

Supplementary Materials

# UV-Polymerized Vinylimidazolium Ionic Liquids for Permselective Membranes

Fridolin O. Sommer <sup>1,2</sup>, Jana-Sophie Appelt <sup>2</sup>, Ingo Barke <sup>1,3</sup>, Sylvia Speller <sup>1,3</sup> and Udo Kragl <sup>1,2,\*</sup>

<sup>1</sup> Faculty of Interdisciplinary Research, Department Life, Light & Matter, University of Rostock, Albert-Einstein-Straße 25, 18059 Rostock, Germany; fridolin.sommer@uni-rostock.de

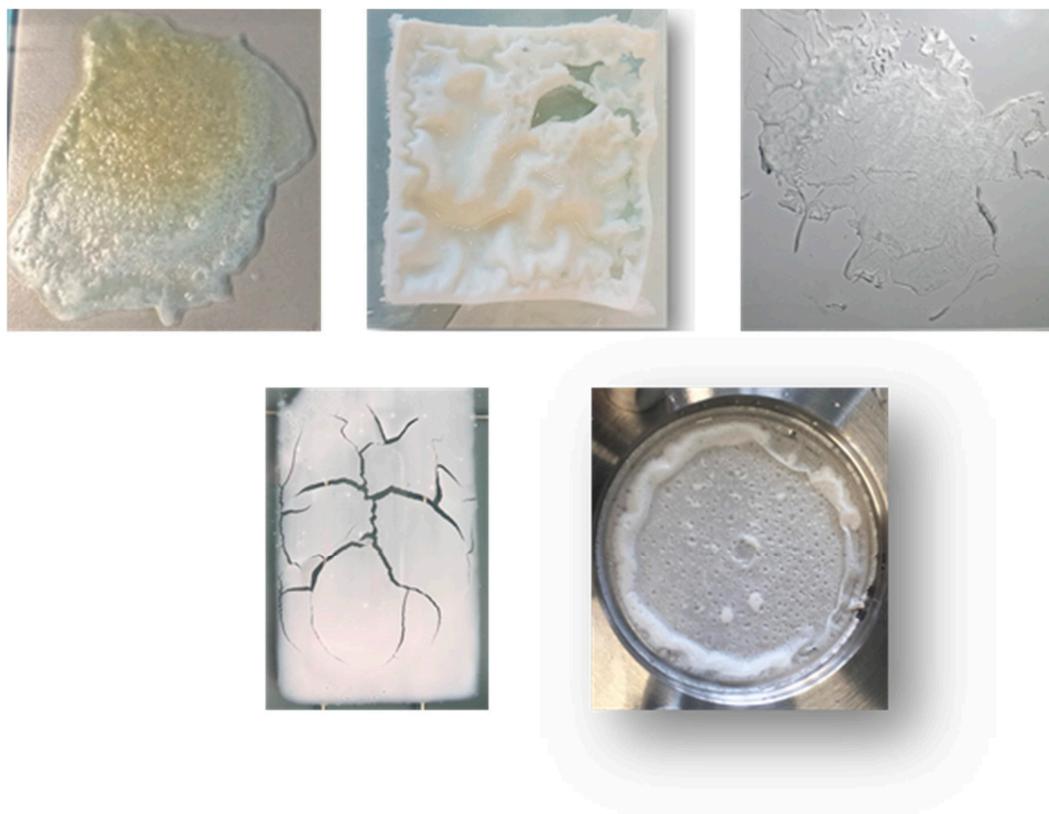
<sup>2</sup> Institute of Chemistry, University of Rostock, Albert-Einstein-Straße 3a, 18059 Rostock, Germany; jana-sophie.appelt@uni-rostock.de

<sup>3</sup> Institute of Physics, University of Rostock, Albert-Einstein-Straße 23, 18059 Rostock, Germany; ingo.barke@uni-rostock.de (I.B.); sylvia.speller@uni-rostock.de (S.P.)

\* Correspondence: udo.kragl@uni-rostock.de; Tel.: +49-381-498 6450

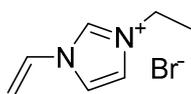
## Contents

Pictures .....	2
NMR .....	3
[VEtIm]Br .....	3
[VBuIm]Br .....	5
[VHexIm]Br .....	7
[VDodecIm]Br .....	9
[VPrIm]Br .....	11
[VBnIm]Br .....	13
Flux Measurements .....	15
Filtration Experiments .....	15
Retention of Calcium Gluconate Monohydrate .....	16
Retention of <i>D</i> -Glucose .....	16
Retention of Sucrose .....	18
Retention of Raffinose .....	19
Retention of <i>D</i> -Mannitol .....	20

**Pictures**

**Figure S1.** Pictures of (un-)successful layer formations with different ILs (I: too long irradiated, II: damage by wrong casting material, III: too thin, IV: dried after water bath, V: pores too big for application, VI: neat free standing PILs membrane).

