

*Supporting Information*

# Electrochemical DNA Sensor Based on Poly(proflavine) Deposited from Natural Deep Eutectic Solvents for DNA Damage Detection and Antioxidant Influence Assessment

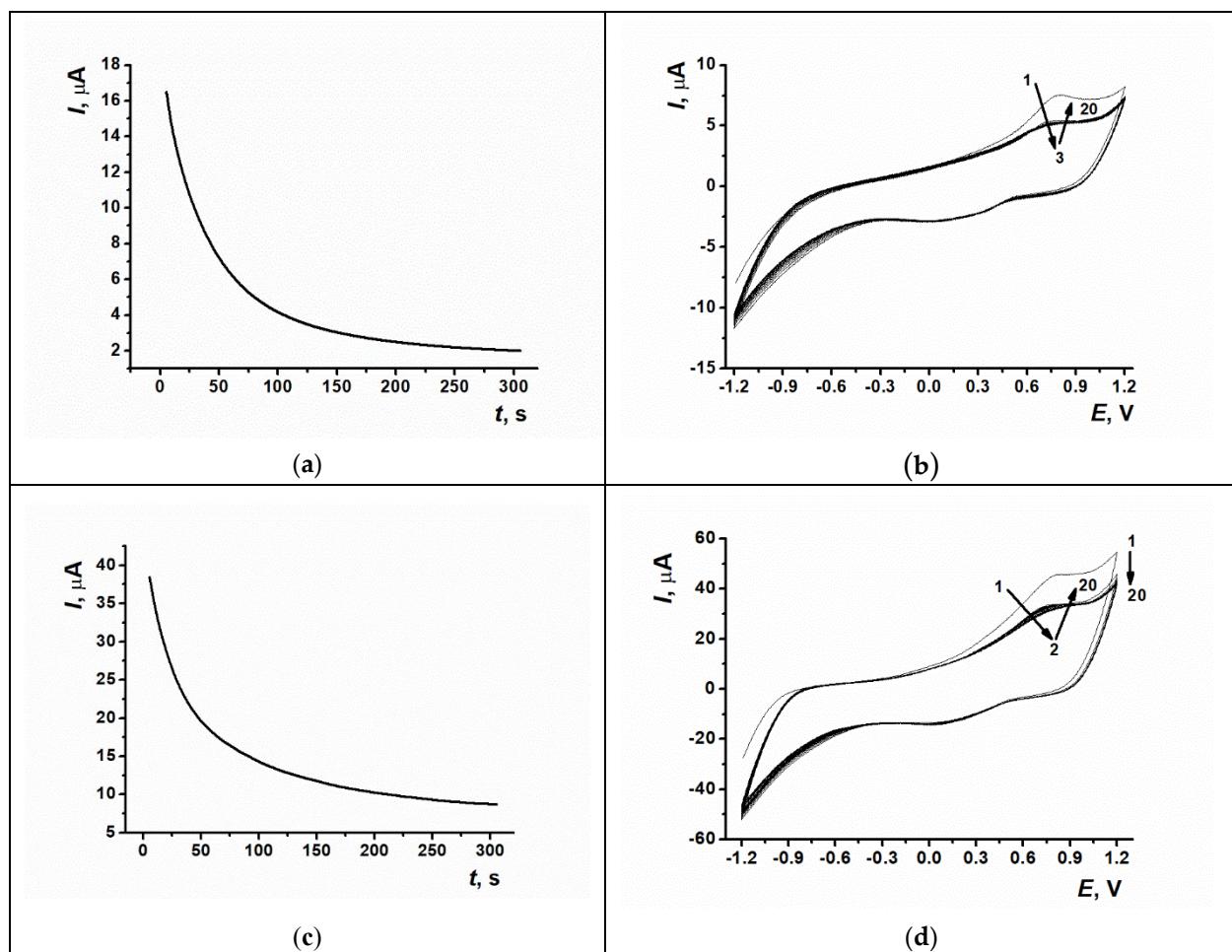
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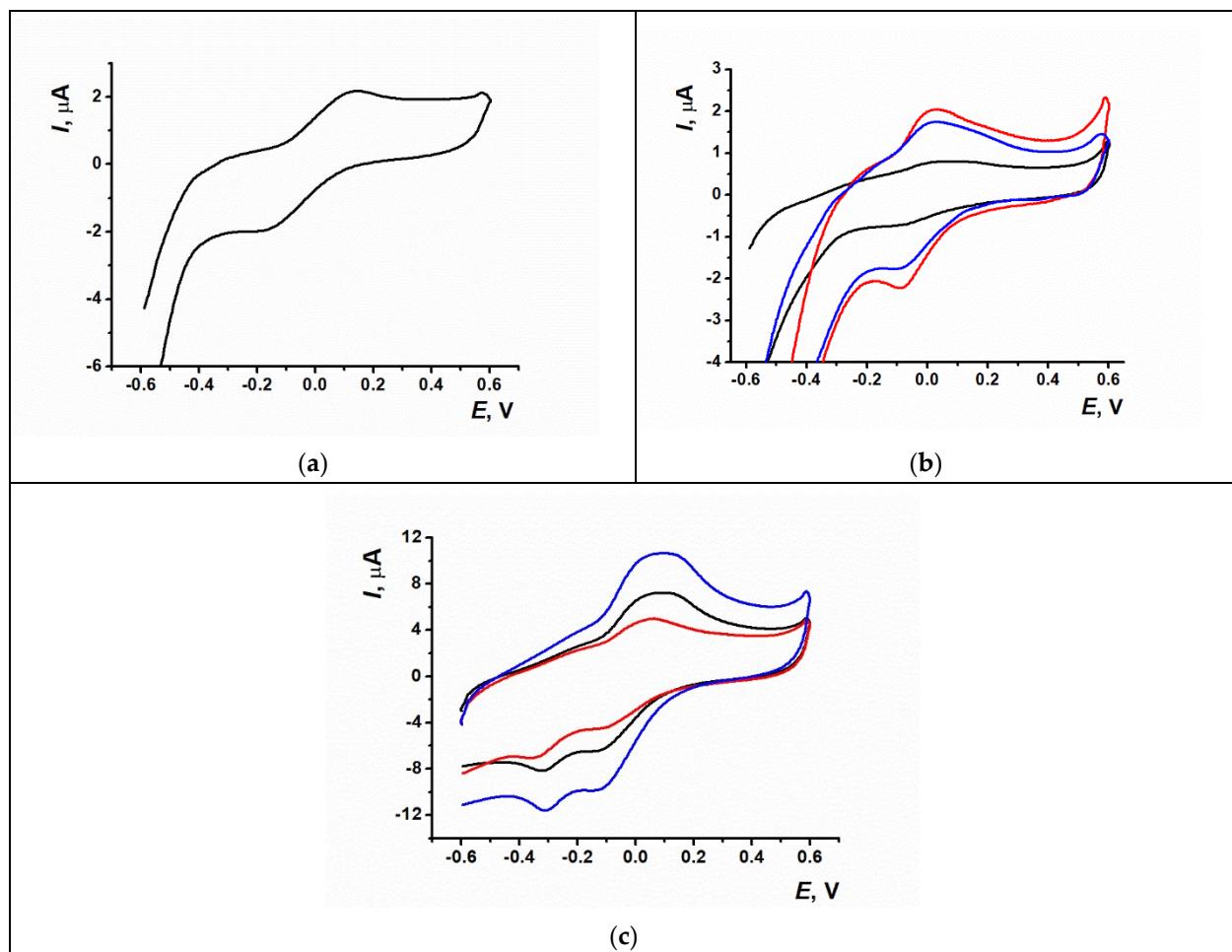
