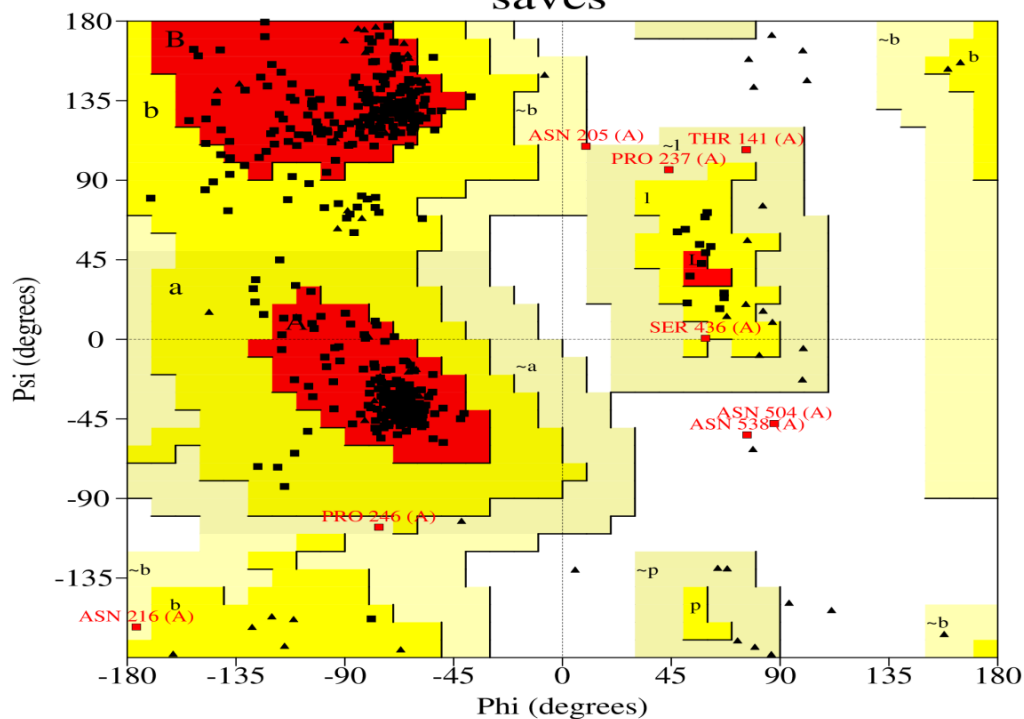


Figure S1: Flow Chart of Methodology.

Ramachandran Plot

saves



Plot statistics

Residues in most favoured regions [A,B,L]	478	90.5%
Residues in additional allowed regions [a,b,l,p]	44	8.3%
Residues in generously allowed regions [~a,~b,~l,~p]	4	0.8%
Residues in disallowed regions	2	0.4%

Number of non-glycine and non-proline residues	528	100.0%
Number of end-residues (excl. Gly and Pro)	2	
Number of glycine residues (shown as triangles)	62	
Number of proline residues	49	

Total number of residues	641	

Based on an analysis of 118 structures of resolution of at least 2.0 Angstroms and R-factor no greater than 20%, a good quality model would be expected to have over 90% in the most favoured regions.

Figure S2: Ramachandran plot predicted by the PROCHECK using the refined model of vaccine, the score is above 90 showing that the 3-D model is valid