## NMR

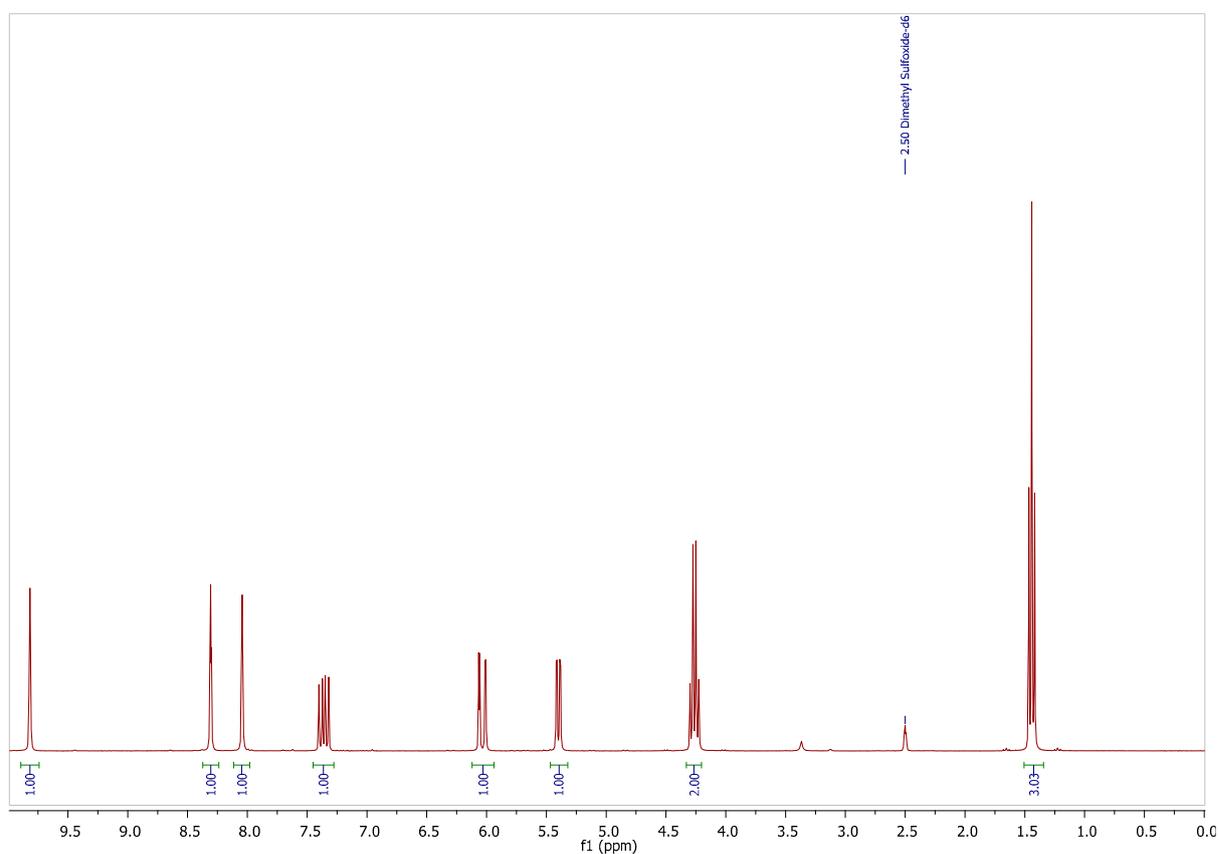
 $[VEtIm]Br$ 

3-ethyl-1-vinyl-1-imidazole-3-ium bromide

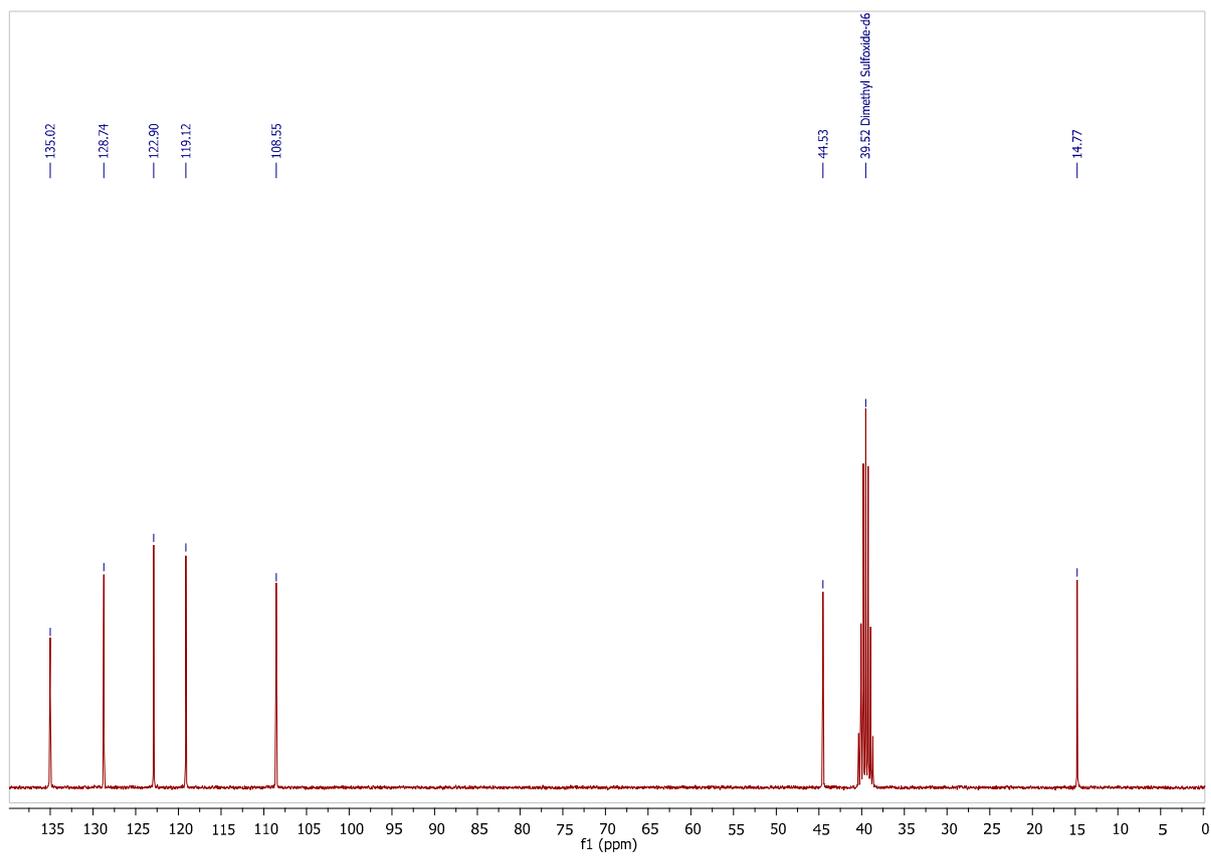
 $C_7H_{11}N_2Br$  $M = 203.08 \text{ g}\cdot\text{mol}^{-1}$ 

Calculated: C: 41.40 H: 5.46 N: 13.79

Measured: C: 41.740 H: 5.753 N: 13.957

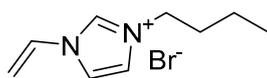
 $Y_{\text{isol.}} = 54\%$ 

$^1\text{H}$  NMR (300 MHz, DMSO)  $\delta$  9.82 (s, 1H), 8.31 (t,  $J = 1.8$  Hz, 1H), 8.04 (t,  $J = 1.7$  Hz, 1H), 7.36 (dd,  $J = 15.7, 8.8$  Hz, 1H), 6.04 (dd,  $J = 15.7, 2.3$  Hz, 1H), 5.40 (dd,  $J = 8.8, 2.3$  Hz, 1H), 4.26 (q,  $J = 7.3$  Hz, 2H), 1.44 (t,  $J = 7.3$  Hz, 3H).



<sup>13</sup>C NMR (75 MHz, DMSO) δ 135.02, 128.74, 122.90, 119.12, 108.55, 44.53, 14.77.

[VBuIm]Br



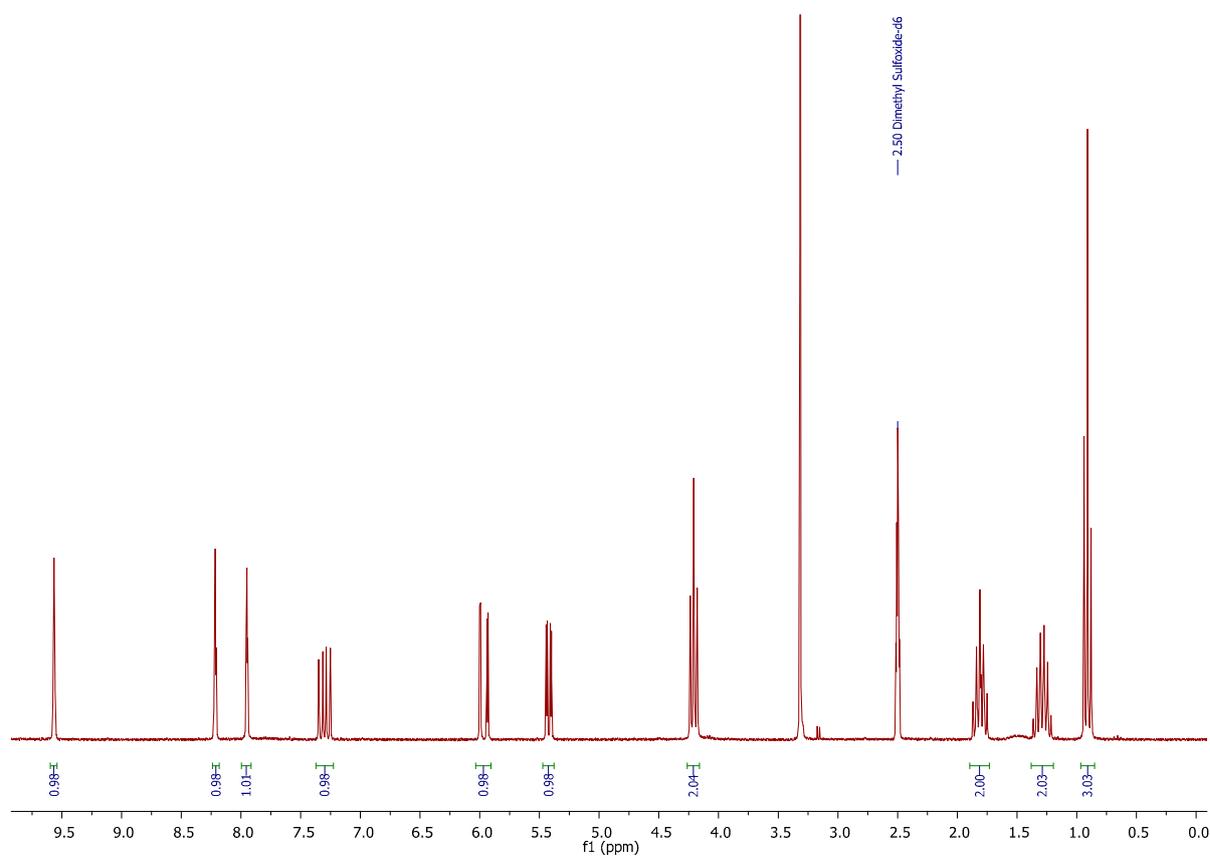
3-butyl-1-vinyl-1-imidazole-3-ium bromide

