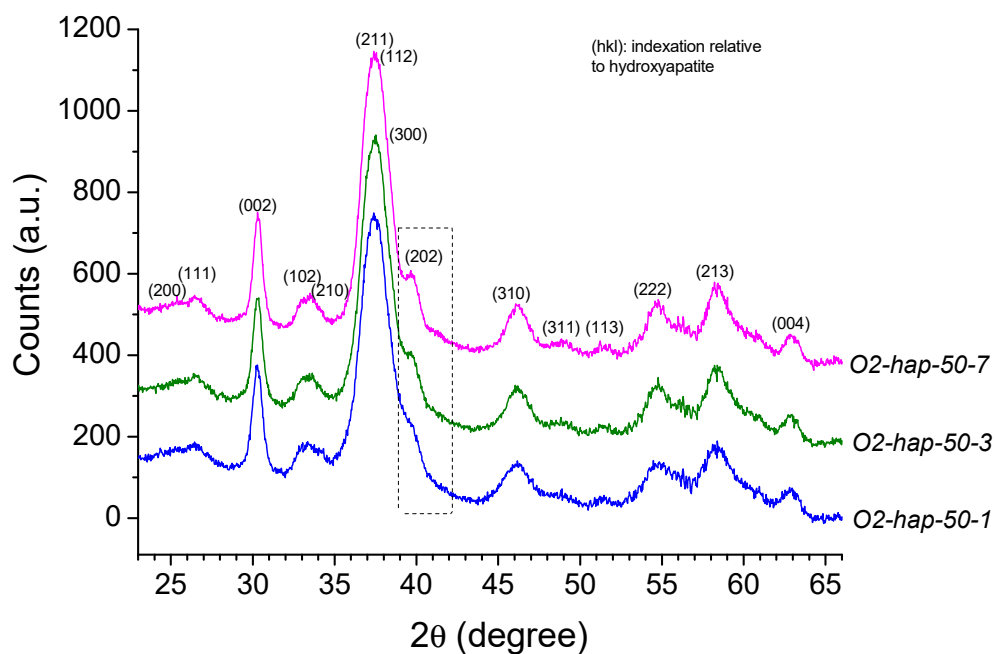
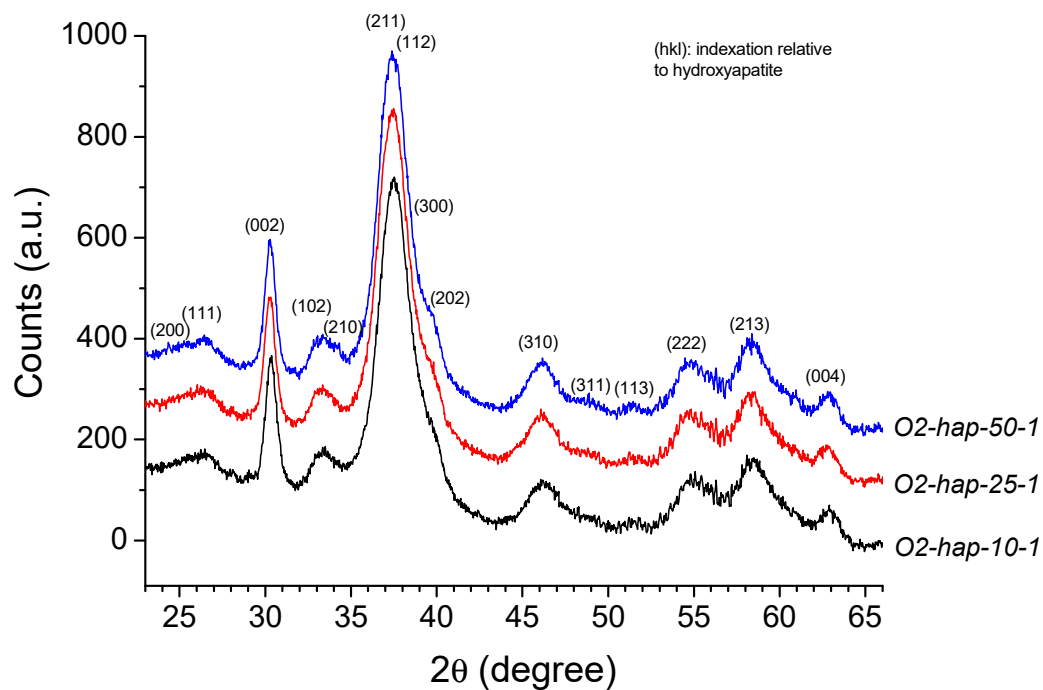