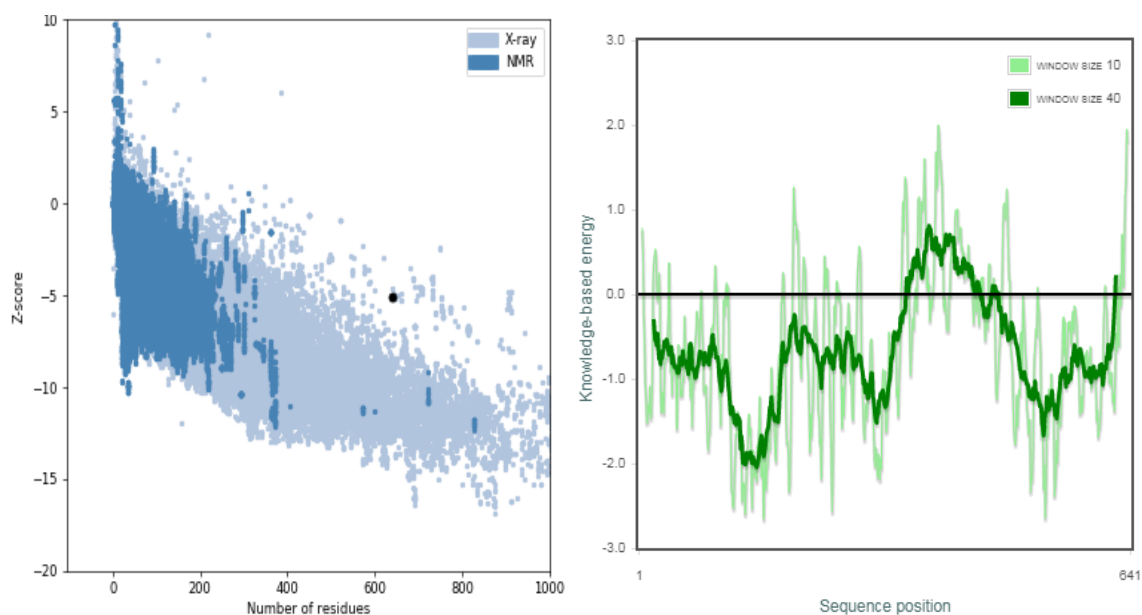


Figure S3: Graphical representation of Z-score calculation of Peptide compared with the native protein energies, the negative 5.06 z-score is another proof of the validation of 3D model of the vaccine construct

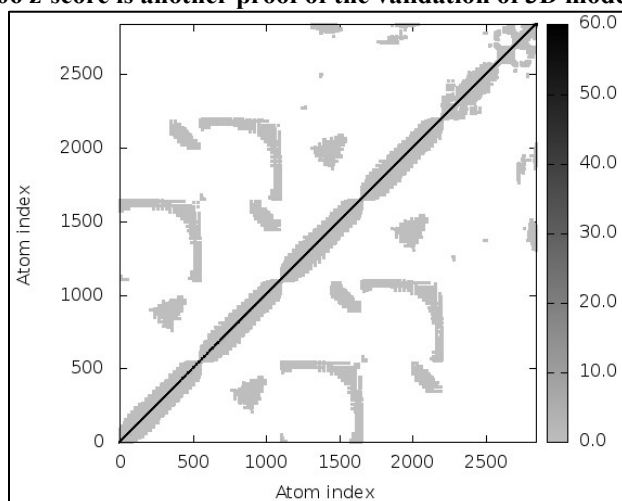


Figure S4: Above diagrams shows 3-D model, B-factor/Mobility, Eigenvalues, Variance, Covariance map, and Elastic network of TLR-2 Complex respectively from left to right

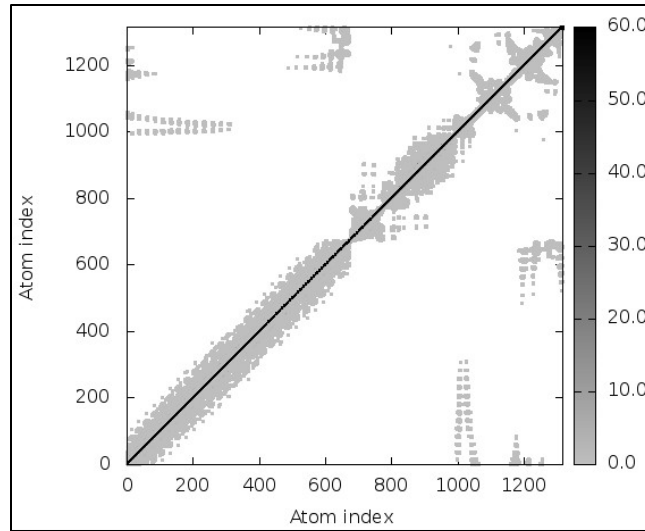


Figure S5: Above diagrams shows 3-D model, B-factor/Mobility, Eigenvalues, Variance, Covariance map, and Elastic network of TLR-3 Complex respectively from left to right