C<sub>9</sub>H<sub>15</sub>N<sub>2</sub>BrM = 231.14 g·mol<sup>-1</sup>

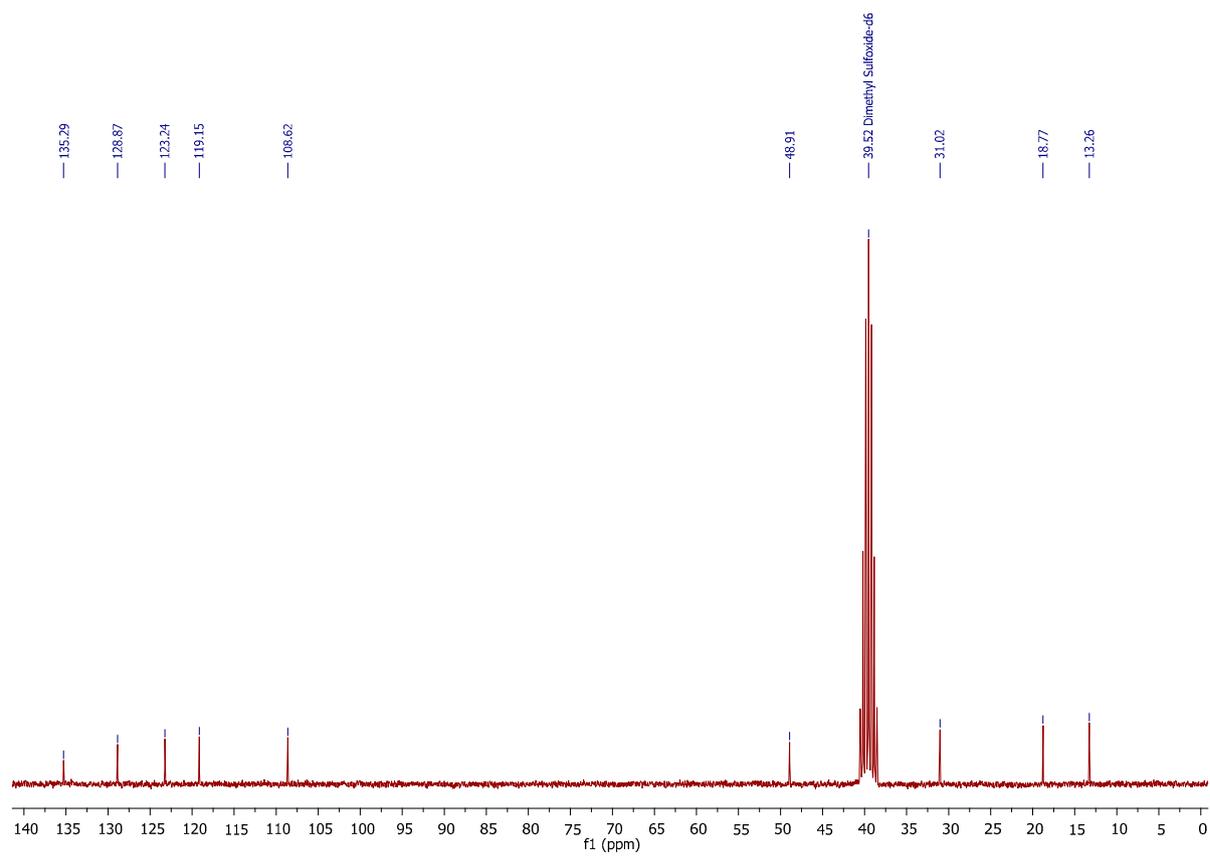
Calculated: C: 46.77 H: 6.54 N: 12.12

Measured: C: 46.824 H: 6.438 N: 12.125

Melting point: 82 °C

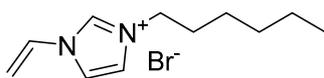
Y<sub>isol.</sub> = 79%

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (250 MHz, DMSO) δ 8.21 (s, 1H), 7.94 (s, 1H), 7.25 (s, 1H), 5.93 (s, 1H), 5.40 (s, 1H), 4.19 (d, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 1H), 1.80 (s, 1H), 1.77 (d, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 1.26 (d, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 1H), 1.24 – 1.22 (m, 1H), 0.90 (d, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 1H).



<sup>13</sup>C NMR (63 MHz, DMSO) δ 135.29, 128.87, 123.24, 119.15, 108.62, 48.91, 31.02, 18.77, 13.26.

[VHexIm]Br



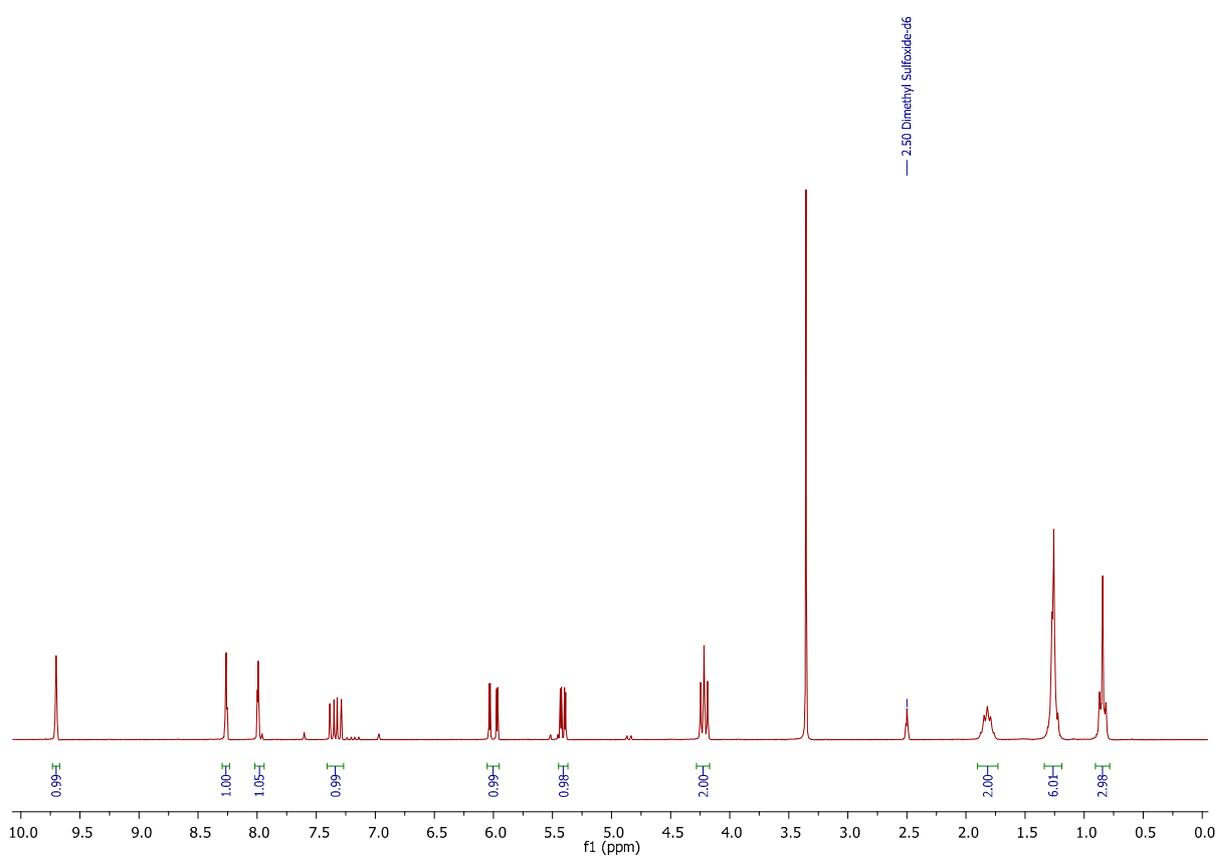
3-hexyl-1-vinyl-1-imidazole-3-ium bromide

C<sub>11</sub>H<sub>19</sub>N<sub>2</sub>BrM = 259.19 g·mol<sup>-1</sup>

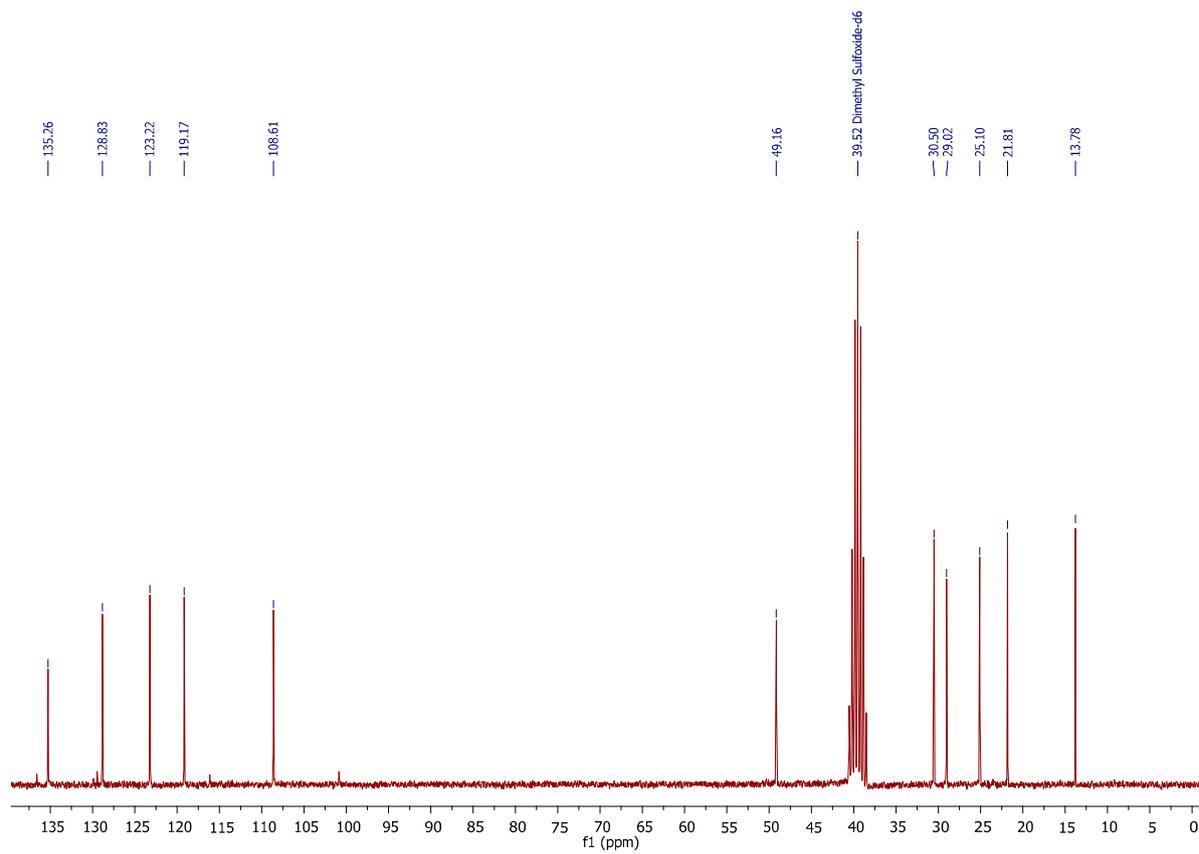
Calculated: C: 50.97 H: 7.39 N: 10.81

Measured: C: 51.048 H: 7.665 N: 11.113

Melting point: &lt; 25 °C

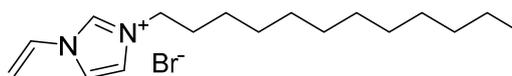
Y<sub>isol.</sub> = 67%

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (250 MHz, DMSO) δ 9.70 (t, *J* = 1.5 Hz, 1H), 8.26 (t, *J* = 1.8 Hz, 1H), 7.98 (dd, *J* = 5.8, 4.1 Hz, 1H), 7.34 (dd, *J* = 15.7, 8.8 Hz, 1H), 6.00 (dd, *J* = 15.6, 2.4 Hz, 1H), 5.41 (dd, *J* = 8.7, 2.3 Hz, 1H), 4.22 (t, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 2H), 1.83 (dd, *J* = 13.8, 7.0 Hz, 2H), 1.34 – 1.19 (m, 6H), 0.90 – 0.78 (m, 3H).



