

Figure S1. Signaling pathways and targets of CSBH. The pathway maps were constructed using KEGG mapper. The pink-colored box represents a predicted target gene to interact with CSBH.

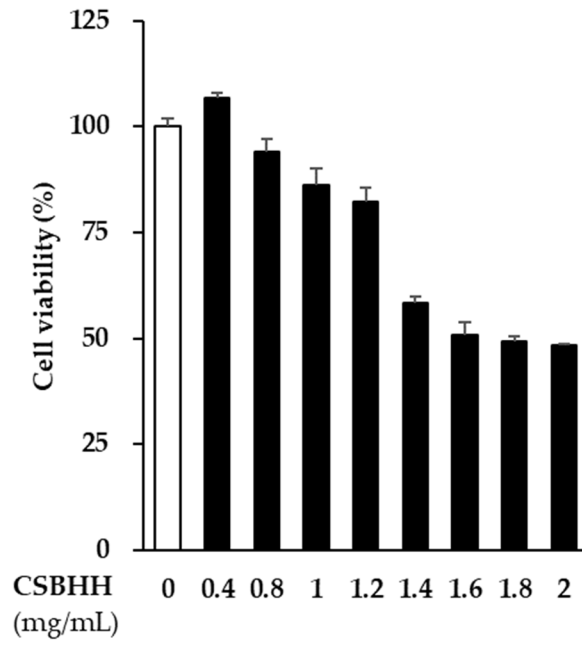


Figure S2. Effect of Chung-Sang-Bo-Ha-Hwan (CSBHH) on NCI-H292 cell viability. The cells (2×10^4 cells/well) were cultured in a 96-well plate for 24 h. Thereafter, the cells were treated with a specific CSBHH concentration for 24 h. Cell viability was determined using an Ez-Cytox kit. Data are presented as the mean \pm SEM (n=3).

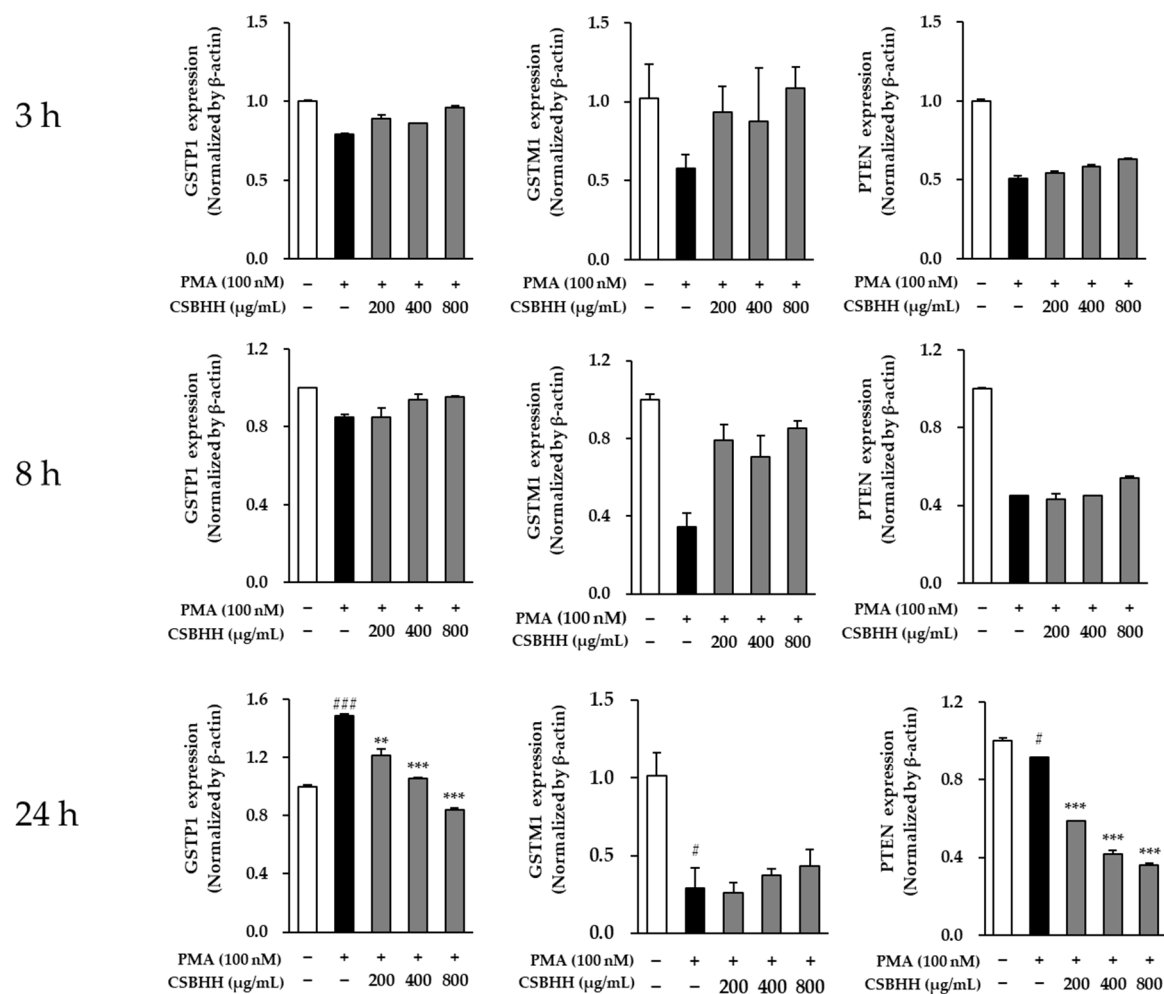


Figure S3. Effect of Chung-Sang-Bo-Ha-Hwan (CSBHH) on phorbol 12-myristate 13-acetate (PMA)-induced GSTP1, GSTM1, and PTEN mRNA expression in NCI-H292 cells. mRNA expression was assessed by qRT-PCR analysis. Data are presented as the mean \pm SEM ($n = 2$). # $p < 0.05$ and ### $p < 0.001$ compared with the untreated cells; ** $p < 0.01$ and *** $p < 0.001$ compared with the PMA-treated cells.