

**Table S1.** Generalized linear model analyses for drug and alcohol consumption as a function of time point ( $n = 166$ ).

<b>Drug episodes<sup>a</sup></b>	<b>B (SE B)</b>	<b><i>t</i></b>	<b>OR</b>	<b>95% CI</b>
Baseline <sup>c</sup>			1.00	
3-month follow up	-1.45 (0.13)	-11.07	0.24 ***	0.18–0.30
9-month follow up	-1.43 (0.14)	-9.92	0.24 ***	0.18–0.32
<b>Alcohol Frequency (number of drinking days)<sup>a</sup></b>	<b>B (SE B)</b>	<b><i>t</i></b>	<b>OR</b>	<b>95%CI of OR</b>
Baseline <sup>c</sup>			1.00	
3-month follow up	-0.91 (0.11)	-8.03	0.40 ***	0.32–0.50
9-month follow up	-0.85 (0.11)	-8.05	0.43 ***	0.35–0.52
<b>Alcohol Quantity (mean drinks per drinking day)<sup>b</sup></b>	<b>B (SE B)</b>	<b>Wald Chi Sq</b>	<b>OR</b>	<b>95%CI of OR</b>
Baseline <sup>c</sup>			1.00	
3-month follow up	-0.67 (0.12)	31.82	0.51 ***	0.40–0.66
9-month follow up	-0.75 (0.12)	39.89	0.47 ***	0.37–0.60
<b>Cannabis episodes<sup>a</sup></b>	<b>B (SE B)</b>	<b><i>t</i></b>	<b>OR</b>	<b>95% CI</b>
Baseline <sup>c</sup>			1.00	
3-month follow up	-1.14 (0.16)	-6.96	0.32 ***	0.23–0.44
9-month follow up	-1.51 (0.21)	-7.21	0.22 ***	0.15–0.33
<b>Heroin episodes<sup>a</sup></b>	<b>B (SE B)</b>	<b><i>t</i></b>	<b>OR</b>	<b>95% CI</b>
Baseline <sup>c</sup>			1.00	
3-month follow up	-1.18 (0.18)	-6.60	0.31 ***	0.22–0.44
9-month follow up	-1.16 (0.20)	-5.74	0.32 ***	0.21–0.47
<b>Amphetamine episodes<sup>a</sup></b>	<b>B (SE B)</b>	<b><i>t</i></b>	<b>OR</b>	<b>95% CI</b>
Baseline <sup>c</sup>			1.00	
3-month follow up	-1.59 (0.25)	-6.48	0.21 ***	0.13–0.33
9-month follow up	-1.42 (0.25)	-5.73	0.24 ***	0.15–0.4
<b>Primary Drug episodes<sup>a</sup></b>	<b>B (SE B)</b>	<b><i>t</i></b>	<b>OR</b>	<b>95% CI</b>
Baseline <sup>c</sup>			1.00	
3-month follow up	-0.99 (0.09)	-11.16	0.37 ***	0.31–0.44
9-month follow up	-0.97 (0.09)	-11.21	0.38 ***	0.32–0.45
<b>Drug Dependence (SDS)<sup>b</sup></b>	<b>B (SE B)</b>	<b>Wald Chi Sq</b>	<b>OR</b>	<b>95%CI of OR</b>
Baseline <sup>c</sup>			1.00	
3-month follow up	-0.80 (0.11)	53.94	0.45 ***	0.33–0.62
9-month follow up	-1.03 (0.13)	67.32	0.36 ***	0.26–0.49
<b>Alcohol Dependence (SADQ)<sup>b</sup></b>	<b>B (SE B)</b>	<b>Wald Chi Sq</b>	<b>OR</b>	<b>95%CI of OR</b>
Baseline <sup>c</sup>			1.00	
3-month follow up	-0.95 (0.12)	61.20	0.39 ***	0.30–0.49
9-month follow up	-0.98 (0.12)	65.40	0.38 ***	0.29–0.48

\*\*\*  $p < 0.001$ . Note: OR = Odds Ratio; 95% CI = 95% Confidence Interval for odds ratio; <sup>a</sup> Analyses Negative binomial Generalized Linear Models with log link. <sup>b</sup> Analyses Tweedie (1.5) Generalized Linear Models with log link. <sup>c</sup> Reference category.

**Table S2.** Generalized linear model analyses for biopsychosocial outcomes as a function of time point ( $n = 166$ ).

<b>Social Function</b> <sup>a#</sup>	<b>B (SE B)</b>	<b>Wald Chi Sq</b>	<b>OR</b>	<b>95%CI of OR</b>
Baseline <sup>c</sup>			1.00	
3-month follow up	-0.29 (0.05)	33.20	0.75 ***	0.67–0.84
9-month follow up	-0.41 (0.05)	64.39	0.66 ***	0.59–0.74
<b>Psychiatric Status</b> <sup>b#</sup>	<b>B (SE B)</b>	<b>Wald Chi Sq</b>	<b>OR</b>	<b>95%CI of OR</b>
Baseline <sup>c</sup>			1.00	
3-month follow up	-0.42 (0.06)	50.82	0.66 ***	0.56–0.78
9-month follow up	-0.59 (0.07)	78.61	0.56 ***	0.47–0.66
<b>Employment Status</b> <sup>b#</sup>	<b>B (SE B)</b>	<b>Wald Chi Sq</b>	<b>OR</b>	<b>95%CI of OR</b>
Baseline <sup>c</sup>			1.00	
3-month follow up	-0.15 (0.05)	8.90	0.86 **	0.76–0.97
9-month follow up	-0.22 (0.05)	16.20	0.80 ***	0.71–0.90
<b>Medical Status</b> <sup>b#</sup>	<b>B (SE B)</b>	<b>Wald Chi Sq</b>	<b>OR</b>	<b>95%CI of OR</b>
Baseline <sup>c</sup>			1.00	
3-month follow up	-0.22 (0.20)	1.20	0.81	0.48–1.35
9-month follow up	-0.06 (0.19)	0.09	0.94	0.57–1.57
<b>Wellbeing</b> <sup>c,^</sup>	<b>B (SE B)</b>	<b>Wald Chi Sq</b>	<b>OR</b>	<b>95%CI of OR</b>
Baseline <sup>c</sup>			1.00	
3-month follow up	0.75 (0.07)	132.18	2.12 ***	1.85–2.42
9-month follow up	0.85 (0.06)	174.02	2.34 ***	2.05–2.67

\*\*  $p < 0.01$ . \*\*\*  $p < 0.001$ . Note: OR = Odds Ratio; 95% CI = 95% Confidence Interval for odds ratio; All analyses Tweedie (1.5) Generalized Linear Models with log link. <sup>a</sup> Subscale of the Opiate Treatment Index (OTI); <sup>b</sup> Subscale of the Addiction Severity Index (ASI); <sup>c</sup> Personal Wellbeing Index (PWI); <sup>c</sup> Reference category. <sup>#</sup> Higher score on scale indicative of greater problems; <sup>^</sup> Higher score on scale indicative of fewer problems.