<sup>13</sup>C NMR (63 MHz, DMSO) δ 135.26, 128.83, 123.22, 119.17, 108.61, 49.16, 30.50, 29.02, 25.10, 21.81, 13.78.

[VDodecIm]Br

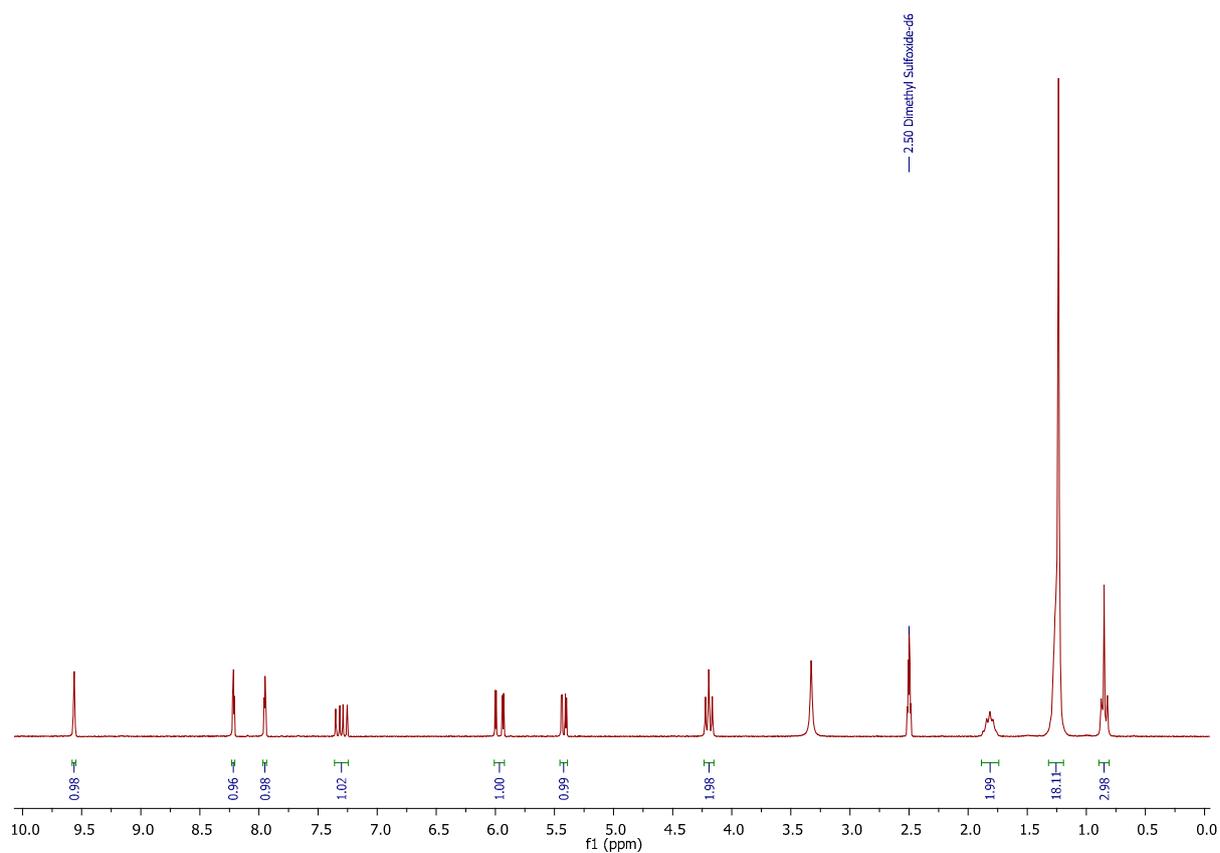


3-dodecyl-1-vinyl-1-imidazole-3-ium bromide

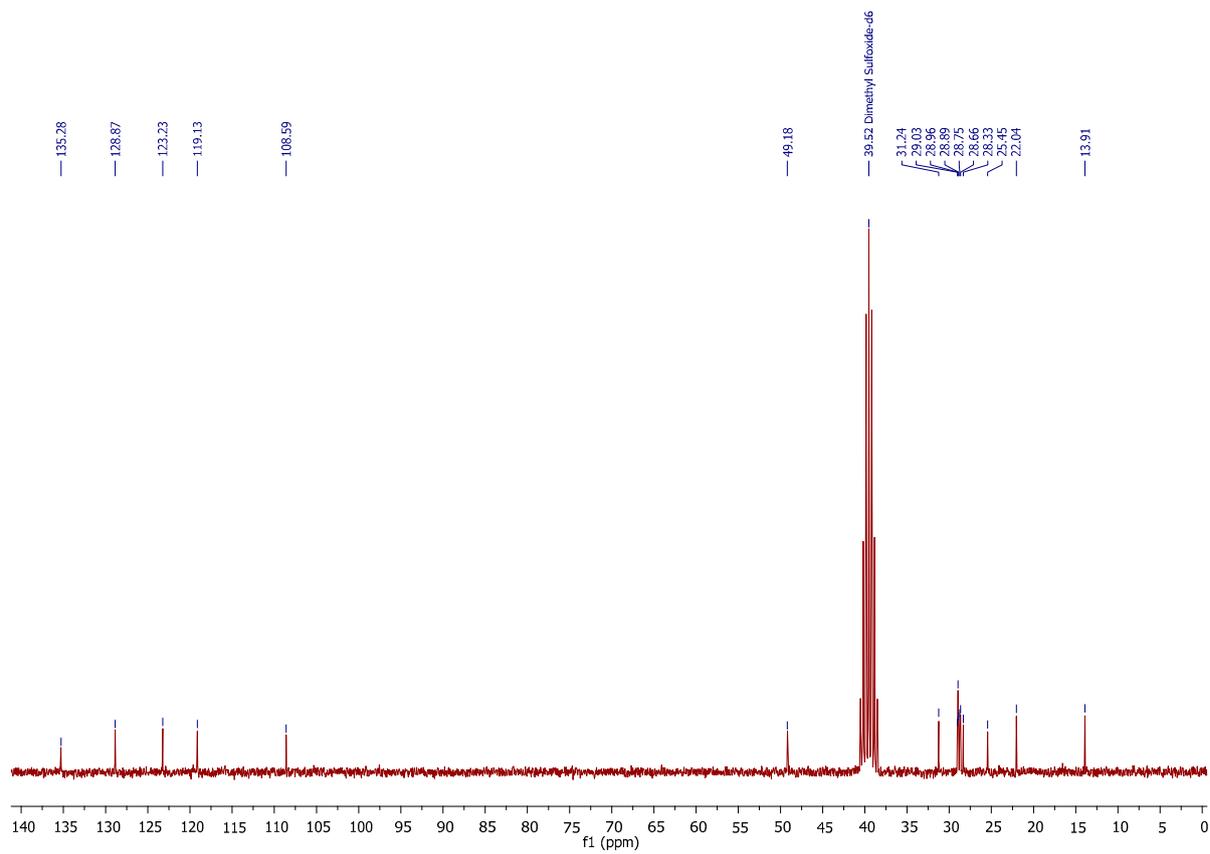
C<sub>17</sub>H<sub>1</sub>N<sub>2</sub>BrM = 343.35 g·mol<sup>-1</sup>

Calculated: C: 59.47 H: 9.10 N: 8.16

Measured: C: 60.552 H: 9.257 N: 8.672

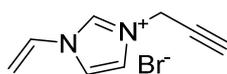
Y<sub>isol.</sub> = 87%

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (250 MHz, DMSO) δ 9.56 (t, *J* = 1.5 Hz, 1H), 8.22 (t, *J* = 1.9 Hz, 1H), 7.95 (t, *J* = 1.7 Hz, 1H), 7.30 (dd, *J* = 15.6, 8.8 Hz, 1H), 5.97 (dd, *J* = 15.6, 2.3 Hz, 1H), 5.42 (dd, *J* = 8.7, 2.3 Hz, 1H), 4.19 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 1.89 – 1.74 (m, 2H), 1.24 (s, 18H), 0.89 – 0.81 (m, 3H).



$^{13}\text{C}$  NMR (63 MHz, DMSO)  $\delta$  135.28, 128.87, 123.23, 119.13, 108.59, 49.18, 31.24, 29.03, 28.96, 28.89, 28.75, 28.66, 28.33, 25.45, 22.04, 13.91.

