

Supplementary Materials

Catenane Structures of Homoleptic Thioglycolic Acid-Protected Gold Nanoclusters Evidenced by Ion Mobility-Mass Spectrometry and DFT Calculations

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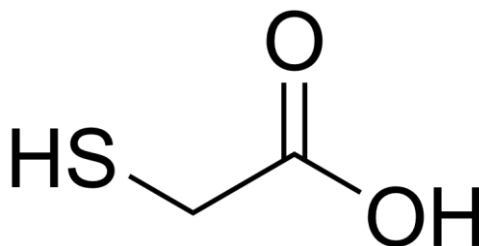


Figure S1. Chemical structure of thioglycolic acid (TGA).

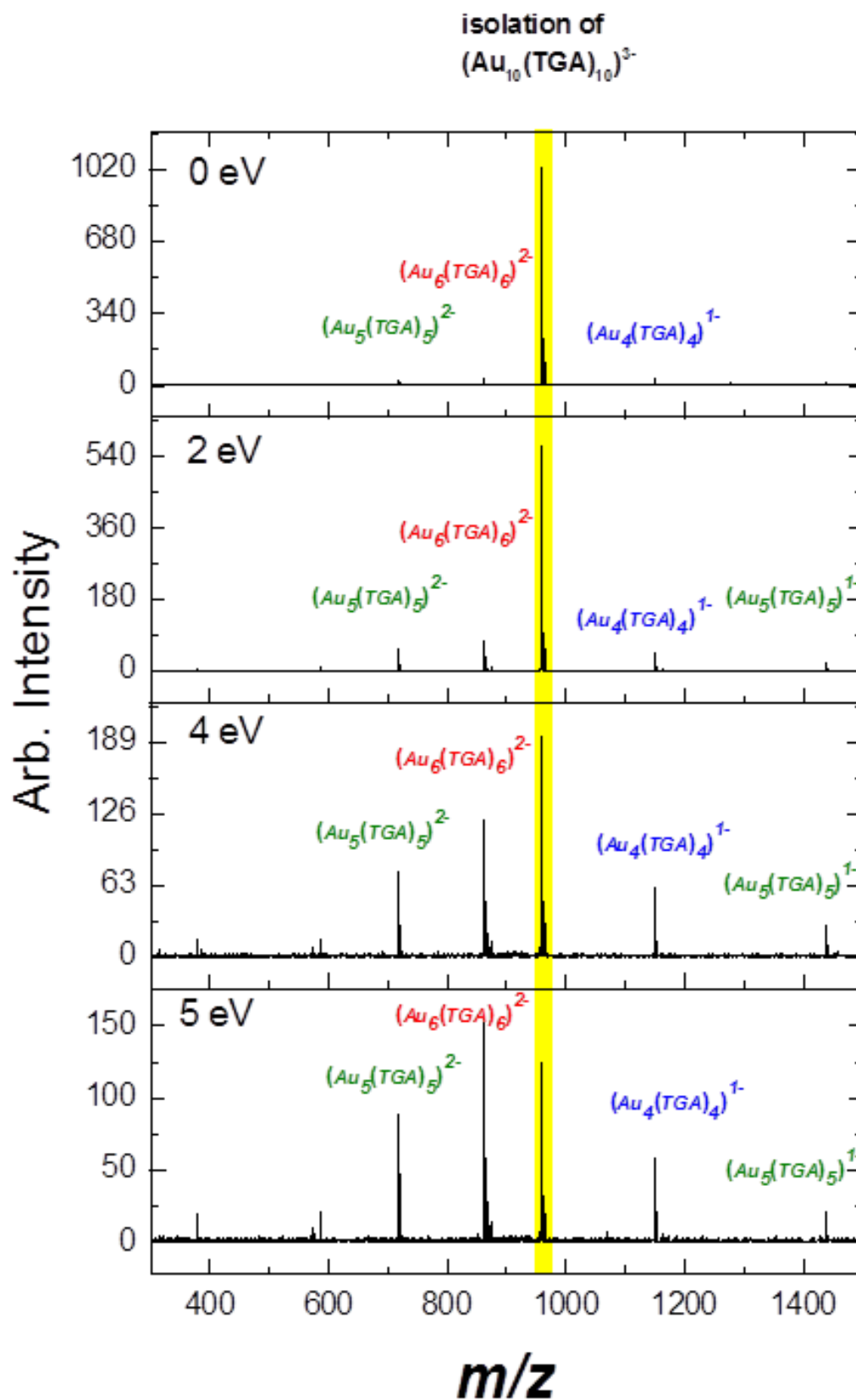


Figure S2. Collision-induced dissociation spectra of $(\text{Au}_{10}(\text{TGA})_{10})^{3-}$. $(\text{Au}_{10}(\text{TGA})_{10})^{3-}$ is selected with quadrupole (m/z : 959 ± 10) and fragmented with different collision energy in the collision cell.