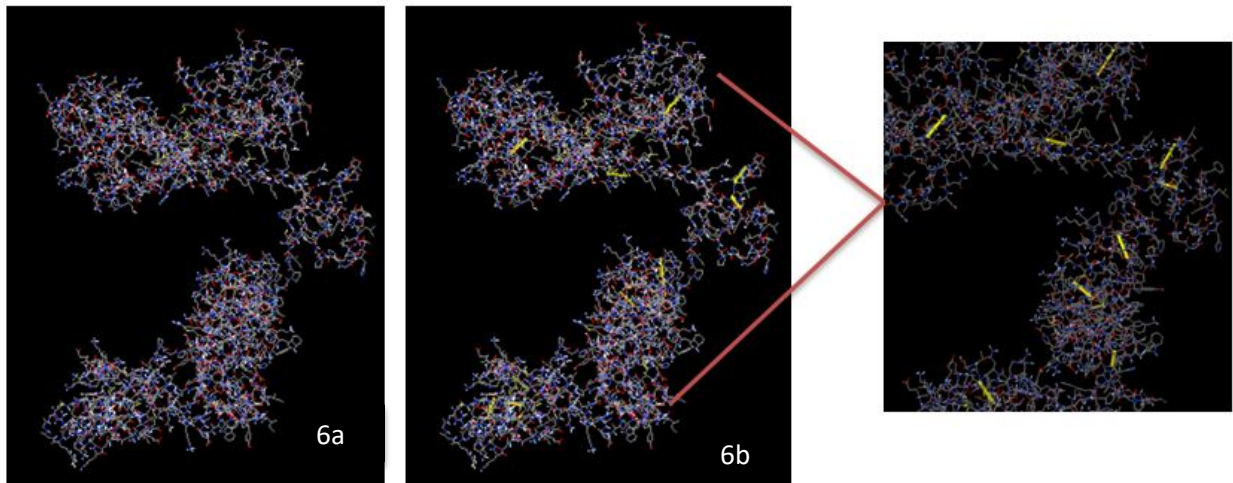


Figure S6: Wireframe structure of real and mutated model. 6a) original structure of model 6b) Mutated model showing the disulfide bonds (yellow) between the selected pairs of residues

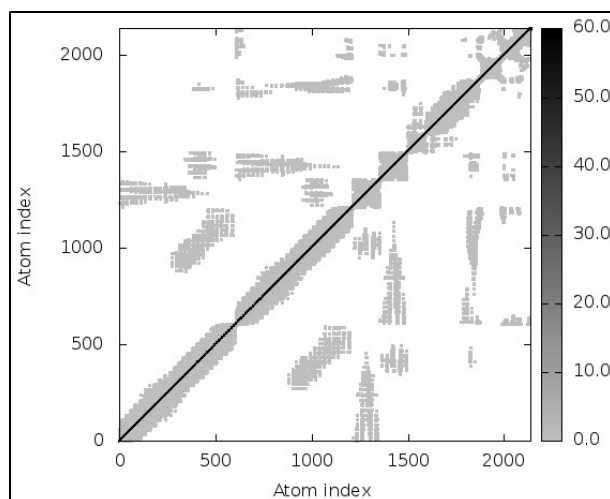


Figure S7: Above diagrams shows 3-D model, B-factor/Mobility, Eigenvalues, Variance, Covariance map, and Elastic network of TLR-4 Complex respectively from left to right

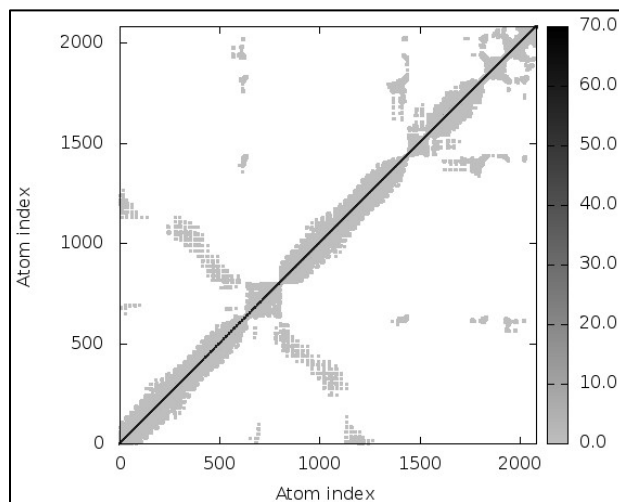


Figure S8: Above diagrams shows 3-D model, B-factor/Mobility, Eigenvalues, Variance, Covariance map, and Elastic network of TLR-5 Complex respectively from left to right

