Special Issue

Influence of Population Exposure to Fluoride on Oral Health

Message from the Guest Editor

Population exposure to fluorides can be either beneficial or harmful to oral health. Therefore, its inclusion in both scientific and policy agendas driven by public health surveillance authorities around the world is paramount. A consistent body of epidemiological evidence has been produced on the relationship between fluoride, caries and dental fluorosis, in which adjusted or naturally fluoridated water is considered the main independent variable for these outcomes. Other methods of population exposure to fluoride (e.g., fluoridated salt, milk and dentifrice) and comparisons in areas with multiple fluoride sources have also been investigated. Investigating these population-based interventions as intersectoral public policies that depend on a virtuous arrangement of the political system; economic conditions and the health, sanitation, education and food systems of each country is a current and future task of health services and policy researchers in order to produce supporting information for spreading these upstream measures. This Special Issue seeks to focus on the above-mentioned topics.

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Addressing the environmental and public health challenges requires engagement and collaboration among clinicians and public health researchers. Discovery and advances in this research field play a critical role in providing a scientific basis for decision-making toward control and prevention of human diseases, especially the illnesses that are induced from environmental exposure to health hazards. *IJERPH* provides a forum for discussion of discoveries and knowledge in these multidisciplinary fields. Please consider publishing your research in this high quality, peer-reviewed, open access journal.

Editor-in-Chief

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