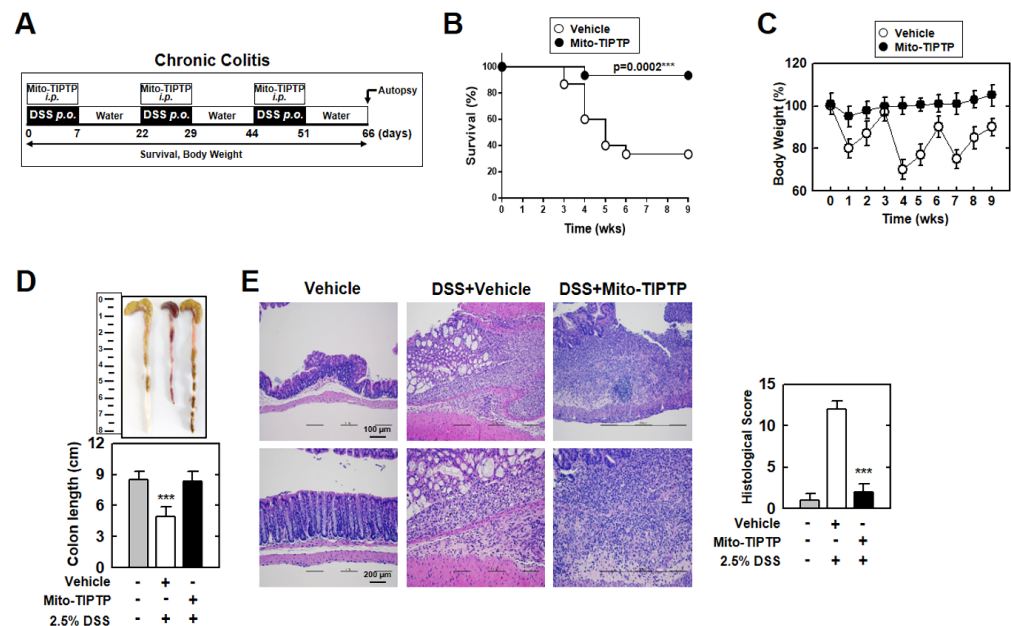


Figure 7. Mito-TIPTP alleviates chronic DSS-induced colitis in mice. (A) Schematic of the chronic colitis model treated 2.5% DSS with Mito-TIPTP (50 ng/kg). (B) The survival of mice was monitored for 9 weeks; mortality was measured for $n = 15$ mice per group. (C) Weight loss of vehicle or Mito-TIPTP in mice ($n = 15$). (D) Image (up) and length (down) of colon in 2.5% DSS-induced chronic colitis mice with vehicle or Mito-TIPTP. (E) Representative imaging of H&E staining of the colon (left) ($n = 8$). Histopathology scores were obtained from H&E staining were determined in 2.5% DSS-induced chronic colitis mice with vehicle or Mito-TIPTP. Scale bar, 100 μ m. Statistical significance was determined by Student's t -test with Bonferroni adjustment (** $p < 0.001$) compared with vehicle.



Citation: Kim, J.-S.; Kim, Y.-R.; Jang, S.; Wang, S.G.; Cho, E.; Mun, S.-J.; Jeon, H.-I.; Kim, H.-K.; Min, S.-J.; Yang, C.-S. Correction: Kim et al. Mito-TIPTP Increases Mitochondrial Function by Repressing the Rubicon-p22phox Interaction in Colitis-Induced Mice. *Antioxidants* 2021, 10, 1954. *Antioxidants* 2023, 12, 1415. <https://doi.org/10.3390/antiox12071415>

Received: 23 June 2023

Accepted: 6 July 2023

Published: 13 July 2023



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The authors state that the scientific conclusions are unaffected. This correction was approved by the Academic Editor. The original publication has also been updated.

Reference

1. Kim, J.-S.; Kim, Y.-R.; Jang, S.; Wang, S.G.; Cho, E.; Mun, S.-J.; Jeon, H.-I.; Kim, H.-K.; Min, S.-J.; Yang, C.-S. Mito-TIPTP Increases Mitochondrial Function by Repressing the Rubicon-p22phox Interaction in Colitis-Induced Mice. *Antioxidants* **2021**, *10*, 1954. [[CrossRef](#)] [[PubMed](#)]

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