

Table S1.

Multiple Regressions Examining the Extent to Which Changes in Estradiol, Progesterone, and Testosterone Together Predict Change in Proactive and Responsive Mating Strategies Scales (PARMSS) Scores in the Full Sample of Female Participants^a

PARMSS Scales	Full Sample (<i>n</i> = 37)			
	<i>F</i>	<i>df</i>	adj. <i>R</i> ²	<i>p</i>
ST Proactivity	0.99	3, 31	.00	.406
LT Proactivity	0.30	3, 31	-.07	.825
Picture Proactivity	0.30	3, 28	-.07	.824
ST Responsivity	3.82	3, 27	.22	.021*
LT Responsivity	0.66	3, 29	-.03	.586
Picture Responsivity	0.28	3, 25	-.08	.837
Total Proactivity	0.07	3, 32	-.09	.975
Total Responsivity	0.82	3, 33	-.02	.492
Total Picture	0.37	3, 22	-.08	.778
Total ST	2.96	3, 27	.16	.050 [†]
Total LT	0.44	3, 28	-.06	.725
Total PARMSS	0.44	3, 32	-.05	.729

Note: Full Sample *ns* ranged from 27-37. ST = short term; LT = long term.

^a Time 1 minus (-) Time 2 change scores.

[†] *p* < .07. **p* < .05

Paper: Zugic, K.E.; Teatero, M.L.; Phillips, M.; Oinonen, K.A. Short-Term Responsive Mating Intentions Increase with Estradiol and Testosterone across the Menstrual Cycle: Scale Development and an Observational Study. *Sexes* 2024, 5.