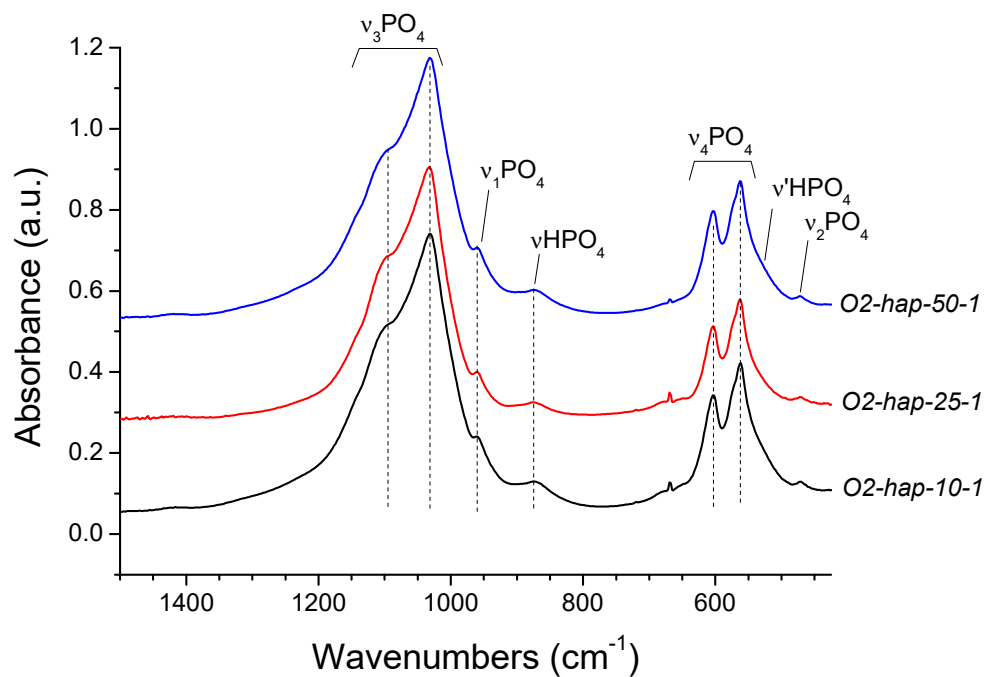
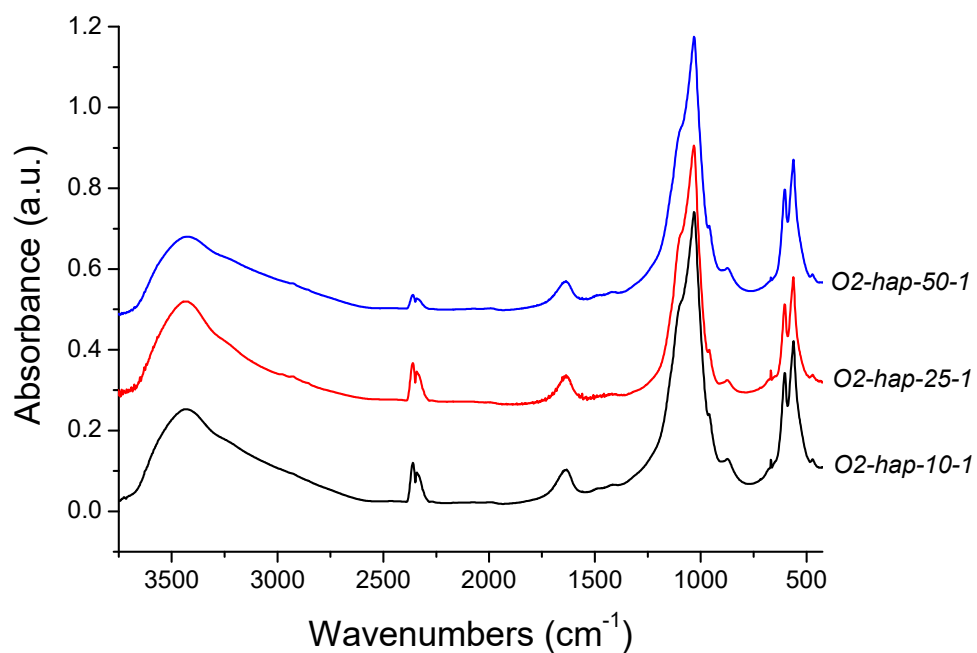