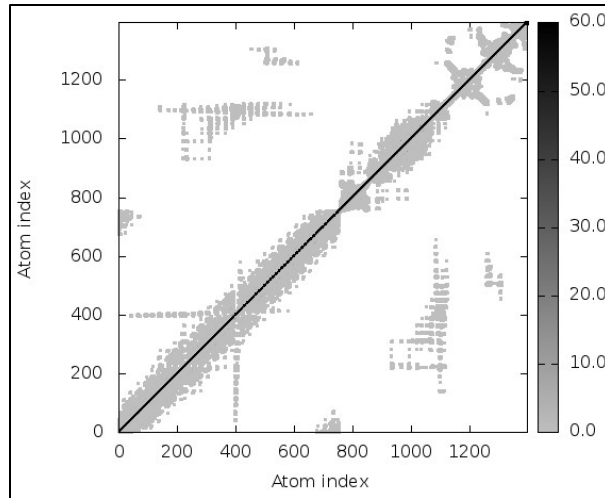


Figure S9: Above diagrams shows 3-D model, B-factor/Mobility, Eigenvalues, Variance, Covariance map, and Elastic network of TLR-8 Complex respectively from left to right

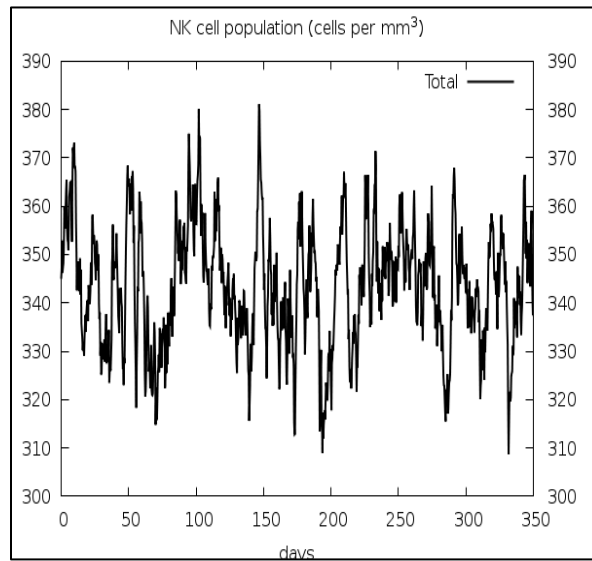


Figure S10: Graph showing Natural Killer (NK) cells production pattern

Table S1: VaxiJen score of five selected proteins along with their UniProt IDs.

UniProt ID	Protein	Vaxijen 2.0 score
P12605	Fusion glycoprotein (F)	0.5106
Q01427	Membrane (M) protein	0.4895
P16071	Hemagglutinin-neuraminidase (HN) protein	0.5343
J7FXM0	Nucleocapsid (N) protein	0.4816
P26590	Nucleoprotein	0.5060

Table S2: All The B-Cell epitopes predicted by the IEDB server along with the length of each epitope.

No.	Start	End	Peptide	Length
1	4	32	KGKTNSSYWSTTRNDNSTVNTYIDTPAGK	29
2	63	71	DTCMKTNIM	9
3	78	97	ESAKTIKETITELIRQEVIS	20
4	116	116	K	1
5	118	190	SRDLTQLIEKSCNRQELAQICENTIAIHHADGISPLDPHDFWRCPV GEPLLSNNPNISLLPGPSLLSGSTTIS	73
6	216	221	CADIGK	6
7	234	238	NSDMY	5
8	249	254	YDINDN	6
9	275	287	TVNETTDYSSEGI	13
10	301	313	TKSHRYKNEDITF	13
11	343	375	TTPLQGDTKCVTNRCANVNQSVENDALKITWLK	33
12	389	393	YLSDR	5
13	403	404	IT	2
14	429	433	GWHS	5
15	445	470	MTIKWAPHEVLSRPGNQDCNWNRC	26

No.	Start	End	Peptide	Length
16	499	503	NTSRV	5
17	516	516	I	1
18	520	528	RLKNVQLEA	9
19	554	557	SLNT	4

Table S3: Reference set alleles for MHC-1 and MHC-II molecules.