[VPryIm]Br

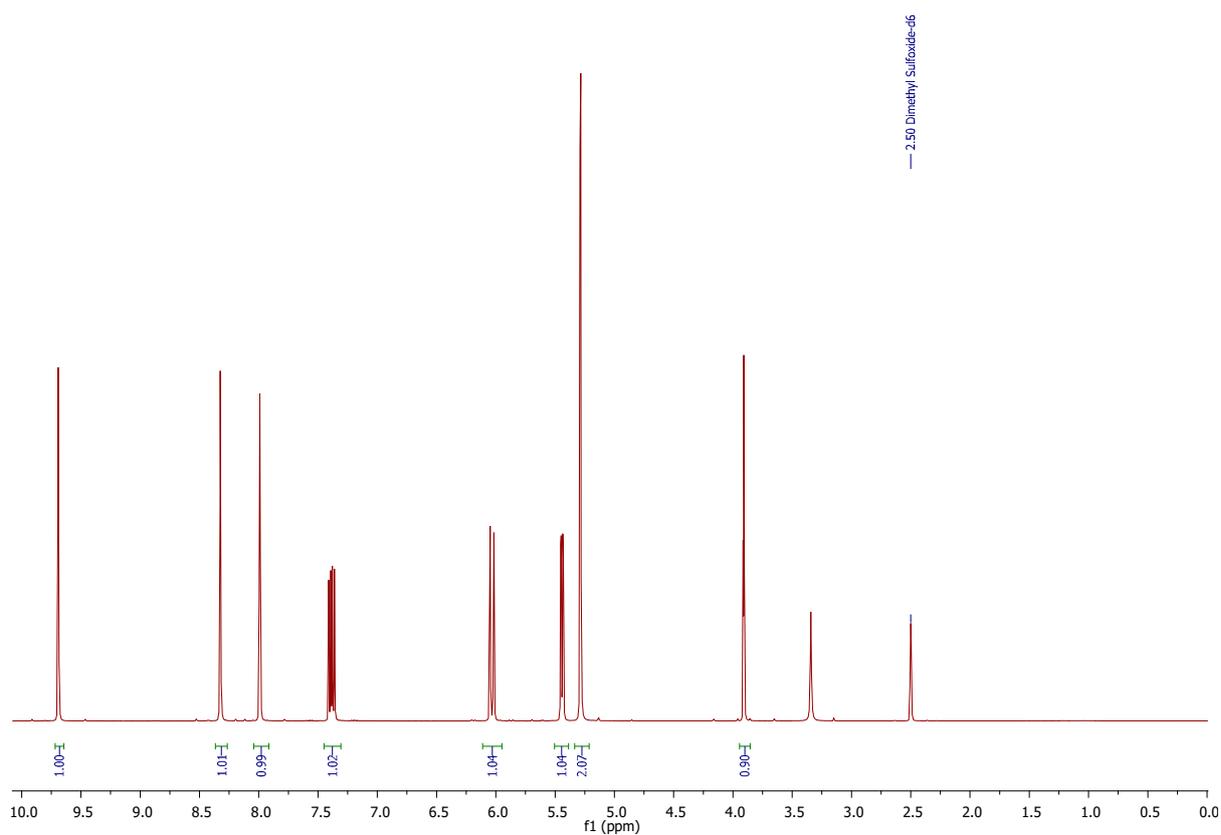


3-(prop-2-yn-1-yl)-1-vinyl-1-imidazole-3-ium bromide

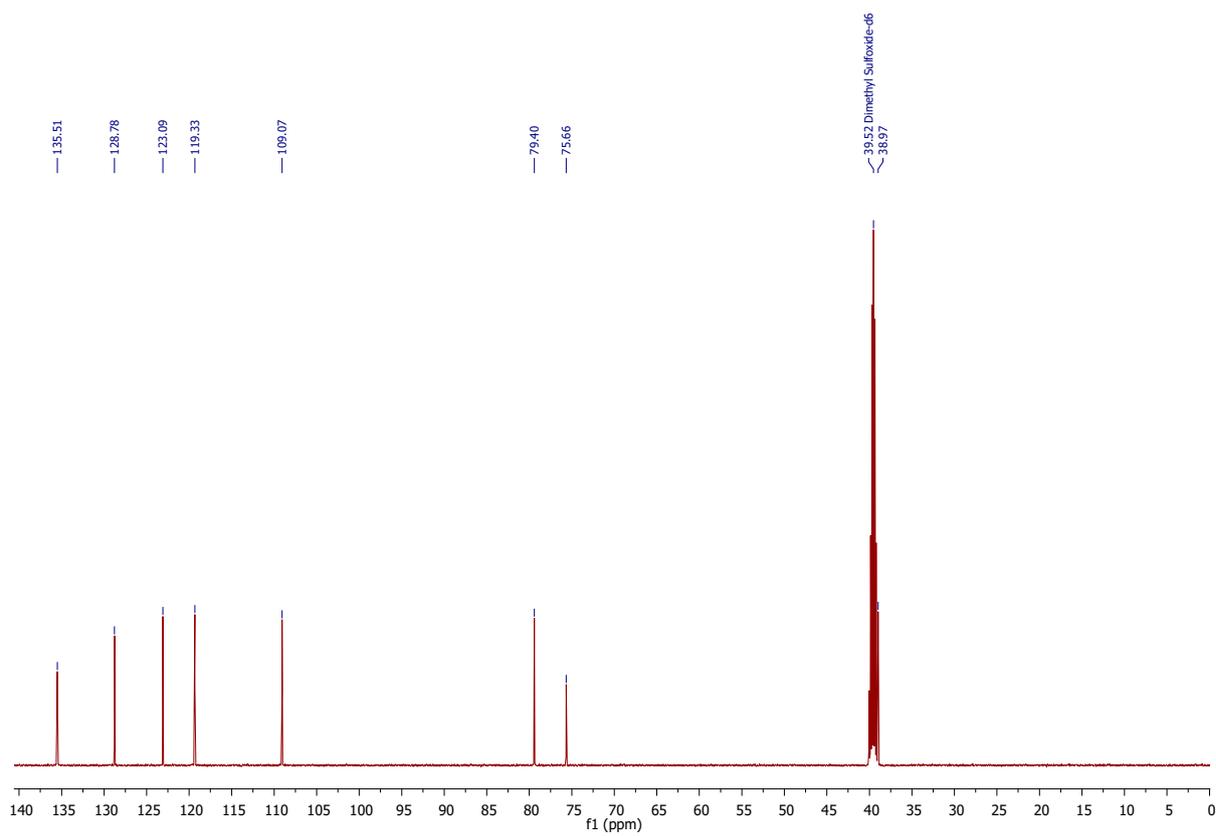
C<sub>8</sub>H<sub>9</sub>N<sub>2</sub>BrM = 213.08 g·mol<sup>-1</sup>

Calculated: C: 45.10 H: 4.26 N: 13.15

Measured: C: 45.15 H: 4.42 N: 13.29

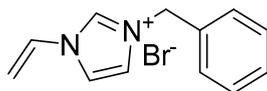
Y<sub>isol.</sub> = 73%

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (500 MHz, DMSO) δ 9.69 (s, 1H), 8.32 (t, *J* = 1.7 Hz, 1H), 7.99 (s, 1H), 7.39 (dd, *J* = 15.7, 8.8 Hz, 1H), 6.03 (dd, *J* = 15.7, 2.4 Hz, 1H), 5.44 (dd, *J* = 8.7, 2.4 Hz, 1H), 5.29 (d, *J* = 2.5 Hz, 2H), 3.91 (t, *J* = 2.5 Hz, 1H).



<sup>13</sup>C NMR (126 MHz, DMSO) δ 135.51, 128.78, 123.09, 119.33, 109.07, 79.40, 75.66, 39.52, 38.97.