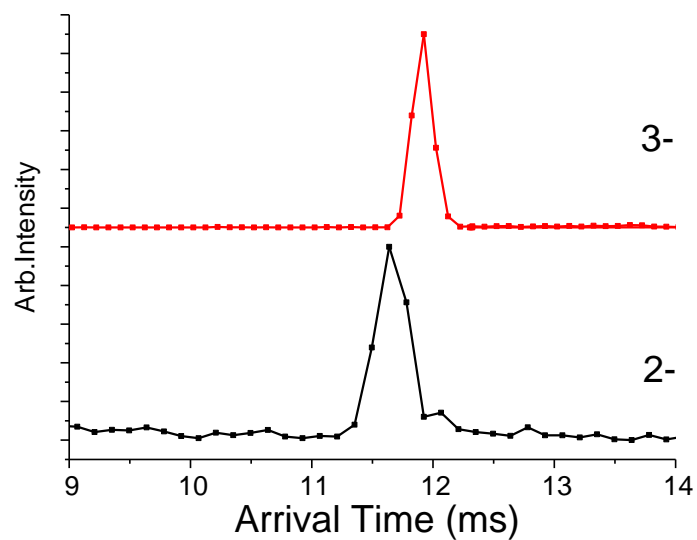


Figure S3. Arrival time distributions recorded for two charge states of $\text{Au}_{10}(\text{TGA})_{10}$ in negative mode: 3- (red line) and 2- (black line). Drift conditions for the drift tube: 4.0 Torr helium at 296 K, drift voltage 450 V. The width of the peaks observed is resolution-limited (0.3 ms).

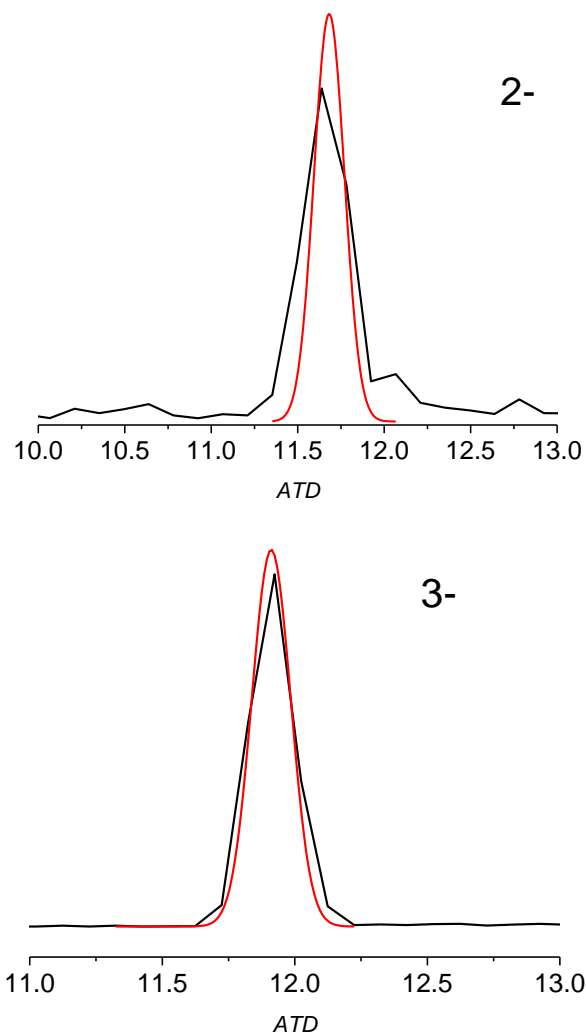


Figure S4. Arrival time distributions (ATDs) recorded for the charge states of $\text{Au}_{10}(\text{TGA})_{10}$ in negative mode: 3- and 2- with the corresponding ATDs expected by the Fick law.

