

Abstract

Spectroscopy Insight in the Nickel Catalyst State in Carbon Nanotube Growth inside Metallic Single-Walled Carbon Nanotubes [†]

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[†] Presented at the 3rd International Electronic Conference on Processes—Green and Sustainable Process Engineering and Process Systems Engineering (ECP 2024), 29–31 May 2024; Available online: <https://sciforum.net/event/ECP2024>.

Keywords: carbon nanotube; metallocene; growth; spectroscopy

The catalyst state in carbon nanotube growth is metal or metal carbide. It is important to investigate the chemical state of catalysts. The applications of carbon nanotubes (CNTs) require detailed investigations of the structures and properties of catalysts. A novel factor of this work is that the chemical and physical properties of nickel catalysts in the growth of single-walled carbon nanotubes (SWCNTs) inside metallic SWCNTs were investigated. The difference to other works is that metallicity-sorted metallic SWCNTs were used as templates. The growth of carbon nanotubes was monitored in the outer template metallic SWCNTs where metallocenes served as catalysts and sources of carbon. This system provided as best as possible control over the synthesis conditions, and the processes of metallocene catalyst decomposition and metal carbide/metal formation were traced by X-ray photoelectron spectroscopy (XPS). It was found that the positions of Ni 2p XPS were tracked after heating metallocene-filled metallic SWCNTs. All states of nickel were studied in detail with increasing annealing temperature. We found that chemical reactions of molecules, metal carbides, and metals occurred inside metallic SWCNTs upon heating. First, at low annealing temperatures, metastable nickel carbides were formed. Second, at higher annealing temperatures, nickel carbides were transitioned into metallic nickel. Third, at high annealing temperatures, nickel was removed from SWCNTs.

Supplementary Materials: The presentation materials can be downloaded at: <https://www.mdpi.com/article/10.3390/proceedings2024105010/s1>.

Funding: These studies were partly performed during the implementation of the project Building-up Centre for advanced materials application of the Slovak Academy of Sciences, ITMS project code 313021T081 supported by Research & Innovation Operational Programme funded by the ERDF.

Institutional Review Board Statement: Not applicable.

Informed Consent Statement: Not applicable.

Data Availability Statement: The data are available on request from the author.

Conflicts of Interest: The author declare no conflicts of interest.

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Citation: Kharlamova, M.V. Spectroscopy Insight in the Nickel Catalyst State in Carbon Nanotube Growth inside Metallic Single-Walled Carbon Nanotubes. *Proceedings* **2024**, *105*, 10. <https://doi.org/10.3390/proceedings2024105010>

Academic Editor: Wen-Jer Chang

Published: 28 May 2024



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