[VBnIm]Br



3-benzyl-1-vinyl-1-imidazole-3-ium bromide

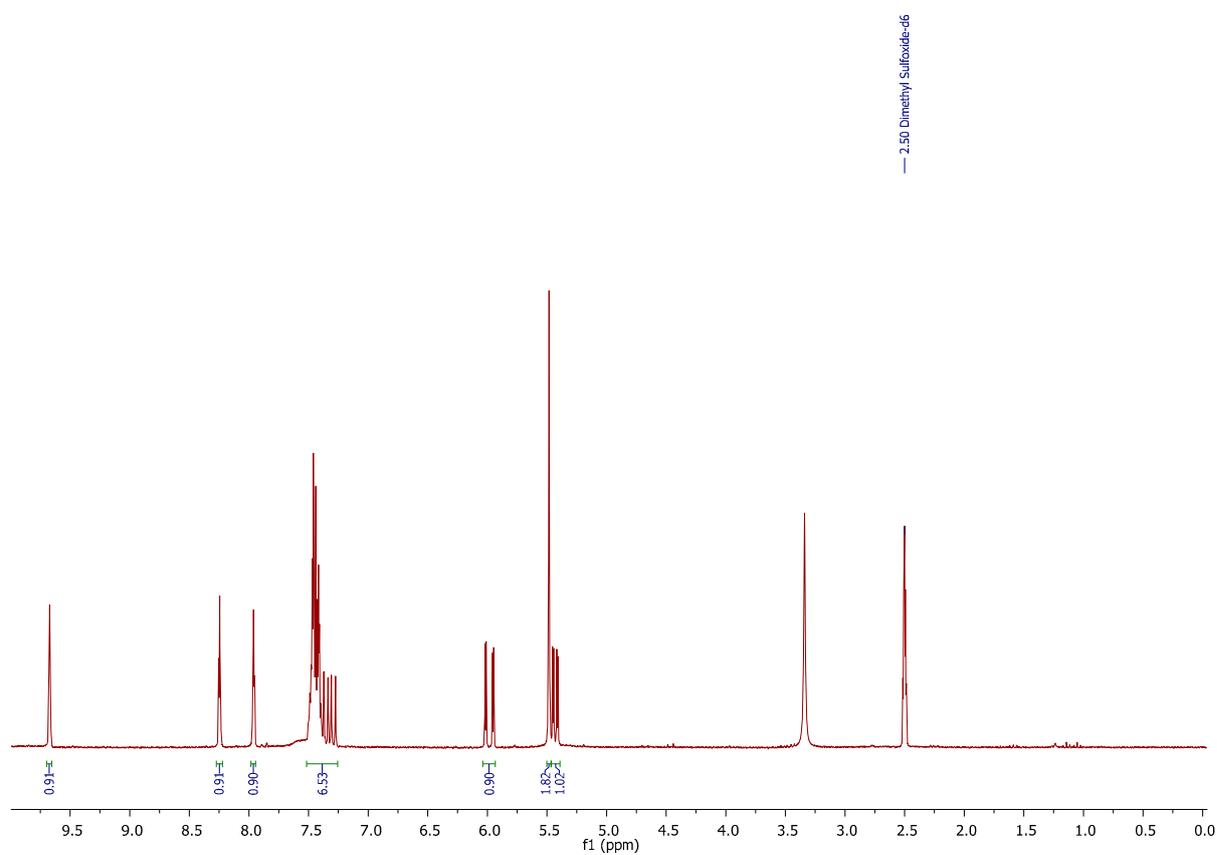
$C_{12}H_{13}N_2Br$

$M = 265.15 \text{ g}\cdot\text{mol}^{-1}$

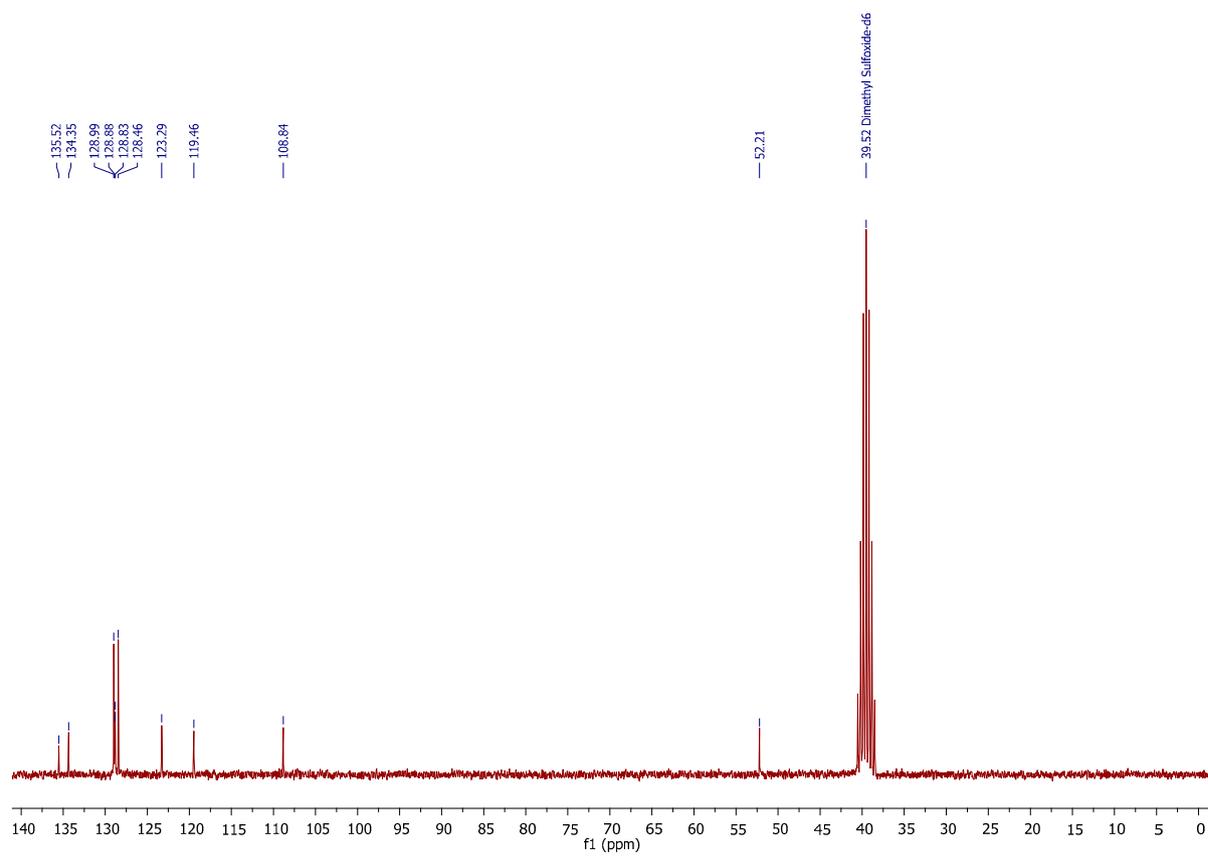
Calculated: C: 54.36 H: 4.94 N: 10.57

Measured: C: 54.464 H: 5.565 N: 10.050

$Y_{\text{isol.}} = 92\%$

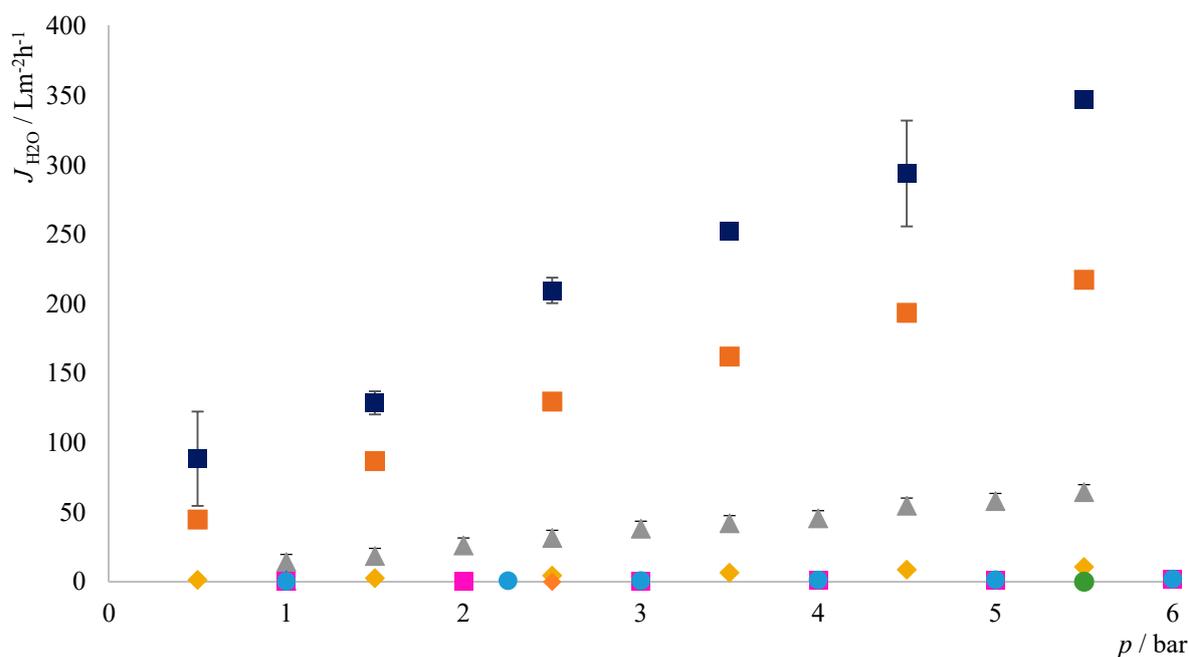


$^1\text{H}$  NMR (250 MHz, DMSO)  $\delta$  9.67 (s, 1H), 8.25 (t,  $J = 1.8$  Hz, 1H), 7.96 (t,  $J = 1.7$  Hz, 1H), 7.52 – 7.26 (m, 7H), 5.98 (dd,  $J = 15.6, 2.4$  Hz, 1H), 5.48 (s, 2H), 5.43 (dd,  $J = 8.7, 2.4$  Hz, 1H).



<sup>13</sup>C NMR (63 MHz, DMSO) δ 135.52, 134.35, 128.99, 128.88, 128.83, 128.46, 123.29, 119.46, 108.84, 52.21.

