

**SUPPLEMENTARY DATA**

**Sarcophilin exhibits abundant RNA transcription and minimal protein expression  
in horse gluteal muscle**

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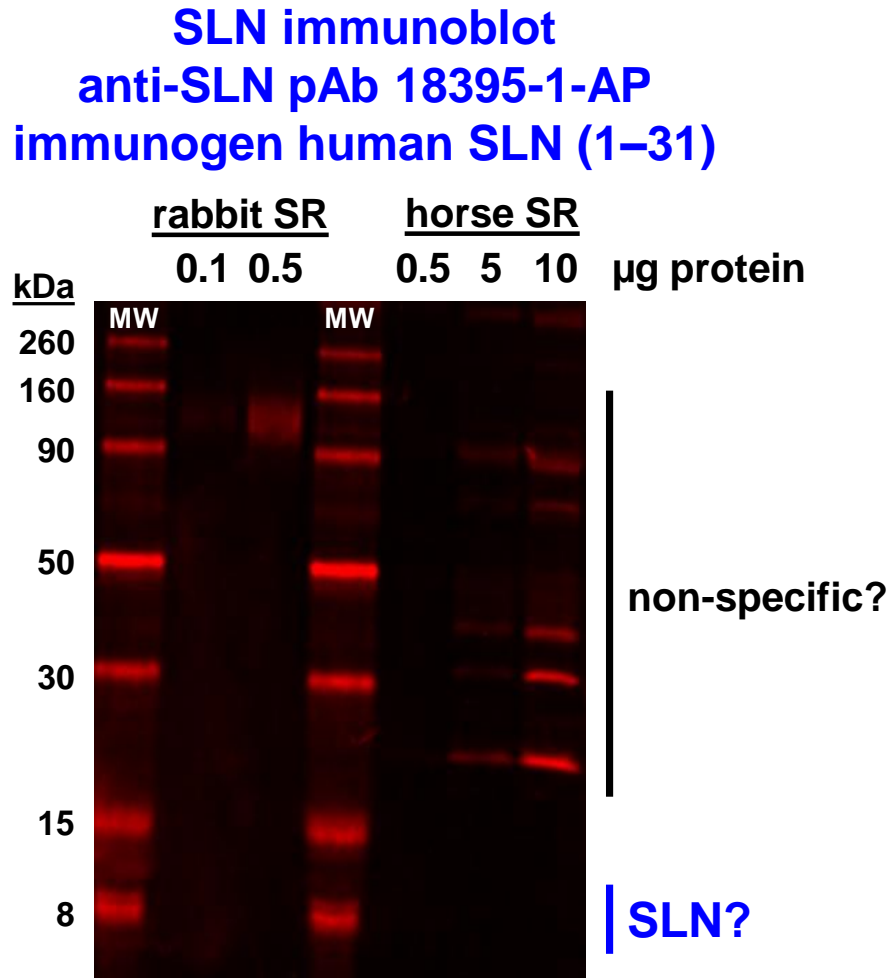
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p. S2 **Figure S1.** Immunoblot analysis using anti-human-SLN pAb 18395-1-AP detects minimal expression of  
SLN protein in horse and rabbit SR vesicles.