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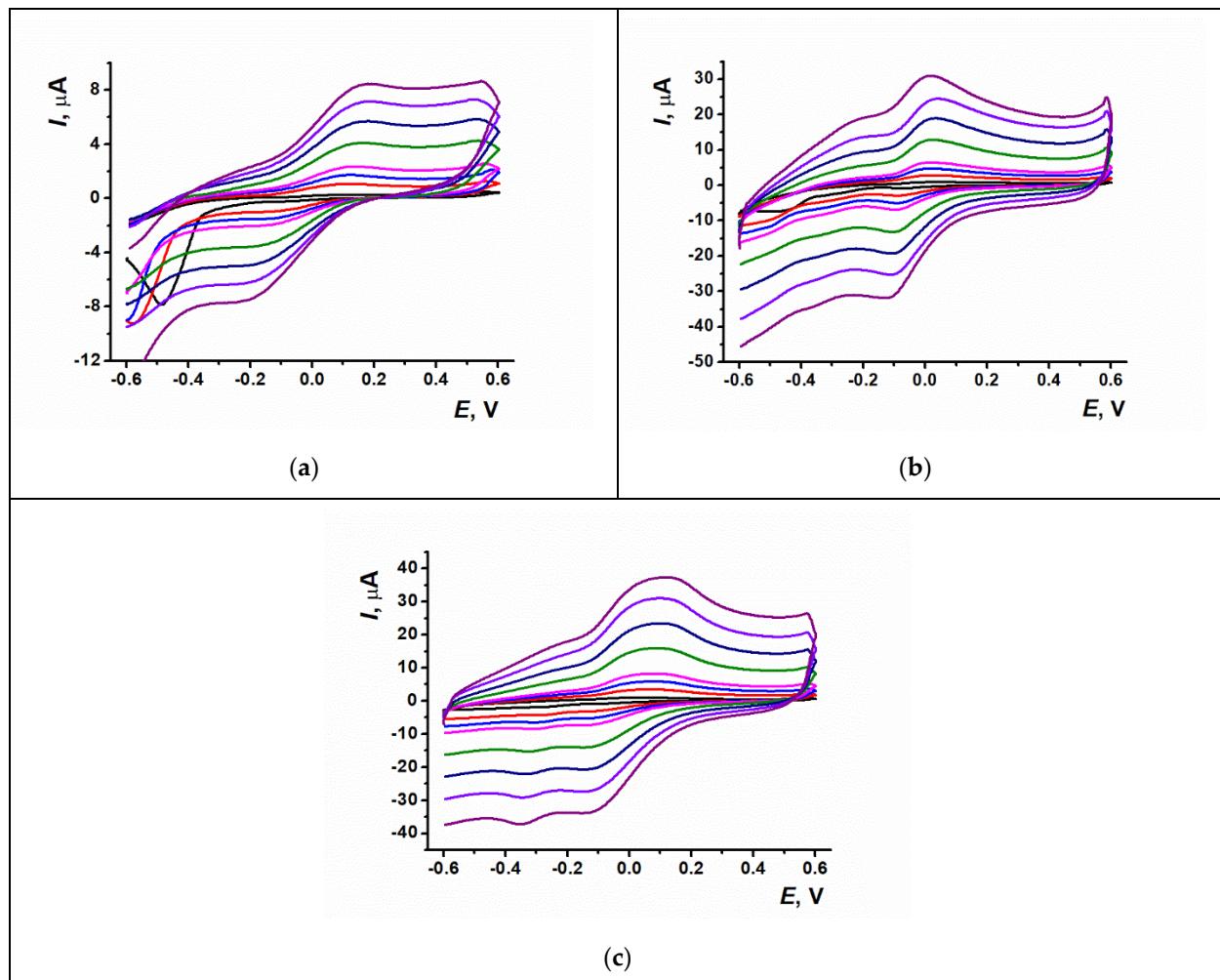
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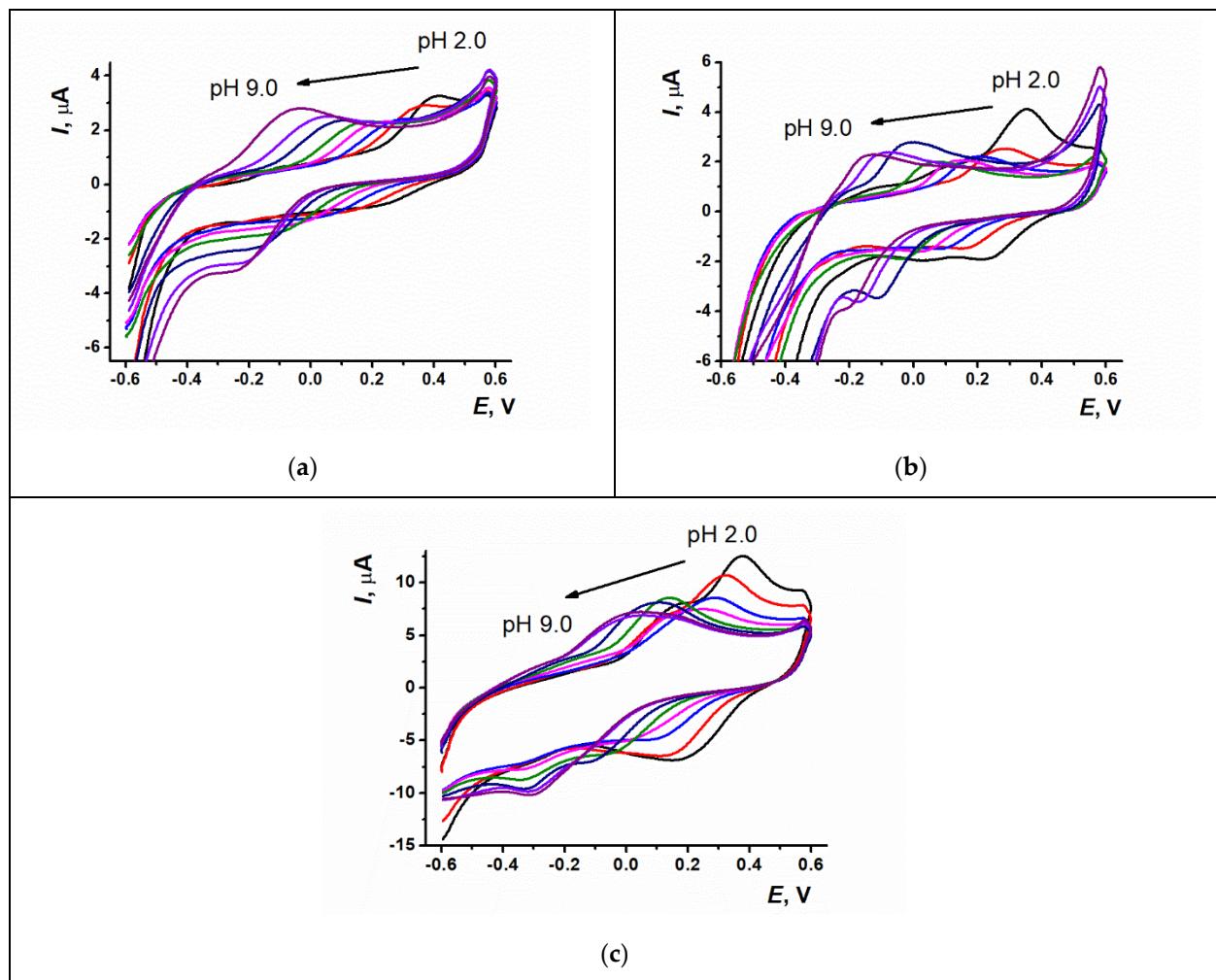
**Figure S1.** Chronoamperograms of potentiostatic electropolymerization of 0.085 M proflavine in (a) NADES1 and (c) NADES2, 1.2 V, 300 s; multiple cyclic voltammograms (20 cycles, from -1.2 to 1.2 V, 0.1 V/s) recorded after the potentiostatic step in 0.085 M proflavine in (b) NADES1 and (d) NADES2. Arrows indicate changes with increased number of cycles.