## Supporting Information

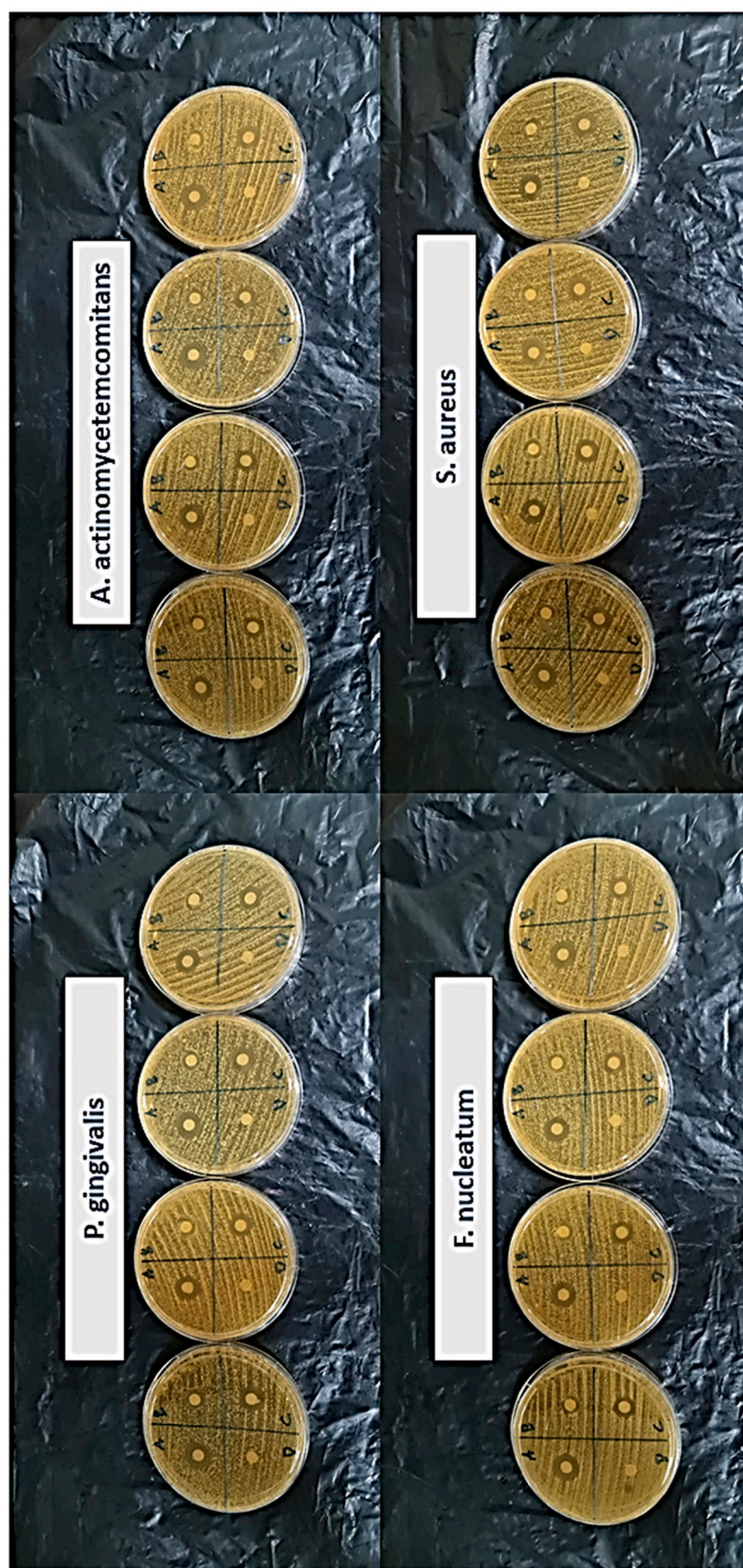
**Figure S1:** XRD patterns for apatite compounds prepared under varying conditions in terms of (top graph)  $\text{H}_2\text{O}_2$  initial amounts in the precipitating medium and (bottom graph) apatite maturation times. The reference names refer to **Table 1** form the main text.



