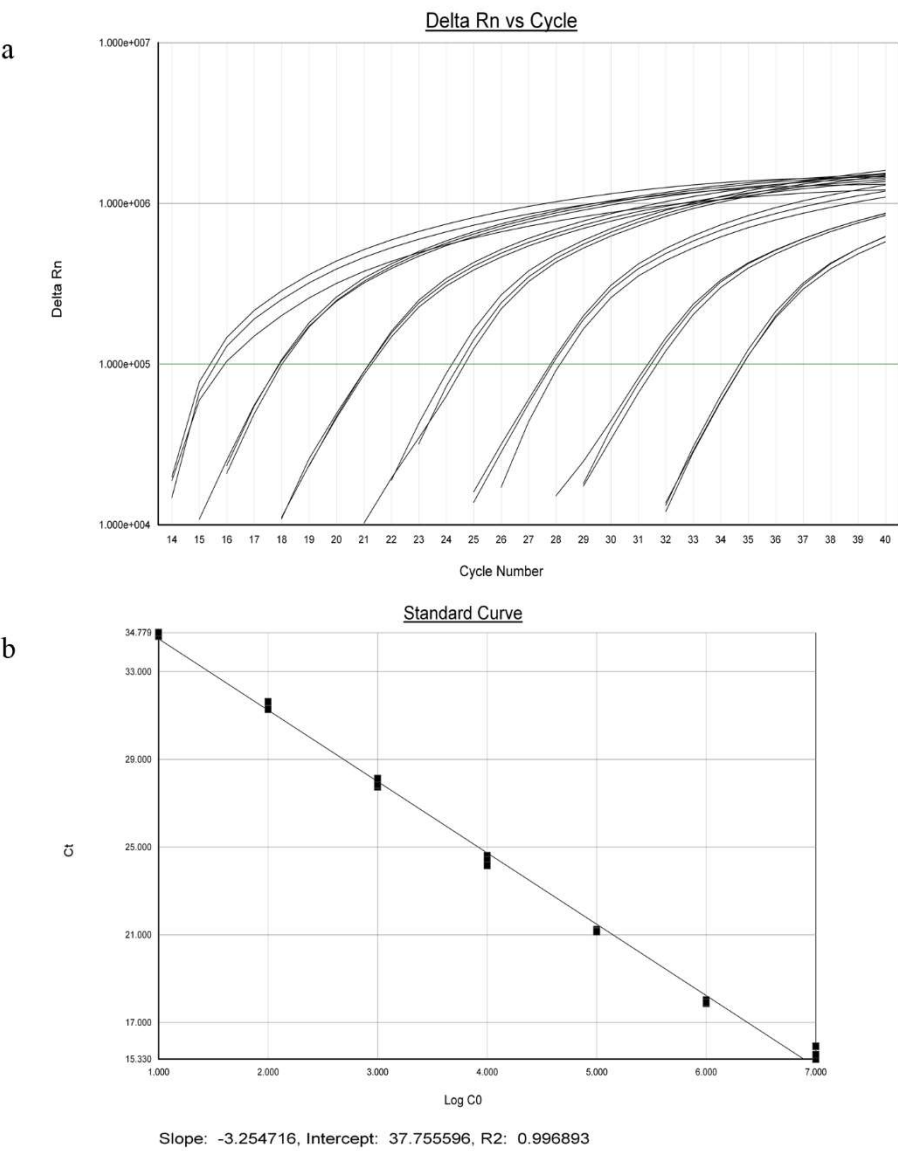


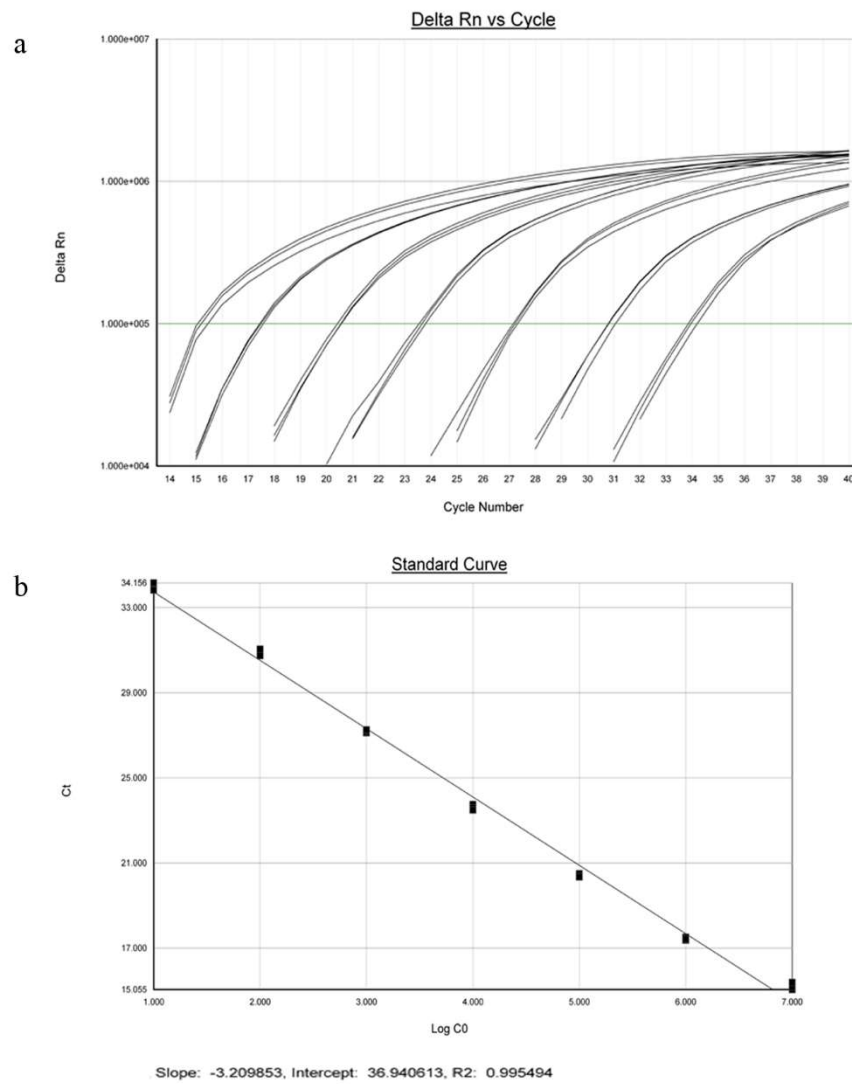
**Figure S1.** Derivative melt curves (a), normalized melt curves (b) and difference plot (c) generated by HRM analysis of the amplification products obtained for *S. aureus* DSM 20231<sup>T</sup> (red), *S. argenteus* DSM 28299<sup>T</sup> (green) and *S. schweitzeri* DSM 28300<sup>T</sup> (blue) tested in triplicate within an intra-assay reproducibility test.

**Table S1.** Mean melting temperatures ( $T_m$ )  $\pm$  standard deviation (SD), and corresponding coefficients of variation (CV%), for *S. argenteus* DSM 28299<sup>T</sup>, *S. aureus* DSM 20231<sup>T</sup> and *S. schweitzeri* DSM 28300<sup>T</sup> tested in triplicate within an intra-assay reproducibility test.

Reference strains	$T_m \pm SD$	CV%
<i>S. argenteus</i> DSM 28299 <sup>T</sup>	$76.19 \pm 0.02$	0.03
<i>S. aureus</i> DSM 20231 <sup>T</sup>	$77.48 \pm 0.02$	0.02
<i>S. schweitzeri</i> DSM 28300 <sup>T</sup>	$77.31 \pm 0.05$	0.06



**Figure S2.** Amplification curves (a) and standard curve (b) of serial decimal dilutions ( $10^7$  to  $10^1$  GE) of *S. aureus* DSM 20231<sup>T</sup> DNA.



**Figure S3.** Amplification curves (a) and standard curve (b) of serial decimal dilutions ( $10^7$  to  $10^1$  GE) of *S. argenteus* DSM 28299<sup>T</sup> DNA.