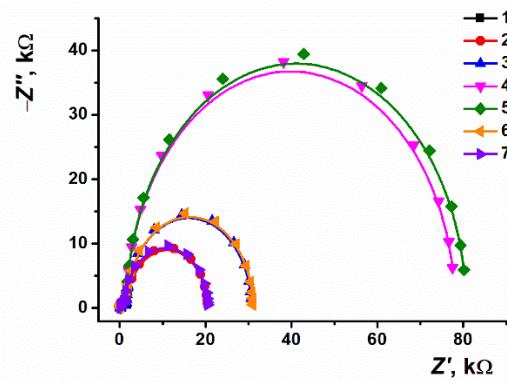
**Figure S2.** Cyclic voltammograms recorded in 0.025 M PB, pH 7.0, scan rate 0.1 V/s, on the SPCE covered with (a) PPFL<sub>PB</sub>, (b) PPFL<sub>NADESI</sub>, and (c) PPFL<sub>NADES2</sub> after the stabilization step; black—potentiodynamic electropolymerization, red—potentiostatic electropolymerization, and blue—mixed mode of electropolymerization.



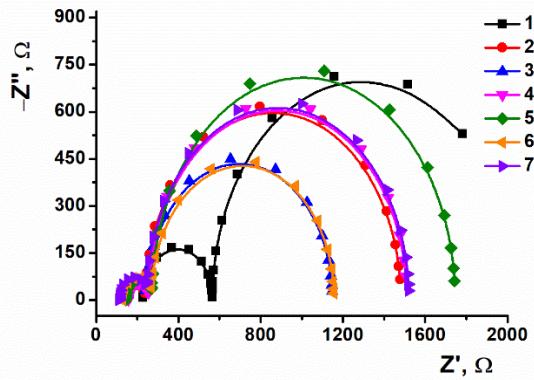
**Figure S3.** Cyclic voltammograms recorded in 0.025 M PB, pH 7.0, on SPCE covered with (a) PPFL<sub>PB</sub>, (b) PPFL<sub>NADES1</sub>, and (c) PPFL<sub>NADES2</sub> at the scan rates of 0.01, 0.04, 0.07, 0.1, 0.2, 0.3, 0.4, and 0.5 V/s.



