

## Supplemental material

**Table 1.** Univariate relationships of plasma free thiols with clinical and laboratory variables in males (n = 98) and females (n = 70).

	Males	Females
Age	-0.333 *	-0.049
Systolic blood pressure	-0.069	-0.001
Diastolic blood pressure	0.055	-0.011
BMI	0.091	0.035
Waist	0.069	0.046
Glucose	0.185	0.197
HbA1c	0.103	0.193
Insulin	0.196	-0.006
HOMA-IR	0.222 *	0.058
eGFR	0.270 **	0.074
Total cholesterol	0.103	0.122
Non-HDL cholesterol	0.160	0.166
LDL cholesterol	-0.009	0.103
HDL cholesterol	-0.206 *	-0.112
Triglycerides	0.351***	0.149
ApoB	0.106	0.135
VLDL-P	0.299 *	0.049
Large VLDL	0.294 **	0.199
Medium VLDL	0.270 **	0.144
Small VLDL	0.119	-0.168
FFA	-0.132	-0.100
PLTP activity	0.107	0.024
Adiponectin	-0.245 ***	-0.138

Pearson correlation coefficients are shown. Non-parametrically distributed data are log<sub>e</sub> transformed. \**P*<0.05; \*\**P*≤0.01; \*\*\**P*≤0.001. Abbreviations: ApoB: apolipoprotein B; BMI: body mass index; e-GFR: estimated glomerular filtration rate; FFA: free fatty acids; HbA1c: glycated hemoglobin; HDL: high density lipoproteins; LDL: low density lipoproteins; PLTP: phospholipid transfer protein; VLDL: very low density lipoproteins; VLDL-P: very low density particle concentration.

**Table 2.** Multivariable linear regression analysis demonstrating independent associations of plasma free thiols with age and individual metabolic syndrome components in males (n=98) and females (n=70).

	Males		Females	
	β	<i>P</i> -value	β	<i>P</i> -value
Age	- 0.363	0.001	-0.027	0.843
Elevated glucose	0.072	0.492	0.088	0.498
Elevated blood pressure	0.029	0.782	-0.193	0.178
Enlarged waist	0.009	0.932	-0.004	0.978
Elevated triglycerides	0.261	0.018	0.186	0.177
Low HDL cholesterol	-0.071	0.519	0.183	0.172

Abbreviations: β: standardized regression coefficient; HDL: high density lipoproteins.

**Table 3.** Multivariable linear regression analysis demonstrating independent associations of plasma triglycerides with age, sex, free thiols, free fatty acids, PLTP activity and adiponectin and glucose in males (n = 98) and females (n = 70).

Males	Females
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	$\beta$	<i>P</i> -value	$\beta$	<i>P</i> -value
Age	-0.029	0.753	0.045	0.723
Free thiols	0.251	0.007	0.136	0.254
FFA	0.188	0.032	0.131	0.293
PLTP activity	0.230	0.009	0.266	0.044
Adiponectin	-0.332	0.000	-0.223	0.085
Glucose	0.109	0.234	-0.038	0.800

Triglycerides and adiponectin are log<sub>e</sub> transformed. Abbreviations:  $\beta$ : standardized regression coefficient; FFA: free fatty acids; PLTP phospholipid transfer protein.

**Table 4.** Multivariable linear regression analysis demonstrating independent associations of large very low density lipoprotein subfractions with age, sex, free thiols, free fatty acids, PLTP activity, adiponectin and glucose in males (n=98) and females (n=70).

	<b>Males</b>		<b>Females</b>	
	$\beta$	<i>P</i> -value	$\beta$	<i>P</i> -value
Age	-0.018	0.882	-0.023	0.872
Free thiols	0.184	0.136	0.188	0.140
Free fatty acids	0.206	0.079	0.302	0.031
PLTP	0.206	0.072	0.100	0.493
Adiponectin	-0.346	0.003	-0.204	0.140
Glucose	0.147	0.226	0.023	0.889

VLDL subfractions and adiponectin are log<sub>e</sub> transformed. Abbreviations:  $\beta$ : standardized regression coefficient; FFA: free fatty acids; PLTP phospholipid transfer protein; VLDL: very low density lipoproteins.