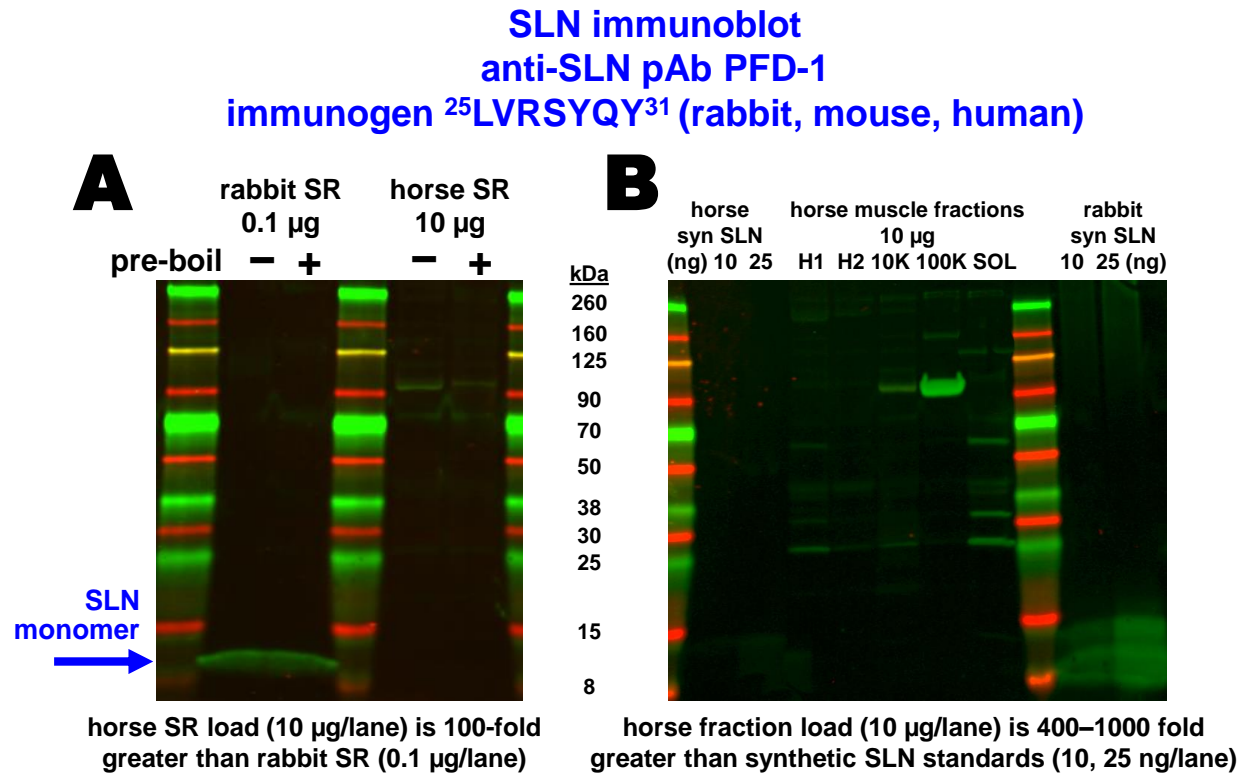
p. S3 **Figure S2.** Immunoblot analysis using anti-rabbit/mouse/human-SLN pAb PFD-1 identifies SLN  
protein expression in rabbit SR vesicles, but not in horse SR.

p. S4 **References**



**horse SR protein load (0.5, 5, or 10 µg/lane) is  
1–100 fold greater than rabbit SR (0.1 or 0.5 µg/lane)**

**Figure S1. Immunoblot analysis using anti-human-SLN pAb 18395-1-AP detects minimal expression of SLN protein in horse and rabbit SR vesicles.** The primary antibody was the commercial anti-SLN pAb18395-1-AP with immunogen comprising human SLN residues 1-31. SR samples were electrophoresed through a 4–20% Laemmli gel. Rabbit SR vesicles were loaded at 0.1 and 0.5 µg protein per lane (*left*), and horse SR vesicles were loaded at 0.5, 5, and 10 µg protein per lane (*right*). Immunoblotting was performed using pAb 18395-1-AP (primary) and goat anti-rabbit-IgG pAb labeled with 680-nm fluorophore (secondary). Immunolabeling was detected using a LI-COR laser scanner system in the near-infrared fluorescence mode. The molecular mass of protein gel markers (kDa) are indicated on the *left*.



**Figure S2. Immunoblot analysis using anti-rabbit/mouse/human-SLN pAb PFD-1 identifies SLN protein expression in rabbit SR vesicles, but not in horse SR.** The primary antibody was the custom anti-SLN pAb PFD-1 [1] with immunogen comprising rabbit/mouse/human SLN residues <sup>25</sup>LVRSYQY<sup>31</sup>, whereas horse SLN encodes <sup>24</sup>LVRSYQ<sup>29</sup> [2]. Samples were electrophoresed through 4–20% Laemmli gels. Immunoblotting was performed using pAb ABT13 (primary) and goat anti-rabbit-IgG pAb labeled with 680-nm fluorophore (secondary). Immunolabeling was quantified using a LI-COR laser scanner system in the near-infrared fluorescence mode. The molecular mass of protein gel markers (kDa) are indicated in the *middle*. (A) Rabbit SR vesicles were loaded at 0.1 µg protein per lane (*left*), and horse SR vesicles were loaded at 10 µg protein per lane (*right*). One sample of each SR set was heated at 100 °C for 2 min in Laemmli sample buffer prior to electrophoresis (+ pre-boil). (B) Synthetic SLN standard and horse muscle fractions.

## **REFERENCES**

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- [2] S.J. Valberg, K. Soave, Z.J. Williams, S. Perumbakkam, M. Schott, C.J. Finno, J.L. Petersen, C. Fenger, J.M. Autry, D.D. Thomas, Coding sequences of sarcoplasmic reticulum calcium ATPase regulatory peptides and expression of calcium regulatory genes in recurrent exertional rhabdomyolysis, *J Vet Intern Med* 33 (2019) 933-941.