MHC-1 ALLELES			
Alleles	length	Alleles	length
HLA-A*01:01	9	HLA-A*33:01	10
HLA-A*01:01	10	HLA-A*68:01	9
HLA-A*02:01	9	HLA-A*68:01	10
HLA-A*02:01	10	HLA-A*68:02	9
HLA-A*02:03	9	HLA-A*68:02	10
HLA-A*02:03	10	HLA-B*07:02	9
HLA-A*02:06	9	HLA-B*07:02	10
HLA-A*02:06	10	HLA-B*08:01	9
HLA-A*03:01	9	HLA-B*08:01	10
HLA-A*03:01	10	HLA-B*15:01	9
HLA-A*11:01	9	HLA-B*15:01	10
HLA-A*11:01	10	HLA-B*35:01	9
HLA-A*23:01	9	HLA-B*35:01	10
HLA-A*23:01	10	HLA-B*40:01	9
HLA-A*24:02	9	HLA-B*40:01	10
HLA-A*24:02	10	HLA-B*44:02	9
HLA-A*26:01	9	HLA-B*44:02	10
HLA-A*26:01	10	HLA-B*44:03	9
HLA-A*30:01	9	HLA-B*44:03	10
HLA-A*30:01	10	HLA-B*51:01	9
HLA-A*30:02	9	HLA-B*51:01	10
HLA-A*30:02	10	HLA-B*53:01	9
HLA-A*31:01	9	HLA-B*53:01	10
HLA-A*31:01	10	HLA-B*57:01	9
HLA-A*32:01	9	HLA-B*57:01	10
HLA-A*32:01	10	HLA-B*58:01	9
HLA-A*33:01	9	HLA-B*58:01	10
MHC-II ALLELES			
Alleles		length	

HLA-DRB1*03:01	15
HLA-DRB1*07:01	15
HLA-DRB1*15:01	15
HLA-DRB3*01:01	15
HLA-DRB3*02:02	15
HLA-DRB4*01:01	15
HLA-DRB5*01:01	15

Table S4: Scores of different parameters used by GalaxyRefine for the refinement of 3-D model.

GDT-HA	RMSD	MolProbit	Clash score	Poor rotamers	Rama favored
0.9844	0.286	2.287	25.0	0.6	94.1

Table S5: List of 12 selected residue pairs for disulfide engineering, all the selected pairs have bond energy less than 2.20 kcal/mol.

Residue 1				Residue 2			Bond	
	Chain	Seq #	AA	Chain	Seq #	AA	χ^3	kcal/mol
1	A	183	GLY	A	210	GLY	-88.43	0.38
2	A	510	ALA	A	543	ALA	-100.70	1.20
3	A	192	ILE	A	204	ASP	+95.57	1.40
4	A	448	ASN	A	474	ALA	-95.94	1.46
5	A	581	ASP	A	584	TYR	+99.43	1.53
6	A	17	CYS	A	27	LEU	+89.31	1.71
7	A	261	ILE	A	275	LYS	+91.37	1.74
8	A	325	PRO	A	358	VAL	+98.17	1.76
9	A	28	SER	A	46	CYS	+107.08	1.77
10	A	295	PRO	A	299	ALA	-80.80	1.92
11	A	45	LYS	A	79	CYS	+116.31	1.99
12	A	326	GLY	A	330	ALA	+72.74	2.17

Table S6: Maximum ClusPro energies, cluster members and patchdock of all the TLRs used for Molecular docking.

TLRs	TLR 2	TLR 3	TLR 4	TLR 5	TLR 8
ClusPro2.0 (kcal/mol)	-1144.3	-1202.9	-1169.7	-1441.3	-1320.7
Cluster Members	51	29	43	40	54
PatchDock Score	18882	18696	20564	23004	15182