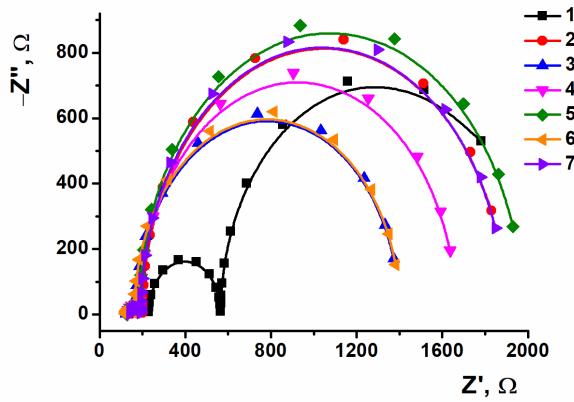
**Figure S4.** Cyclic voltammograms recorded in 0.025 M PB on the SPCE covered with (a)  $\text{PPFL}_{\text{PB}}$ , (b)  $\text{PPFL}_{\text{NADES}1}$ , and (c)  $\text{PPFL}_{\text{NADES}2}$  at the pH values of 2.0–9.0, and scan rate of 0.1 V/s.



(a)



(b)



(c)

**Figure S5.** Nyquist diagrams recorded for 1—bare SPCE, 2—SPCE/PPFL, 3—SPCE/PPFL/native DNA, 4—SPCE/PPFL/denatured DNA, 5—SPCE/PPFL/oxidized DNA, 6—SPCE/PPFL/PSS, and 7—SPCE/PPFL/H<sub>2</sub>O; (a) PPFL<sub>PB</sub>, (b) PPFL<sub>NADES1</sub>, and (c) PPFL<sub>NADES2</sub>; 0.025 M PB, pH 7.0 in presence of 0.01 M [Fe(CN)<sub>6</sub>]<sup>3-/4-</sup>.

**Table S1.** EIS potentials vs. Ag/AgCl for PPFL based sensors.

Sensor content		<i>E<sub>m</sub></i>	
	PPFL <sub>PB</sub>	PPFL <sub>NADES1</sub>	PPFL <sub>NADES2</sub>
Bare SPCE	0.094 V	0.094 V	0.094 V
SPCE/PPFL	0.090 V	0.127 V	0.120 V
SPCE/PPFL/native DNA	0.108 V	0.151 V	0.137 V
SPCE/PPFL/denatured DNA	0.107 V	0.140 V	0.124 V
SPCE/PPFL/oxidized DNA	0.114 V	0.133 V	0.121 V
SPCE/PPFL/PSS	0.119 V	0.117 V	0.122 V
SPCE/PPFL/H <sub>2</sub> O	0.098 V	0.125 V	0.115 V

**Table S2.** EIS potentials vs Ag/AgCl for PPFL<sub>NADES1</sub> based sensors in antioxidative effects investigation.

Sensor content	Antioxidant concentration	<i>E<sub>m</sub></i>		
SPCE/PPFL <sub>NADES1</sub> /native DNA	-	0.151 B		
	Ascorbic acid	Quercetin	Hydroquinone	
	-	0.133 V		
	1 mM	0.140 V	0.141 V	0.125 V
	0.1 mM	0.124 V	0.116 V	0.115 V
SPCE/PPFL <sub>NADES1</sub> /oxidized DNA in presence of the antioxidant	10 μM	0.131 V	0.120 V	0.125 V
	1 μM	0.132 V	0.120 V	0.114 V
	0.1 μM	0.109 V	0.122 V	0.118 V
	1 μM (sachet)	0.113 V	-	
	1 μM (tablets)	0.127 V	-	