

Special Issue

Symmetry in Mathematical Models

Message from the Guest Editors

Symmetry represents agreement in dimensions due to proportionality and refers to a sense of harmonious proportionality and balance. In mathematics, symmetry has a precise definition, that an object is invariant to any of a variety of transformations, including reflection, rotation, or scaling. Symmetry is the property of a symmetrical figure in relation to a line (axis), point (center) or plane. Integers are said to be symmetric (palindromes) if they are read the same on both the left and right sides. Biosymmetry studies the symmetry of biostructures at the molecular and supramolecular level and allows the determination, in advance, of the possible variants of symmetry in biological objects, strictly describing the external form and internal structure of any organism. Only two main types of symmetry are known: rotational and translational, or there is a modification from the combination of these two basic types of symmetry rotational–translational symmetry.

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About the Journal

Message from the Editor-in-Chief

Symmetry is ultimately the most important concept in natural sciences. It is not surprising then that very basic and fundamental research achievements are related to symmetry. For instance, the Nobel Prize in Physics 1979 (Glashow, Salam, Weinberg) was received for a unified symmetry description of electromagnetic and weak interactions, while the Nobel Prize in Physics 2008 (Nambu, Kobayashi, Maskawa) was received for the discovery of the mechanism of spontaneous breaking of symmetry, including CP symmetry. Our journal is named *Symmetry* and it manifests its fundamental role in nature.

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