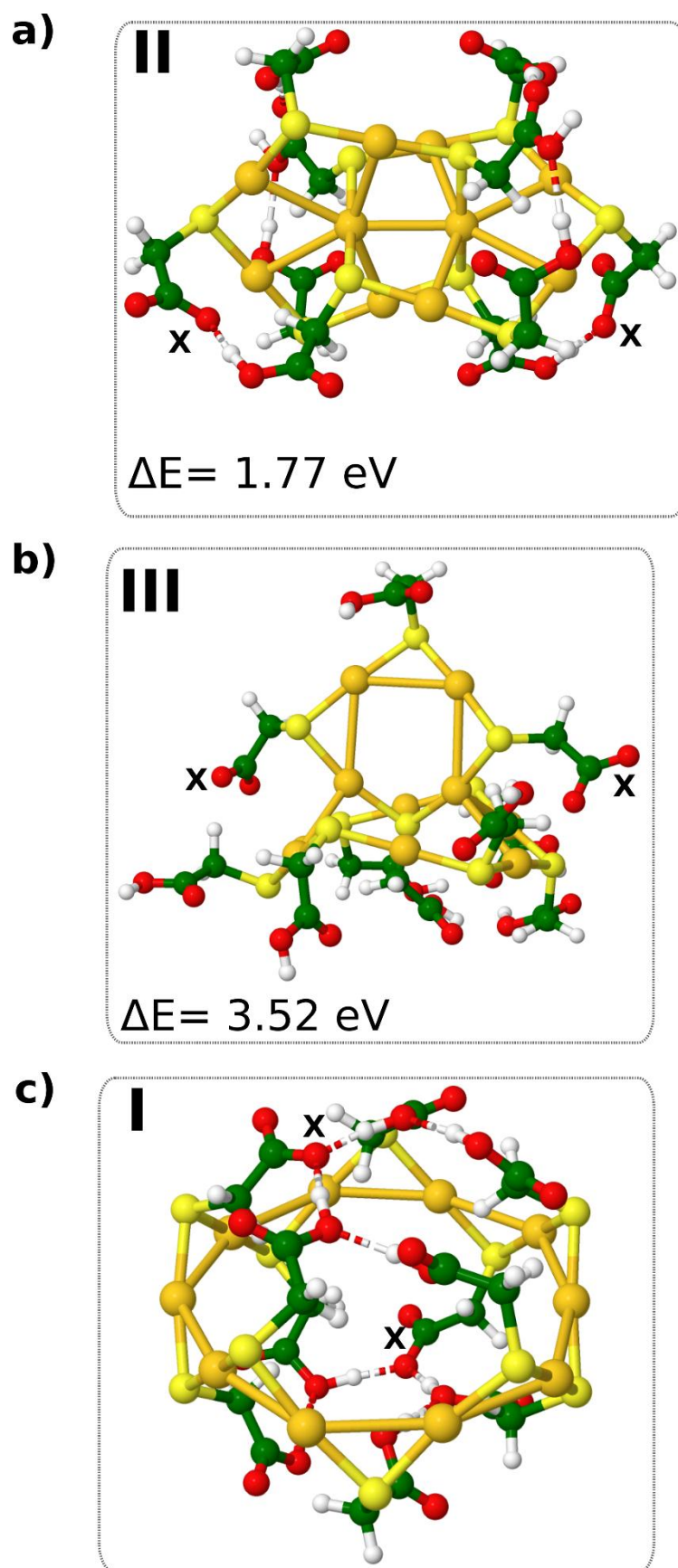


Figure S5. Calculated structures obtained for $[\text{Au}_{10}(\text{TGA})_{10-2\text{H}}]^{2-}$. X corresponds to the deprotonation of the carboxylic group. (a) Isomer II, (b) isomer III and (c) isomer I.