



Correction

Correction: Meister et al. Assessing Long-Term Medical Remanufacturing Emissions with Life Cycle Analysis. *Processes* 2023, 11, 36

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Error in Tables

In the original publication, ref. [1] there was a mistake in Tables 3 and 4 as published. During write-up, the exponent values were presented as positive instead of negative (e.g., 10^3 instead of 10^{-3}). The corrected Tables 3 and 4 appear below. The authors state that the scientific conclusions are unaffected. This correction was approved by the Academic Editor. The original publication has also been updated.



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Table 3. Virgin life stages and materials. The materials are based on [10] and supplemented with primary data from our collaborators, medical device remanufacturers AMDR and Innovative Health. The data quality was assessed with the rubric in Table 2, and the region marks the Ecoinvent production geography.

| Stage/Material | Quantity | Source | Quality | Time Range | Region | Description |
|----------------------|---|--------------------------|-----------|------------|----------------|---|
| Production | | | | | | Component production from raw resources and assembly. |
| polyamide | $3.20 \times 10^{-3} \text{ kg}$ | Adjusted [10] | Fair | 2011-2021 | GLO | Pre-product for the shaft. |
| ethylene glycol | $1.25 \times 10^{-3} \text{ kg}$ | Adjusted [10] | Fair | 2011-2021 | RER | Pre-product for the shaft. |
| polyethylene LD | $3.00 \times 10^{-4} \text{ kg}$ | [10] | Good | 2011-2021 | GLO | Shaft stiffener. |
| polysulfone | 0.10810 kg | Adjusted [10] | Fair | 2012-2021 | GLO | Plug and handle. |
| polyurethane | $0.80 \times 10^{-3} \text{ kg}$ | [10] | Good | 2018-2021 | RER | Curvature and loop. |
| electricity | 0.026 kWh | Adjusted Table 4 | Fair | 2014–2021 | US-WECC | Component assembly. |
| Sterilisation | | | | | | Gas sterilisation. |
| carbon dioxide | $2.82 \times 10^{-3} \text{ kg}$ | [10] | Good | 2011-2021 | RER | Sterilisation gas ingredient. |
| ethylene oxide | $1.80 \times 10^{-4} \text{ kg}$ | [10] | Good | 2018-2021 | GLO | Sterilisation gas ingredient. |
| electricity | 0.360 kWh | [10] | Good | 2014-2021 | US-WECC | Process electricity. |
| Packaging | | | | | | Manual packaging. |
| polyethylene HD | $2.00 \times 10^{-2} \text{ kg}$ | [10] | Good | 2011–2021 | GLO | Primary (sterile) packaging. |
| carton box | $1.40 \times 10^{-1} \text{ kg}$ | Adjusted [10] | Fair | 2011-2021 | GLO | Secondary packaging. |
| Transport | | | | | | Transport from manufacturer to user. |
| container ship | 0.11890 kg × 18,760 km | Ports.com ¹ | Fair | 2007–2021 | GLO | USA-UK sea route. |
| lorry | $0.11890 \text{ kg} \\ \times 250 \text{ km}$ | Google maps ¹ | Fair | 2011–2021 | RER | UK final distribution. |
| Use | | | | | | Materials consumed by device. |
| electricity | 0.050 kWh | AMDR, IH, [41] | Very Good | 2014–2021 | GB | 1 h of use, 50 watts. |
| Incineration | | | | | | End-of-life waste disposal. |
| plastic incineration | 0.11890 kg | [10] | Good | 2006-2021 | CH | Municipal (100%). |

 $^{^{1}}$ Accessed on 25 November 2022.

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Table 4. Remanufacturing life stages and materials. The materials are based on [10] and supplemented with primary data from our collaborators, medical device remanufacturers AMDR and Innovative Health. The data quality was assessed with the rubric in Table 2 and region marks the Ecoinvent production geography.

| Stage/Material | Quantity | Source | Quality | Time Range | Region | Description |
|--|--|--------------------------|-----------|------------|---------|--|
| Transport ×2 | | | | | | Transport from remanufacturer to user and back. |
| container ship | 0.11890 kg × 18,760 km | Ports.com ¹ | Fair | 2007–2021 | GLO | USA-UK sea route. |
| lorry | $\begin{array}{c} 0.11890 \text{ kg} \\ \times \text{ 250 km} \end{array}$ | Google maps ¹ | Fair | 2011–2021 | RER | UK final distribution. |
| Reman. | | | | | | Dissassembly, reman., reassembly, and testing. |
| hydrogen peroxide | 0.03020 kg | [10] | Good | 2018-2021 | RER | Detergent ingredient. |
| sodium bicarbonate | $1.46 \times 10^{-2} \text{ kg}$ | [10] | Good | 2011-2021 | GLO | Detergent ingredient. |
| sodium cumensulph. | $3.50 \times 10^{-4} \text{ kg}$ | [10] | Good | 2015-2021 | GLO | Detergent ingredient. |
| tap water | 7.00000 kg | [10] | Good | 2012-2021 | Europe | Process water. |
| water, ultrapure | 5.00000 kg | Adjusted [10] | Fair | 2009-2021 | CA-QC | Process water. |
| electricity | 0.207 kWh | [10] | Good | 2014–2021 | US-WECC | Process electricity. |
| Incineration plastic incineration | 0.01784 kg | AMDR, IH | Good | 2006–2021 | RoW | End-of-life waste disposal. Municipal (15% rejection rate). |
| Sterilisation | | | | | | Gas sterilisation. |
| carbon dioxide | $2.82 \times 10^{-3} \text{ kg}$ | [10] | Good | 2011-2021 | RER | Sterilisation gas ingredient. |
| ethylene oxide | $1.80 \times 10^{-4} \text{ kg}$ | [10] | Good | 2018-2021 | RER | Sterilisation gas ingredient. |
| electricity | 0.360 kWh | Adjusted [10] | Good | 2014-2021 | US-WECC | Process electricity. |
| Packaging | | | | | | Manual packaging. |
| polyethylene HD | $2.00\times10^{-2}~kg$ | [10] | Good | 2011–2021 | GLO | Primary (sterile) packaging. |
| carton box | $1.40 \times 10^{-1} \text{ kg}$ | Adjusted [10] | Fair | 2011–2021 | GLO | Secondary packaging. |
| Use | | | | | | Materials consumed by device. |
| electricity | 0.050 kWh | AMDR, [41] | Very Good | 2014–2021 | GB | 1 h of use, 50 watts. |

 $^{^{1}}$ Accessed on 25 November 2022.

Reference

1. Meister, J.A.; Sharp, J.; Wang, Y.; Nguyen, K.A. Assessing Long-Term Medical Remanufacturing Emissions with Life Cycle Analysis. *Processes* **2023**, *11*, 36. [CrossRef]

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