**Figure S2:** FTIR spectra for apatite compounds prepared under increasing initial amounts of  $\text{H}_2\text{O}_2$  for an apatite maturation time of 1 day. The second graph is a zoomed view on the  $425\text{--}1500\text{ cm}^{-1}$  domain. The main phosphate band attributions have been added, with reference to bone-like apatite.

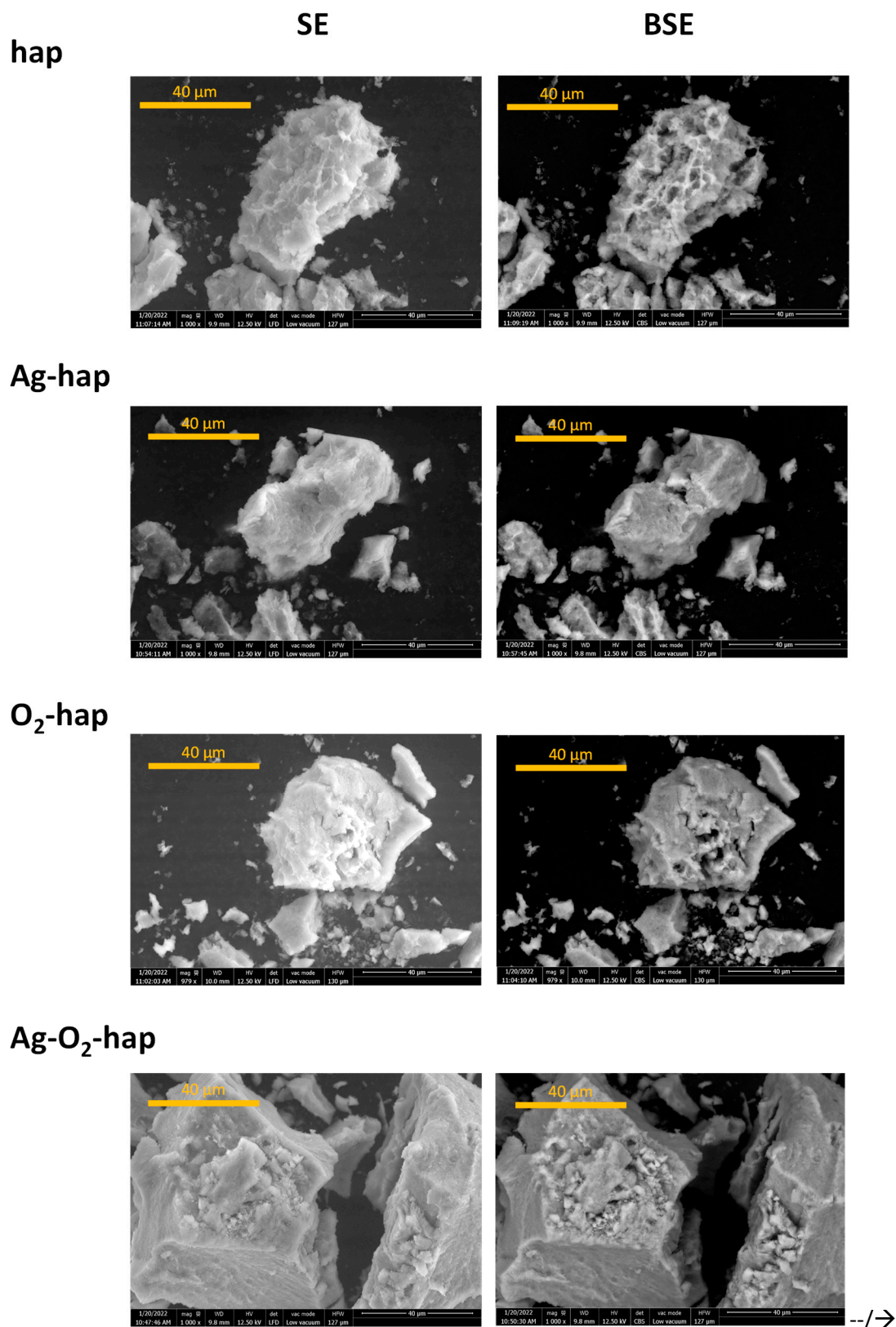


**Figure S3:** Replicated results (quadruplicate) of antibacterial tests with *P. gingivalis* (Pg), *A. actinomycetemcomitans* (Aa), *F. nucleatum* (Fn) and *S. aureus* (Sa) for all 4 types of apatite samples: Ag-hap (A), O2-doped (B), Ag-O2-hap (C) and hap (D).



**Figure S4:** SEM (a) and EDX (b) analyses of the 4 types of apatite starting powders, in secondary electron (SE) and backscattered electron (BSE) modes. Initial magnification of x1000.

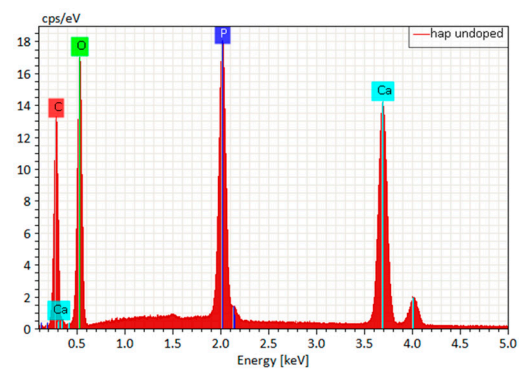
(a)



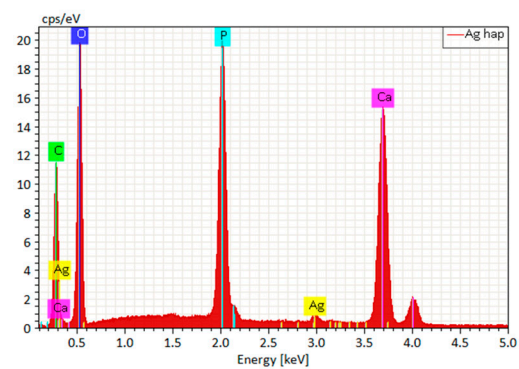


(b)

