

Table S1. Nematode genera recorded in this study along with their cp categorization and their feeding type.

Genus	C-p class	Feeding type
<i>Bitylenchus</i>	3	Herbivore - ectoparasite
<i>Meloidogyne</i>	3	Herbivore - sedentary parasite
<i>Paratylenchus</i>	2	Herbivore - ectoparasite
<i>Pratylenchus</i>	3	Herbivore - migratory endoparasite
<i>Quinisulcius</i>	3	Herbivore - ectoparasite
<i>Tylenchus</i>	2	Herbivore - epidermal/root hair feeder
<i>Aphelenchoides</i>	2	Fungivore
<i>Aphelenchus</i>	2	Fungivore
<i>Ditylenchus</i>	2	Fungivore
<i>Acrobeles</i>	2	Bacterivore
<i>Acrobeloides</i>	2	Bacterivore
<i>Chiloplacus</i>	2	Bacterivore
<i>Diploscapter</i>	1	Bacterivore
<i>Drilocephalobus</i>	2	Bacterivore
<i>Heterocephalobus</i>	2	Bacterivore
<i>Mesorhabditis</i>	1	Bacterivore
<i>Panagrolaimus</i>	1	Bacterivore
<i>Plectus</i>	2	Bacterivore
<i>Rhabditis</i>	1	Bacterivore
<i>Aporcelaimellus</i>	5	Omnivore
<i>Thonus</i>	4	Omnivore
<i>Mesodorylaimus</i>	4	Omnivore
<i>Pungentus</i>	4	Omnivore

Table S2 (a,b). Mean values (\pm st. error) of Shannon and Simpson indices for every treatment (Ctrl: control; Ox: Oxamyl; Fur: Furfural and MWE: *M. azedarach* water extract) and results of ANOVA at (a) 3 days after last application (3 DAA) and (b) 34 days after last application (34 DAA). Different letters indicate significant differences among treatments based on Fisher's LSD post hoc test (*: p-value < 0.05; **: p-value < 0.01; ***: p-value < 0.001). For each treatment, n=5.

a)	Time	Treatment	Shannon	Simpson
	3DAA	Ctrl	1.76 \pm 0.16ab	0.76 \pm 0.03a
		Ox	1.41 \pm 0.16c	0.62 \pm 0.02c
		Fur	1.68 \pm 0.07b	0.69 \pm 0.04b
		MWE	1.83 \pm 0.05a	0.77 \pm 0.02a
	<i>p-value</i>		**	*

b)	Time	Treatment	Shannon	Simpson
	34DAA	Ctrl	1.67 \pm 0.04b	0.73 \pm 0.01b
		Ox	1.49 \pm 0.11c	0.68 \pm 0.04c
		Fur	1.70 \pm 0.16b	0.73 \pm 0.06b
		MWE	2.13 \pm 0.04a	0.85 \pm 0.01a
	<i>p-value</i>		***	**