

QASLU-45

Prior to the experience

1. Professors explore prior service-learning or volunteering experiences of their students

Never Seldom Sometimes Frequently Always

2. Students receive “theoretical training” about service-learning

Never Seldom Sometimes Frequently Always

Planning the experience

3. The service-learning experience you will run comes from a necessity identified by community partners

Never Seldom Sometimes Frequently Always

4. Every actor in the service-learning program cooperate with the planification (students, community partners, professors)

Never Seldom Sometimes Frequently Always

5. Strengthens, resources and limitations of the final receiver group are taken in to account in the definition of the service

Never Seldom Sometimes Frequently Always

6. Planification of service-learning experience has no value

Never Seldom Sometimes Frequently Always

7. Students know service receiver group characteristics (age, gender, educational attainment, occupation, socioeconomic status, ethnicity, etc.)

Never Seldom Sometimes Frequently Always

8. Service-learning experience is incorporated in the educational programme of the promoter entity

Never Seldom Sometimes Frequently Always

9. Aims of service-learning experience have been agreed among the participant actors (students, community partners, professors)

Never Seldom Sometimes Frequently Always

10. Curricular objectives have been clearly settled down

Never Seldom Sometimes Frequently Always

11. Aims related with social justice and sustainable development like equity, inclusion, human rights and environmental sustainability, have been established

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12. Aims related with values like participation, cooperation, solidarity and respect, have been settled down

Never Seldom Sometimes Frequently Always

13. Aims related with quality of the service that should respond the necessity of the community have been established

Never Seldom Sometimes Frequently Always

14. Roles and responsibilities are defined for each actor (students, community partners, professors)

Never Seldom Sometimes Frequently Always

15. Reflection and activities about the quality of the given service are made among the service-learning experience

Never Seldom Sometimes Frequently Always

16. Professors are who made the decisions about the planning of the service

Never Seldom Sometimes Frequently Always

17. What, when and how are made the evaluation and who do the evaluation is planned

Never Seldom Sometimes Frequently Always

18. The professor works as mediator between community and students (sending messages, calls, visits)

Never Seldom Sometimes Frequently Always

19. Working schedule is made

Never Seldom Sometimes Frequently Always

20. Service-learning experience times are flexible (taking in to account community partner needs and student needs)

Never Seldom Sometimes Frequently Always

21. Material and personal resources are foreseen to execute the service

Never Seldom Sometimes Frequently Always

22. Potential collaborations between institutions are foreseen

Never Seldom Sometimes Frequently Always

23. Budget and funding sources are foreseen

Never Seldom Sometimes Frequently Always

Experience execution

24. Common decisions are made during the implementation of the service

Never Seldom Sometimes Frequently Always

25. During the service, ethical principal of confidentiality remains for receivers of the service

Never Seldom Sometimes Frequently Always

26. Reflection of the learning and the service are made

Never Seldom Sometimes Frequently Always

27. Professors promote reflection about roles and responsibilities

Never Seldom Sometimes Frequently Always

28. If running out of time, reflection activities could be cancelled

Never Seldom Sometimes Frequently Always

Closing and multiplication

29. Experience assessment aims the improvement of process and results

Never Seldom Sometimes Frequently Always

30. Assessments are made at the beginning, during and at the end of the experience

Never Seldom Sometimes Frequently Always

31. Professors give feedback to students about their evolution

Never Seldom Sometimes Frequently Always

32. Professors ask information to the community about the evolution of the service during different stages of the service

Never Seldom Sometimes Frequently Always

33. Professors assess their own actions during each stage of the service-learning experience

Never Seldom Sometimes Frequently Always

34. Students assess their own related with process and results

Never Seldom Sometimes Frequently Always

35. Essential function of the assessment is students' marks

Never Seldom Sometimes Frequently Always

36. Experience assessment of service-learning collect all participant voices (including collective receivers)

Never Seldom Sometimes Frequently Always

37. Acquired learning is analysed

Never Seldom Sometimes Frequently Always

38. If service-learning experience contribute to questioning prejudices and stereotypes is analysed

Never Seldom Sometimes Frequently Always

39. If Service-learning experience develops cooperation among the actors (students, community partners, professors) in analysed

Never Seldom Sometimes Frequently Always

40. Level of satisfaction with the service on receiver group and community is analysed

Never Seldom Sometimes Frequently Always

41. Community is willing to continue collaboration with the service-learning experience

Never Seldom Sometimes Frequently Always

42. Community propose new necessities that could be approach with future experiences of service-learning

Never Seldom Sometimes Frequently Always

43. This experience inspires other social groups to participate in service-learning projects

Never Seldom Sometimes Frequently Always

44. The experience is celebrated in a collective way (receivers, students, community partners and professors)

Never Seldom Sometimes Frequently Always

45. Disseminate activities are made

Never Seldom Sometimes Frequently Always