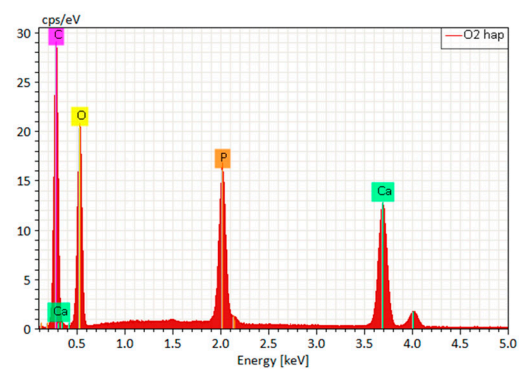
hap



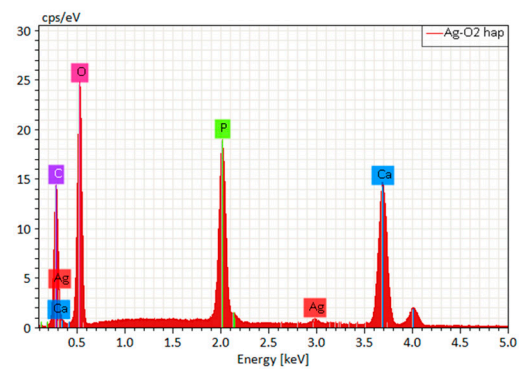
Ag-hap



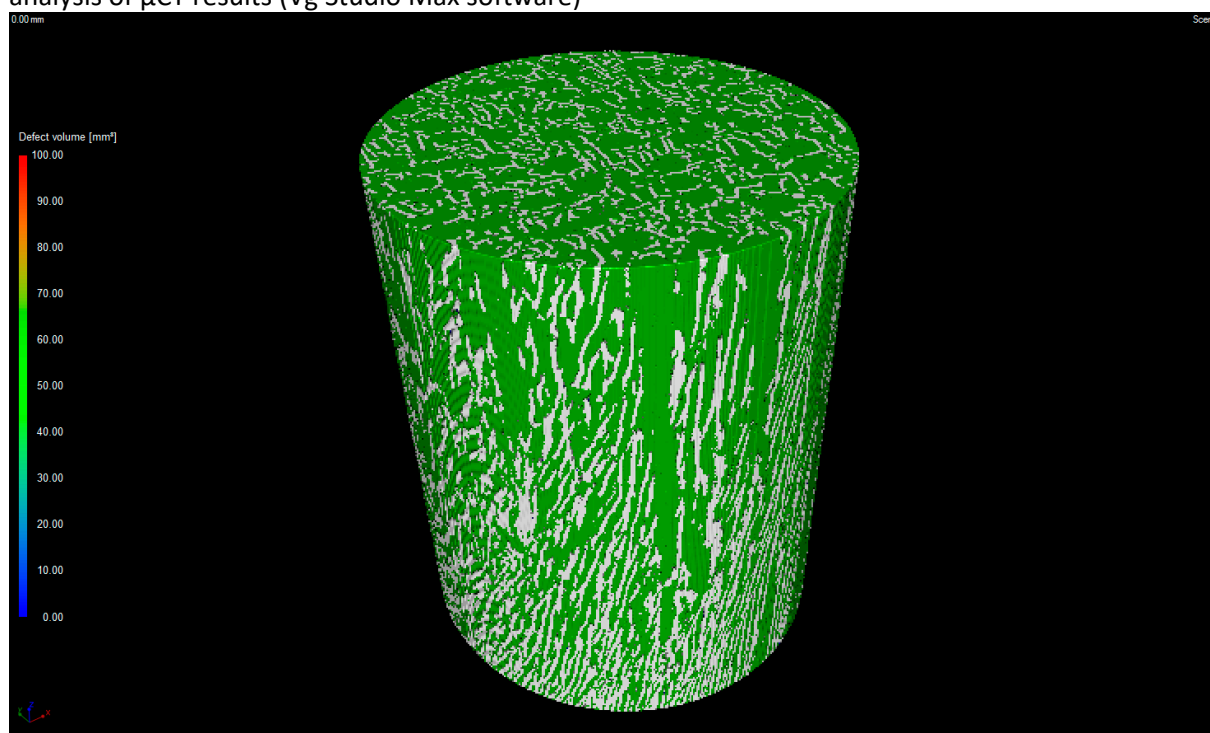
O<sub>2</sub>-hap



Ag-O<sub>2</sub>-hap



**Figure S5:** Visualization of the interconnected porous network (green) obtained thanks to the analysis of  $\mu$ CT results (Vg Studio Max software)



