Special Issue

Bees as a Tool for Agricultural Production

Message from the Guest Editor

Bees are a useful tool for agriculture, as they can enhance crop yield and value. Even self-fertile crops that apparently do not need bees, such as Arabica coffee, have increased and better-quality production when these pollinators are included. Incorporating bees as an agricultural input may require changes in pest control strategies; however, as increases in crop value become apparent, farmers will adjust and be willing to test alternative control measures. Additionally, decreased use of pesticides to protect the bees will decrease residues in food and lessen the effect of these agricultural chemicals on the environment. Paradoxically, grower manuals often neglect to include information about pollination as an agricultural input. even for crops for which there is considerable evidence of improved production, such as coffee, cotton, and, more recently, soybeans. Applied research that considers the costs and benefits of incorporating bee pollination into crop management has the potential to sustainably increase food production and quality with little added cost and, at the same time, protect the consumer and the environment.

Guest Editor

Prof. Dr. David De Jong

Genetics Department, Ribeirão Preto Medical School, University of São Paulo (FMRP/USP), Ribeirão Preto 14049-900, SP, Brazil

Deadline for manuscript submissions

closed (25 October 2024)



Agriculture

an Open Access Journal by MDPI

Impact Factor 3.3 CiteScore 4.9



mdpi.com/si/186046

Agriculture MDPI, Grosspeteranlage 5 4052 Basel, Switzerland Tel: +41 61 683 77 34 agriculture@mdpi.com

mdpi.com/journal/agriculture





Agriculture

an Open Access Journal by MDPI

Impact Factor 3.3 CiteScore 4.9



About the Journal

Message from the Editor-in-Chief

Agriculture (ISSN 2077-0472) is an international, crossdisciplinary and scholarly open access journal on the science and technology of crop and animal production, and management of the natural resource base for agricultural production. Agriculture is published in an open access format – research articles, reviews and other contents are released on the internet immediately after acceptance. The scientific community and the public have unlimited and free access to the content as soon as it is published.

Editor-in-Chief

Prof. Dr. Les Copeland

Sydney Institute of Agriculture, School of Life and Environmental Sciences, The University of Sydney, Sydney, NSW 2006, Australia

Author Benefits

Open Access:

free for readers, with article processing charges (APC) paid by authors or their institutions.

High Visibility:

indexed within Scopus, SCIE (Web of Science), PubAg, AGRIS, RePEc, and other databases.

Journal Rank:

JCR - Q1 (Agronomy) / CiteScore - Q1 (Plant Science)