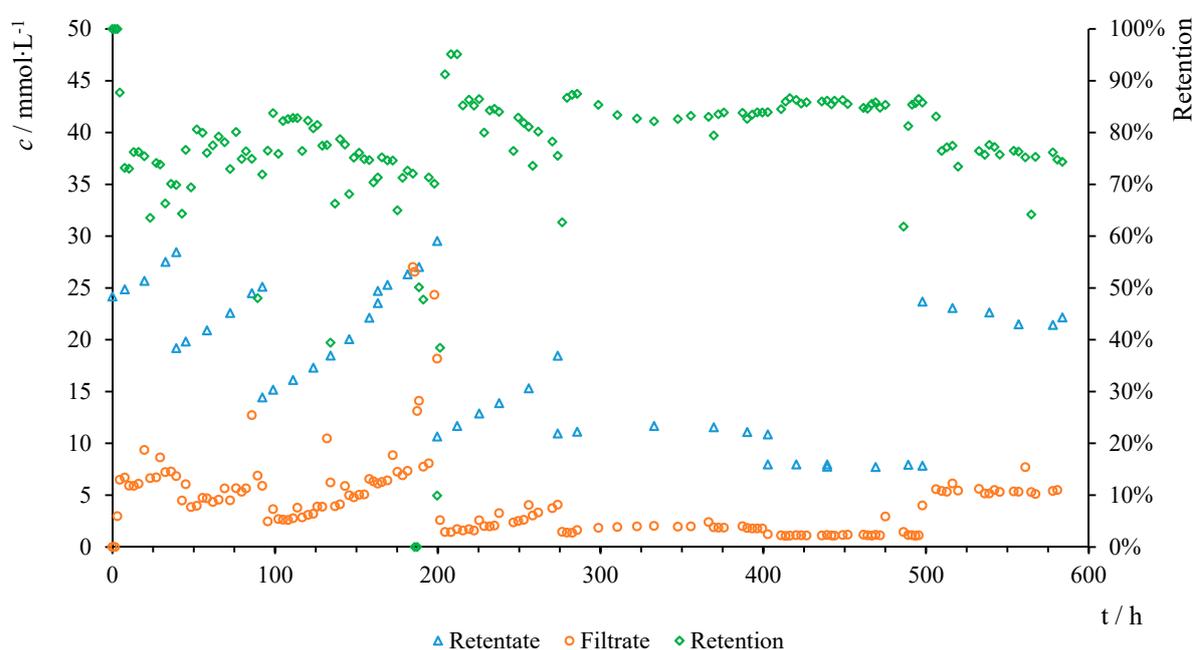
## Flux Measurements



**Figure S2.** Aqueous flux measurement of synthesized and commercial membranes (Ultracell® 10 kDa, Ultracell® 5 kDa, DuraMem™ 200, PILs B, PILs C, PILs D, PILs BD1, PILs BD2, PILs BD3). Conditions:  $d_{\text{membrane}} = 43.53$  mm,  $p_{\text{air}} = 0.5 - 6$  bar, Schleicher&Schuell stirred dead-end cell,  $n_{\text{IL}} = 0.0031$  mol,  $n_{\text{IL}} : n_{\text{ACN}} : n_{\text{Styr}} = 1 : 3 : 1$ , 5 wt% PI, 2 wt% CL (wt% based on  $n_{\text{IL}}$ ), 0.5 h ultrasonic bath,  $h_{\text{gap}} = 300$   $\mu\text{m}$ , 0.5 h UV lamp, 24 h EtOH, 24 h H<sub>2</sub>O. Commercial membranes were used pre-conditioned as instructed by manufactures. Some error bars are small and covered by the data point.

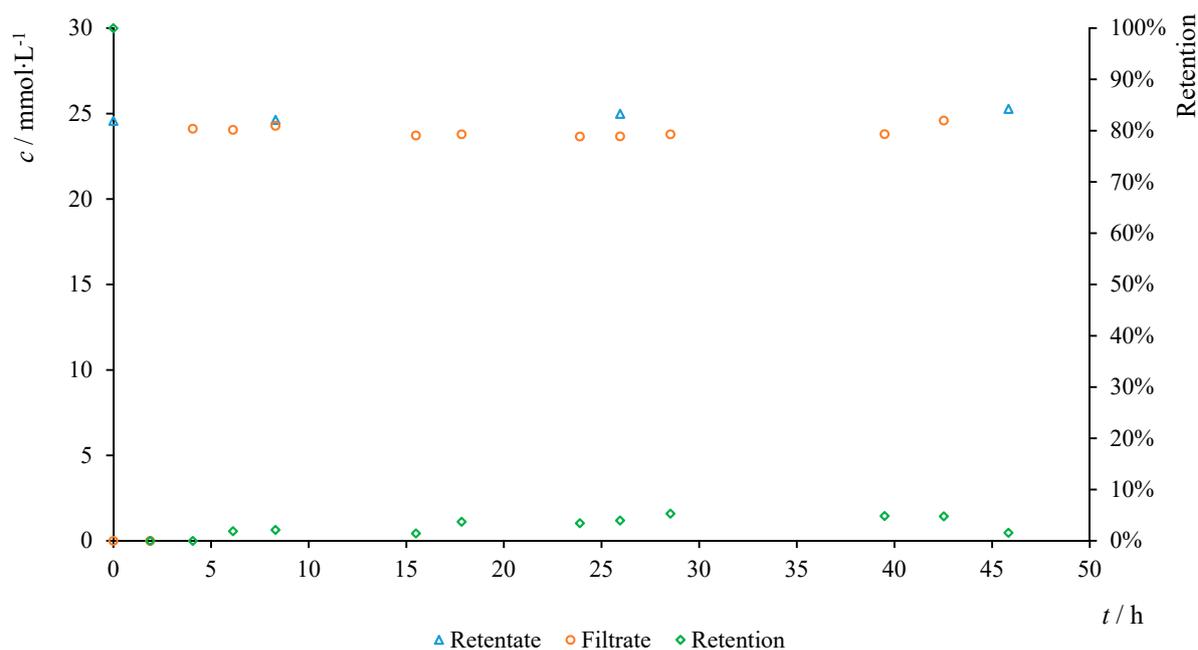
## Filtration Experiments

### Retention of Calcium Gluconate Monohydrate



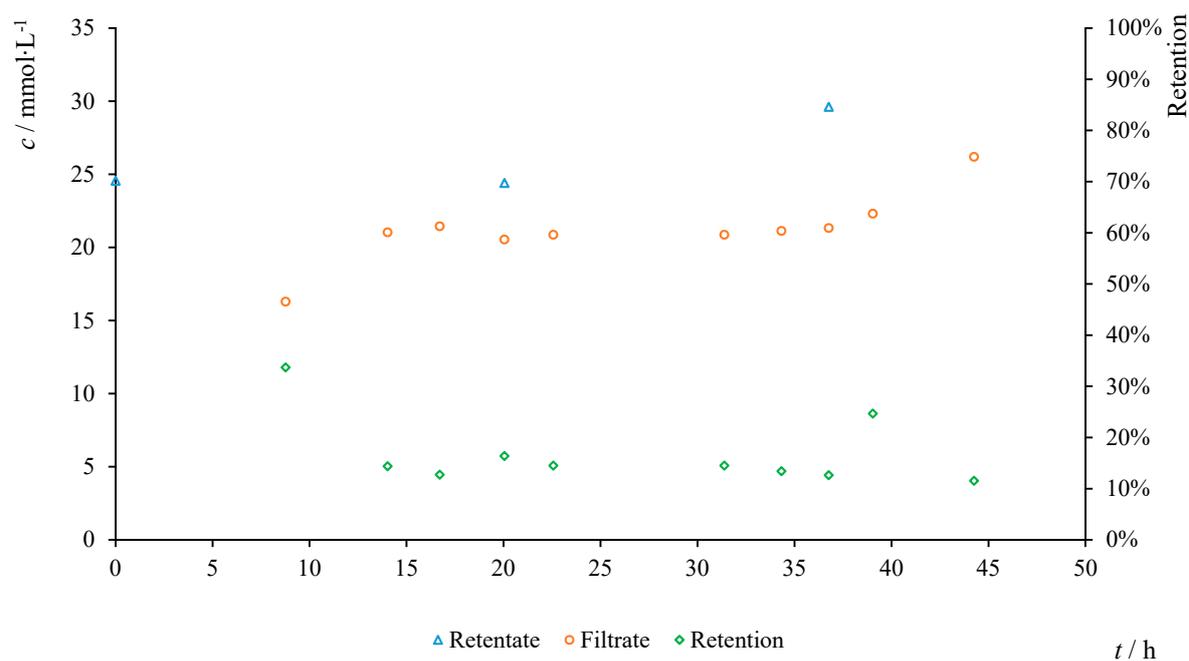
**Figure S1:** Retentate (blue), filtrate (orange) and retention (green) in dead-end (0–270 h) and diafiltration experiments (270–590 h) with calcium gluconate using PILs BD2. Conditions:  $d_{\text{membrane}} = 43.35$  mm,  $p_{\text{air}} = 6$  bar, Schleicher&Schuell stirred dead-end cell,  $n_{[\text{VBuIm}]\text{Br}} = 0.00465$  mol,  $n_{[\text{VDodeIm}]\text{Br}} = 0.00155$  mol,  $n_{\text{IL}} : n_{\text{ACN}} : n_{\text{Styr}} = 1 : 3 : 1$ , 5wt% TPO, 2wt% DVB (wt% based on  $m_{\text{IL}}$ ), 0.5 h ultrasonic bath,  $h_{\text{gap}} = 300$   $\mu\text{m}$ , 0.5 h UV lamp, 24 h EtOH, 24 h H<sub>2</sub>O.