**Table S1:** Results of bacterial growth inhibition of the 4 types of hap (ref) and doped hap.

Types of Apatite	<i>Porphyromonas gingivalis</i>	<i>Aggregatibacter actinomycetemcomitans</i>	<i>Fusobacterium nucleatum</i>	<i>Staphylococcus aureus</i>
Ag-hap (A)	12.900±0.53	12.875±0.17	11.950±0.11	14.875±0.38
O <sub>2</sub> -hap (B)	8.833±0.19	8.125±0.12	7.650±0.12	9.100±0.25
Ag-O <sub>2</sub> -hap (C)	11.050±0.30	10.437±0.26	9.575±0.44	12.675±0.12
hap (D)	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

**Table S2:** Summary of one-way ANOVA on the antimicrobial properties of the samples against *P. gingivalis*.

Sample	Mean	Std Deviation	Std. Error	<i>p</i>
Ag-hap	12.9000	0.5292	0.2646	0.001*
O <sub>2</sub> -hap	8.3250	0.1848	0.0924	
Ag-O <sub>2</sub> -hap	11.0500	0.3000	0.1500	

\*Significance  $p < 0.05$

**Table S3:** Summary of one-way ANOVA on the antimicrobial properties of the samples against *A. actinomycetemcomitans*.

Sample	Mean	Std Deviation	Std. Error	<i>p</i>
Ag-hap	12.8250	0.1658	0.0829	0.001*
O <sub>2</sub> -hap	8.1250	0.1190	0.0595	
Ag-O <sub>2</sub> -hap	10.4375	0.2562	0.1281	

\*Significance  $p < 0.05$

**Table S4:** Summary of one-way ANOVA on the antimicrobial properties of the samples against *F. nucleatum*.

Sample	Mean	Std Deviation	Std. Error	<i>p</i>
Ag-hap	11.9500	0.1080	0.0540	0.001*
O <sub>2</sub> -hap	7.6500	0.1915	0.0957	
Ag-O <sub>2</sub> -hap	9.5750	0.4406	0.2203	

\*Significance  $p < 0.05$

**Table S5:** Summary of one-way ANOVA on the antimicrobial properties of the samples against *S. aureus*.

Sample	Mean	Std Deviation	Std. Error	<i>p</i>
Ag-hap	14.1875	0.3750	0.1875	0.001*
O <sub>2</sub> -hap	9.1000	0.2483	0.1242	
Ag-O <sub>2</sub> -hap	12.6750	0.1190	0.0595	

\*Significance  $p < 0.05$

**Table S6:** Summary of one-way ANOVA on the protein adsorption.

Sample	Mean	Std Deviation	Std. Error	<i>p</i>
Ag-hap	0.9197	0.0625	0.0361	0.001*
O <sub>2</sub> -hap	0.4797	0.1333	0.0770	
Ag-O <sub>2</sub> -hap	0.2570	0.0702	0.0405	
hap	0.593781	0.19631483	0.113342	

\*Significance  $p < 0.05$

**Table S7:** Summary of one-way ANOVA on MC3T3E1 osteoblast cell adhesion.

Sample	Mean	Std Deviation	Std. Error	<i>p</i>
Ag-hap	99.3233	3.4900	2.0150	0.001*
O <sub>2</sub> -hap	105.6233	5.2594	3.0365	
Ag-O <sub>2</sub> -hap	65.7533	1.0001	0.5774	
hap	72.7966	5.5524	3.2057	

\*significance  $p < 0.05$