## Retention of D-Glucose



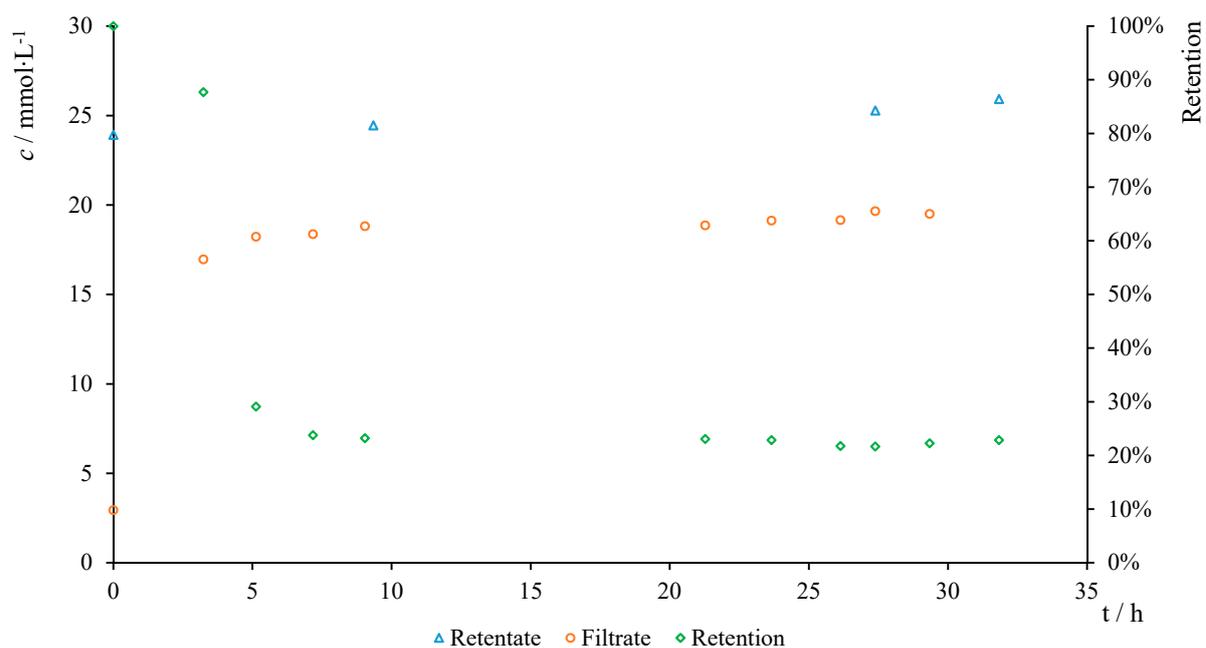
**Figure S4.** Retentate (blue), filtrate (orange) and retention (green) in dead-end filtration with D-glucose using PILs BD2. Conditions:  $d_{\text{membrane}} = 43.35$  mm,  $p_{\text{air}} = 6$  bar, Schleicher&Schuell stirred dead-end cell,  $n_{[\text{VBuIm}]\text{Br}} = 0.00465$  mol,  $n_{[\text{VDodecIm}]\text{Br}} = 0.00155$  mol,  $n_{\text{IL}} : n_{\text{ACN}} : n_{\text{Styr}} = 1 : 3 : 1$ , 5wt% TPO, 2wt% DVB (wt% based on  $m_{\text{IL}}$ ), 0.5 h ultrasonic bath,  $h_{\text{gap}} = 300$   $\mu\text{m}$ , 0.5 h UV lamp, 24 h EtOH, 24 h H<sub>2</sub>O.

## Retention of Sucrose



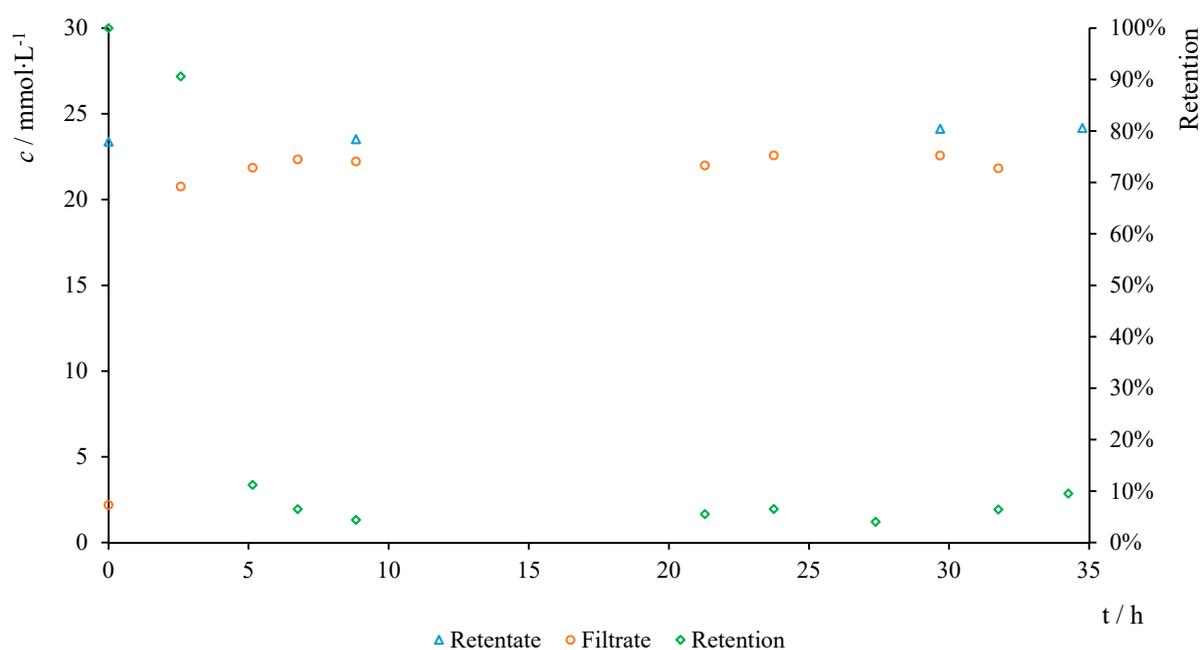
**Figure S5.** Retentate (blue), filtrate (orange) and retention (green) in dead-end filtration with sucrose using PILs BD2. Conditions:  $d_{\text{membrane}} = 43.35 \text{ mm}$ ,  $p_{\text{air}} = 6 \text{ bar}$ , Schleicher&Schuell stirred dead-end cell,  $n_{[\text{VBuIm}]\text{Br}} = 0.00465 \text{ mol}$ ,  $n_{[\text{VDodecm}]\text{Br}} = 0.00155 \text{ mol}$ ,  $n_{\text{IL}} : n_{\text{ACN}} : n_{\text{Styr}} = 1 : 3 : 1$ , 5wt% TPO, 2wt% DVB (wt% based on  $m_{\text{IL}}$ ), 0.5 h ultrasonic bath,  $h_{\text{gap}} = 300 \mu\text{m}$ , 0.5 h UV lamp, 24 h EtOH, 24 h H<sub>2</sub>O.

## Retention of Raffinose



**Figure S6.** Retentate (blue), filtrate (orange) and retention (green) in dead-end filtration with raffinose using PILs BD2. Conditions:  $d_{\text{membrane}} = 43.35$  mm,  $p_{\text{air}} = 6$  bar, Schleicher&Schuell stirred dead-end cell,  $n_{[\text{VBuIm}]\text{Br}} = 0.00465$  mol,  $n_{[\text{VDodeIm}]\text{Br}} = 0.00155$  mol,  $n_{\text{IL}} : n_{\text{ACN}} : n_{\text{Styr}} = 1 : 3 : 1$ , 5wt% TPO, 2wt% DVB (wt% based on  $m_{\text{IL}}$ ), 0.5 h ultrasonic bath,  $h_{\text{gap}} = 300$   $\mu\text{m}$ , 0.5 h UV lamp, 24 h EtOH, 24 h H<sub>2</sub>O.

## Retention of D-Mannitol



**Figure S7.** Retentate (blue), filtrate (orange) and retention (green) in dead-end filtration with D-mannitol using PILs BD2. Conditions:  $d_{\text{membrane}} = 43.35$  mm,  $p_{\text{air}} = 6$  bar, Schleicher&Schuell stirred dead-end cell,  $n_{[\text{VBuIm}]\text{Br}} = 0.00465$  mol,  $n_{[\text{VDodecIm}]\text{Br}} = 0.00155$  mol,  $n_{\text{IL}} : n_{\text{ACN}} : n_{\text{Styr}} = 1 : 3 : 1$ , 5wt% TPO, 2wt% DVB (wt% based on  $m_{\text{IL}}$ ), 0.5 h ultrasonic bath,  $h_{\text{gap}} = 300$   $\mu\text{m}$ , 0.5 h UV lamp, 24 h EtOH, 24 h H<sub>2</sub>O.